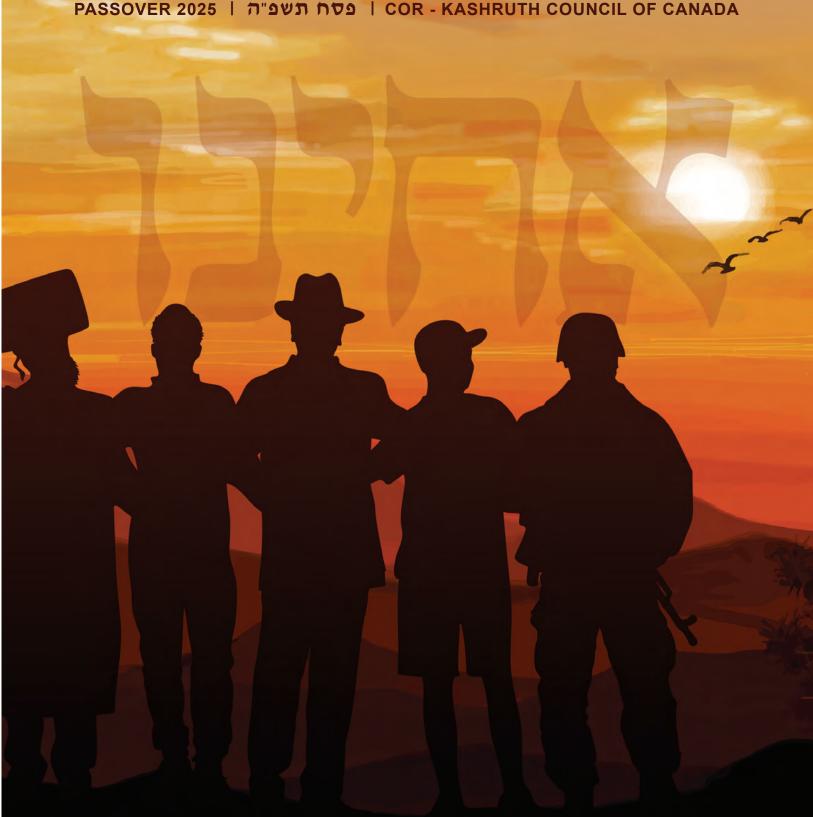


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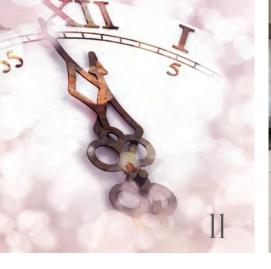
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As we approach the Yom Tov of Pesach, our thoughts naturally turn to themes of unity, responsibility, and mutual care - concepts embodied in this year's magazine theme, Acheinu - "our brethren". Just as we recall the story of yetzias mitzraim, where an enslaved people became a unified nation standing together at Har Sinai, we also reflect on the ways we, as a community, come together to care for one another.

The Seforim teach that every Jew is represented by a letter in the Sefer Torah. There are numerous laws that govern the kashrus of the letters in a Sefer Torah. No letter can be missing or incomplete. Each letter stands alone and may not encroach on the space of a neighbouring letter. At the same time, one letter may not be distant from its neighbour. This profound teaching reminds us of our interconnectedness and mutual responsibility. Just as each letter is integral and has its unique place, so too each individual in klal Yisroel uniquely contributes to the strength and beauty of our people. Furthermore, while we remain close and connected to each other, we must not overstep our boundaries. We must be careful not to intrude on the space of another.

Pesach is the time we declare, "All who are hungry, let them come and eat." This invitation at the *Seder* encapsulates the

A MESSAGE FROM Rabbi Yacov Felder

Jewish value of *chesed*, kindness, and enabling them to thrive. communal responsibility. But beyond words, we are reminded that this At COR, we are privileged to play a part mandate is one we must live every have so many organizations dedicated to helping those in need – whether by or emotional support. organizations ensure that no Jew is left

We are tasked with uplifting those around us - not simply alleviating their struggles but enabling them to thrive.

Our Torah emphasizes the importance of caring for others. The Rambam, in Hilchos Matnos Aniyim, writes that the highest level of charity is empowering someone to stand on their own, whether through providing resources or opportunities. This idea mirrors the message of Pesach. Just as Hashem of Moshiach speedily in our days. lifted us from the depths of mitzraim, not merely freeing us but transforming us into His people, so too we are tasked with uplifting those around us - not simply alleviating their struggles but

in this mission. Pesach preparations day. In Toronto, we are privileged to require extraordinary dedication, and I want to take this opportunity to recognize the incredible work of our providing food, financial assistance, COR family. To our mashgichim who ensure the kashrus of our food; to the administrative staff who coordinate the behind, and they exemplify the essence logistics; to our Rabbonim who uphold the *halachic* integrity of everything we do; and the lay leaders who give of their time and resources - you are the unsung heroes of our community. Preparing for Pesach is no simple task, but your work ensures that every family can celebrate this Yom Tov with the peace of mind that comes from knowing their observance is mehadrin min hamehadrin.

> Pesach, with its meticulous preparations, can sometimes feel overwhelming. Yet, it is precisely this attention to detail that transforms the Yom Tov into an expression of love for Hashem, for our families, and for our people. The cleaning, the kashering, and the cooking are not just tasks; they are acts of devotion that connect us to Hashem, to generations past and to the broader tapestry of Acheinu - our brethren.

May this Pesach bring us closer together as a community, inspire us to redouble our efforts in caring for one another, and deepen our connection to Hashem and His Torah. Just as we recount the miracles of the Exodus, may we merit to see miracles in our time - personal, communal, and national, in Eretz Yisroel and around the globe - with the coming

Wishing you a chag kasher v'sameach,

78न्द्र और GBLF&C Rabbi Yacov S. Felder



A MESSAGE FROM Mr. Moshe Sigler

Dear Community Members,

As we approach Pesach, it is an opportune time to reflect on the year gone by and acknowledge the remarkable resilience, strength and unity that have defined our people through the year and throughout And we are not alone in this effort. We the generations.

The Jewish community worldwide has faced many challenges-both external and internal—but through it all, we have continued to persevere and grow. From the hardships of the past, to those who threaten our safety today, we have witnessed the courage of individuals and communities standing steadfast in their commitment to our faith, our traditions and our shared values.

In Canada, we are fortunate to live in a land of freedom, allowing us to express our heritage with pride. But we must recognize that our unity is-and always has been-our greatest strength. In this respect, I am reminded of how the very food we eat connects us. Kosher certification is not symbol of our dedication to Jewish values, everyone in the community.

our deep respect for the laws of our Torah and our responsibility to one another. In every meal, in every act of kindness, in every prayer, we affirm that we are united

are joined by many other organizations,

We must recognize that our unity is and always has been - our greatest strength.

some profiled here, that help to make Toronto the vibrant community that we enjoy today. Our success is not simply in what we accomplish ourselves, but in merely about the food on our tables-it is a the strength of the collective efforts of



As we look to the future, let us continue to build bridges within our community and with those around us. Let us deepen our connections, supporting one another in our joys and in our struggles. May we always remember that unity is our strength, and that, through each challenge we face, we are never alone.

Wishing you all a year of health, happiness, and continued success.

Warm regards, Moshe Sigler



	SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	MARCH 30 X	MARCH 31	APRIL 1 🕽	APRIL 2 T	APRIL 3	APRIL 4	APRIL 5 T
さんする 一名 を取り こうこうこう でき	APRIL 6	APRIL 7 U	APRIL 8	APRIL 9 入 り	APRIL 10 Taanit Bechorot Bedikat Chametz	APRIL 11 21 Sreifat Chametz	APRIL 12 Ti Shabbat HaGadol Erev Pesach 1st Seder Night
では、一大は、一切 一十八日	APRIL 13 10 Pesach 1st Day	APRIL 14 TU Pesach 2nd Day	APRIL 15 (7) Chol Hamoed	APRIL 16 \(\bigcap\)	APRIL 17 U1	APRIL 18 Chol Hamoed	Pesach 7th Day
S. 4553	2nd Seder Night	Sefira 1	Sefira 2	Sefira 3	Sefira 4	Sefira 5	Sefira 6
STREET STREET STREET,	Pesach 8th Day Yizkor Sefira 7	APRIL 21 🕽	APRIL 22 T) Sefira 9	APRIL 23 ADS	APRIL 24 13 Sefira 11	APRIL 25 73 Sefira 12	APRIL 26 NO
THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE	APRIL 27 U O Sefira 14	APRIL 28 5 Sefira 15					



		TORONTO	CALGARY	EDMONTON	HALIFAX	MONTREAL	OTTAWA	VANCOUVER	WINNIPEG
THURSDAY, APRIL 10	Taanit Bechorot Bedikat Chametz (in evening)								
	Chametz Should Be Burned By	12:00 PM	12:17 PM	12:14 PM	11:57 AM	11:36 AM	11:45 AM	11:54 AM	12:10 PM 7:58 PM 8:16 PM 10:49 AM 12:09 PM 8:19 PM 9:09 PM 1:28 AM 8:20 PM 9:11 PM 1:29 AM 8:22 PM 9:13 PM 8:09 PM
FRIDAY, APRIL 11 Erev Shabbat	Candle Lighting	7:38 PM	8:08 PM	8:10 PM	7:36 PM	7:17 PM	7:26 PM	7:41 PM	7:58 PM
	Shkia	7:56 PM	8:26 PM	8:28 PM	7:54 PM	7:35 PM	7:44 PM	7:59 PM	8:16 PM
	Latest Time To Eat Chametz	10:41 AM	10:56 AM	10:52 AM	10:38 AM	10:17 AM	10:26 AM	10:33 AM	10:49 AM
SHABBAT, APRIL 12	Chametz Disposed & Kol Chamira Said Before	12:00 PM	12:17 PM	12:14 PM	11:56 AM	11:36 AM	11:44 AM	11:53 AM	7:41 PM 7:58 PM 7:59 PM 8:16 PM 10:33 AM 10:49 AM 11:53 AM 12:09 PM 8:02 PM 8:19 PM 8:52 PM 9:09 PM 1:12 AM 1:28 AM 8:03 PM 8:20 PM 8:53 PM 9:11 PM 1:13 AM 1:29 AM 8:05 PM 8:22 PM 8:55 PM 9:13 PM
Erev Pesach / 1st Seder Night	Shkia	7:58 PM	8:28 PM	8:31 PM	7:56 PM	7:37 PM	7:46 PM	8:02 PM	
rot ocuci rugiti	Seder Preparations & Candle Lighting After	8:43 PM	9:21 PM	9:27 PM	8:42 PM	8:22 PM	8:32 PM	8:52 PM	
	Chatzot	1:17 AM	1:36 AM	1:34 AM	1:14 AM	12:54 AM	1:03 AM	1:12 AM	
SUNDAY, APRIL 13	Shkia	8:00 PM	8:30 PM	8:33 PM	7:58 PM	7:39 PM	7:47 PM	8:03 PM	8:20 PM
1st Day of Pesach / 2nd Seder Night	Seder Preparations & Candle Lighting After	8:45 PM	9:22 PM	9:29 PM	8:43 PM	8:24 PM	8:33 PM	8:53 PM	9:11 PM
	Chatzot	1:18 AM	1:37 AM	1:35 AM	1:15 AM	12:55 AM	1:03 AM	1:13 AM	7:58 PM 8:16 PM 10:49 AM 12:09 PM 8:19 PM 9:09 PM 1:28 AM 8:20 PM 9:11 PM 1:29 AM 8:22 PM 9:13 PM 8:09 PM 8:27 PM 8:30 PM 9:22 PM
MONDAY, APRIL 14	Shkia	8:01 PM	8:32 PM	8:34 PM	7:59 PM	7:40 PM	7:48 PM	8:05 PM	
2nd Day of Pesach	Yom Tov Ends	8:46 PM	9:25 PM	9:31 PM	8:44 PM	8:25 PM	8:35 PM	8:55 PM	
FRIDAY, APRIL 18 Erev Shabbat & Yom Tov/	Candle Lighting	7:47 PM	8:19 PM	8:23 PM	7:45 PM	7:26 PM	7:35 PM	7:52 PM	8:09 PM
7th Night of Pesach	Shkia	8:05 PM	8:37 PM	8:41 PM	8:03 PM	7:44 PM	7:53 PM	8:10 PM	8:27 PM
SHABBAT, APRIL 19	Shkia	8:06 PM	8:40 PM	8:44 PM	8:05 PM	7:46 PM	7:55 PM	8:12 PM	8:30 PM
7th Day of Pesach/ 8th Night of Pesach	Candle Lighting After	8:51 PM	9:34 PM	9:42 PM	8:51 PM	8:31 PM	8:42 PM	9:04 PM	9:22 PM
SUNDAY, APRIL 20	Shkia	8:08 PM	8:42 PM	8:45 PM	8:06 PM	7:48 PM	7:56 PM	8:14 PM	8:19 PM 9:09 PM 1:28 AM 8:20 PM 9:11 PM 1:29 AM 8:22 PM 9:13 PM 8:09 PM 8:27 PM 8:30 PM 9:22 PM
8th Day of Pesach	Yom Tov Ends	8:53 PM	9:36 PM	9:44 PM	8:53 PM	8:33 PM	8:43 PM	9:05 PM	9:24 PM

Passover establishments & services

AIRLINE MEALS

You must request Kosher-for-Passover meals in advance from your travel agent or the airline. Meals prepared for Passover are specially sealed and stamped "Kosher l'Pesach".

BAKERIES

Hermes Bakery	416.787.1234
Isaacs/KCP Bakery	416.854.7312
Kosher City Plus Bakery	416.782.6788
Lollicakes	416.482.2253

BUTCHER SHOPS

Savours Gourmet	416.663.7779
Real Canadian Superstore (Gerry Fitzgera	ld) 416.665.3209
Olive Branch	905.886.0255
Sobeys (Clark)	905.764.3770
Toronto Kosher	416.633.9642
Nu Age Organic Chicken & Meat Online	www.nuagefish.com

CATERERS & TAKE-OUT FOODS

Apex Kosher Catering	416.901.5044
Beyond Delish	
Ely's Fine Foods	
Greg's Delights	
Savours Gourmet	
koshertrends by mona pasternak	416.665.6662
La Briut Kosher Catering	647.800.2229
Lechaim Catering	416.650.5440
Mitzuyan Kosher Catering	416.419.5260
Olive Branch	905.886.0255
PRC Caterers	416.787.9889
Real Canadian Superstore (Gerry Fitzgerald)	416.665.3209
Sobeys (Clark)	905.764.3770
The Kosher Gourmet	416.781.9900
Toronto Kosher	416.633.9642
Two13 Kosher Food Design	647.334.4213
Yours Truly Meat Co	416.663.7779

FISH MARKETS

Friedmans Fresh Fish	416.782.6056
Nu Age Fish	416.663.FISH
Nu Age Fish Online	www.nuagefish.com
Olive Branch	905.886.0255
Sobeys (Clark)	905.764.3770

KOSHER FOOD & NOVELTY STORES

Baskets n Stuf	416.250.9116
Candy Catchers	647.617.7352
Chocolate Charm	416.787.4256
Savours Gourmet	416.663.7779
Kosher N Natural The Candy Man	416.789.7173
Kosher City Plus	416.782.6788
Kosher Food Warehouse Onlinekf	w@dani-toronto.com
Savours Fresh Market	416.646.2277
The Chocolate Moose	416.784.9092
The Inside Scoop	416.768.6225

PUBLIC/PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS

(Cholov Yisroel Ice Cream By Special Order Only Before Passover)

Kitchens of the institutions listed below have been prepared for Passover by COR.

- Baycrest Centre for Geriatric Care
- Baycrest Terrace
- Bernard Betel Centre Providing the Second Seder Sunday April 13/2025 @5:00pm - 416.225.2112 Ext 0
- Bikur Cholim
- Aspira Kensington Place Retirement Residence
- One Kenton Place

WINES

Wine certified by recognized rabbinic authorities are permissible. The label must indicate that the bottle has been prepared "Kosher l'Pesach".

Grafstein Wines	416.256.0440
Simcha Wine Corp	905.761.9022









HALACHIC **CONSULTATION & DOCUMENTATION**

Does your business operate on Shabbos?

Do you invest in real estate, syndications, or lend money?

Do you own a nursing home, development or property management company?

Such businesses often involve Shabbos, kashrus, and ribbis issues.

The Rabbanim of H.I.T. have helped many businesses like yours in a practical, efficient manner.

"I have been in business for many years and trying to follow halacha with intricate business questions can be difficult. Over the years I have consulted with many rabbonim, spending hours explaining the nuances of the business question, however since HIT started servicing our community I have found working with them a pleasure. They are knowledgeable and most important very responsive. Whether it's a Shabbos question, heter iska or a more complicated contract law issue, they were able to help me. Most recently a ribbis issue came up at the last minute and Rabbi Rothbart was able to advise me of both a halachically acceptable solution and how to present it to the other side. Thank you HIT and your dedicated rabbonim. Tizku Lemitzvos!" - S.R.

"Our business recently developed a new program, involving unusual financial transactions and obscure investment models." There were clear halachic implications related to ribbis, which we brought to the Halacha Institute of Toronto. The rabbanim took the time to understand the process and plan, which gave them the tools to make recommendations for the structure to be in compliance with the dinim." – T.H.

For more information: 416.535.8008 • info@halachainstitute.com













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PRODUCT GUIDE









Alcoholic Beverages	Requires Passover certification	
Almond Milk	Requires Passover certification	
ALMONDS		
• In shell	No certification required (year-round including Passover)	
Shelled without BHT and BHA and NOT blanched or roasted	No certification required (year-round including Passover)	
Apple Juice	Requires Passover certification	
Apple Sauce	Requires Passover certification	
Artificial Sweeteners	see Sugar substitute	
Baby Food	Requires Passover certification	
Baby Formula	The following baby formulas are produced in chametz-free facilities and are acceptable when bearing the OU. They are kitniyot and should be prepared with designated utensils. Enfamil Enfapro Isomil Kirkland Signature Life Brand Nestle Good Start Next Step Parent's Choice President's Choice Similac	
Baking Powder	Requires Passover certification	
Baking Soda	No certification required (year-round including Passover)	
Buckwheat	Kitniyot * (see note above)	
Butter	Requires Passover certification	
Canola Oil	Kitniyot * (see note above)	
CARROTS		
Frozen or canned carrots	Requires Passover certification	
Baby or raw carrots	No certification required (year-round including Passover)	
Cheese (hard & soft)	Requires Passover certification	
Chicken	see Poultry	
Chickpeas	Kitniyot * (see note above)	
Club Soda	Requires Passover certification	
Cocoa Powder	Requires Passover certification	
Coconut Oil	Requires Passover certification	

COCONUT, SHREDDED	
Sweetened and/or toasted	Requires Passover certification
• Unsweetened	No certification required (year-round including Passover)
COFFEE	
Regular beans - whole or ground	No certification required (year-round including Passover)
• Regular instant	Requires Passover certification
All decaf - beans or instant	Requires Passover certification
All flavoured - beans, instant, or decaf	Requires Passover certification
• Folger's instant - regular and decaf, NOT flavoured	No certification required (year-round including Passover)
Maxwell House instant - regular and decaf, NOT flavoured	Certified (year-round including Passover)
Taster's Choice instant - regular, NOT decaf or flavoured	No certification required (year-round including Passover)
Whitener/non-dairy creamer	Requires Passover certification
Cola	See soft drinks
Cooking Oil Spray	Requires Passover certification
Corn	Kitniyot * (see note on the following page)
Cottonseed Oil	Requires Passover certification
Dates	Requires Passover certification
Dessert Gels and Puddings	Requires Passover certification
Edamame	Kitniyot * (see note on the following page)
Eggs	No certification required (year-round including Passover)
Eggs, Liquid	Requires Passover certification
Eggs, Peeled	Requires Passover certification
FISH	
Fresh with no added ingredients besides salt	No Passover certification required
All other varieties	Requires Passover certification
• Tuna Fish, canned	Requires Passover certification
SALMON	
• Fresh	No Passover certification required
Smoked, Lox	Requires Passover certification
• Canned	Requires Passover certification
• Frozen	Requires Passover certification
Kirkland Atlantic Farm Raised Frozen Salmon	Acceptable as-is for Passover
Kirkland Wild Frozen Salmon	Acceptable as-is for Passover
Food Colouring	Requires Passover certification
Fruit Juice	Requires Passover certification
FRUITS	
• Canned	Requires Passover certification
 Frozen unsweetened, without additives (i.e. syrup, citric acid, ascorbic acid, vitamin C) 	No certification required (year-round including Passover)
• Dried	Requires Passover certification
GARLIC	
• Fresh	No certification required (year-round including Passover)
• Peeled	Requires Passover certification

Ginger Ale	See Soft Drinks
Grape Juice	Requires Passover certification
Grapeseed Oil	Requires Passover certification
Green Beans	Kitniyot * (see note below)
Gum	Requires Passover certification
HAZELNUTS (FILBERTS)	
• In shell	No certification required (year-round including Passover)
Shelled without BHT and BHA AND NOT blanched or roasted	No certification required (year-round including Passover)
Honey	Requires Passover certification
HORSERADISH	
• Prepared	Requires Passover certification
• Raw	No certification required (year-round including Passover)
Ice, bagged	No certification required (year-round including Passover)
Ice Cream, Sherbert, etc.	Requires Passover certification
Jam, Jelly, Preserves	Requires Passover certification
Kasha	Kitniyot * (see note below)
Ketchup	Requires Passover certification
Lactaid	See Milk
Lemon juice	Requires Passover certification
Lemon juice: ReaLemon Lemon Juice	Certified by the OU is acceptable without Passover certification
Lentils	Kitniyot * (see note below)
Lime Juice	Requires Passover certification
Lime Juice: ReaLime Lime Juice	Certified by the OU is acceptable without Passover certification
Maple Syrup	Requires Passover certification
Margarine	Requires Passover certification
Matzah	Requires Passover certification
Mayonnaise	Requires Passover certification
MEAT	
All cooked and/or processed	Requires Passover certification
All raw unprocessed meat from Shefa and Mehadrin	Kosher for Passover year-round even without Passover certification
MILK	
• Milk	Preferable with Passover certification
	If certified milk is unavailable, purchase regular milk before Passover
Lactaid milk	If needed, purchase before Passover
Lactaid caplets, drops, tablets	May contain Chametz











• Canned	Paguiros Dangovar cartification
	Requires Passover certification
Fresh, dried, pre-sliced	No certification required (year-round including Passover)
Mustard	Kitniyot * (see note on the following page)
Nuts	See specific nut type: almonds, hazelnuts, peanuts, pecans, walnut
Oil	See specific oil type: canola oil, coconut oil, cooking oil spray, cottonseed oil, grapeseed oil, olive oil, safflower oil, vegetable oil
OLIVE OIL	
• Extra virgin	No passover certification required
All other including pure, and extra light	Requires Passover certification
ORANGE JUICE	
• Fresh	Requires Passover certification
 Frozen concentrate, grade A 100% pure without additives or enrichments (e.g. calcium) 	No certification required (year-round including Passover)
Peanuts	Kitniyot * (see note on the following page)
Peas	Kitniyot * (see note on the following page)
PECANS	
• In shell	No certification required (year-round including Passover)
• Shelled	Requires Passover certification
Pickles	Requires Passover certification
Pineapple, canned	Requires Passover certification
Pop	See Soft Drinks
Popcorn	Kitniyot * (see note on the following page)
Poppy Seeds	Kitniyot * (see note on the following page)
Potato Chips	Requires Passover certification
POULTRY	
All cooked and/or processed	Requires Passover certification
All raw unprocessed poultry from Marvid and Premier	Kosher for Passover year-round even without Passover certification
Prunes	Requires Passover certification
Quinoa	There are differing opinions as to the kitniyot status of quinoa. Ask your rabbi for direction.
Raisins	Requires Passover certification
Rice	Kitniyot * (see note on the following page)
Rice Milk	Kitniyot and may contain chametz
Safflower Oil	There are differing opinions as to the kitniyot status of safflower oil. Ask your rabbi for direction.
Salad, bagged	Requires Passover certification
Salmon	See Fish
SALT	
• lodized	Requires Passover certification
Non-iodized	No certification required (year-round including Passover)
Seltzer	Requires Passover certification
Sesame Seeds	Kitniyot * (see note on the following page)
Snow Peas	Kitniyot * (see note on the following page)

Soda Stream Canister	No certification required (year-round including Passover)		
Soft Drinks (i.e. Carbonated Drinks)	Requires Passover certification		
Soy Milk	Kitniyot and may contain chametz		
Soybeans	Kitniyot * (see note below)		
Spices	Requires Passover certification		
SUGAR			
White Granulated (i.e. 2KG bags, industrial bags)	No certification required		
Redpath White Sugar and Lantic White Sugar are acceptable for Passover and do not require Passover certification. All varieties of Redpath brown sugar and all varieties of Lantic brown sugar are acceptable for Passover and do not require Passover certification			
• Redpath Cubes	No passover certification required		
• Redpath Dark and Light Brown Sugar	No passover certification required		
Redpath Demerara	No passover certification required		
Redpath Golden and Light Yellow Sugar	No passover certification required		
• Redpath Packets	No passover certification required		
• Lantic Dark and Light Brown Sugar	No passover certification required		
Brown Sugar	Requires Passover certification		
Confectioners Sugar	Requires Passover certification		
Sugar substitute, artificial sweeteners	Requires Passover certification		
Sunflower Seeds	Kitniyot * (see note below)		
Sweeteners	See Sugar Substitute		
TEA			
Instant, decaffeinated, flavoured, and herbal	Requires Passover certification		
Pure black, green, and white (leaves or bags)	No certification required (year-round including Passover)		
Tofu	Kitniyot * (see note below)		
Tuna	See Fish		
Turkey	See Poultry		
Vegetable Oil	Requires Passover certification		
Vegetables, canned or frozen	Requires Passover certification		
Vinegar	Requires Passover certification		
Vitamins	Requires Passover certification		
WALNUTS			
• In shell	No certification required (year-round including Passover)		
Shelled without BHT and BHA AND NOT blanched or roasted	No certification required (year-round including Passover)		
Wild Rice	Kitniyot * (see note below)		
Wine	Requires Passover certification		
Yogurt	Requires Passover certification		











non-edible products





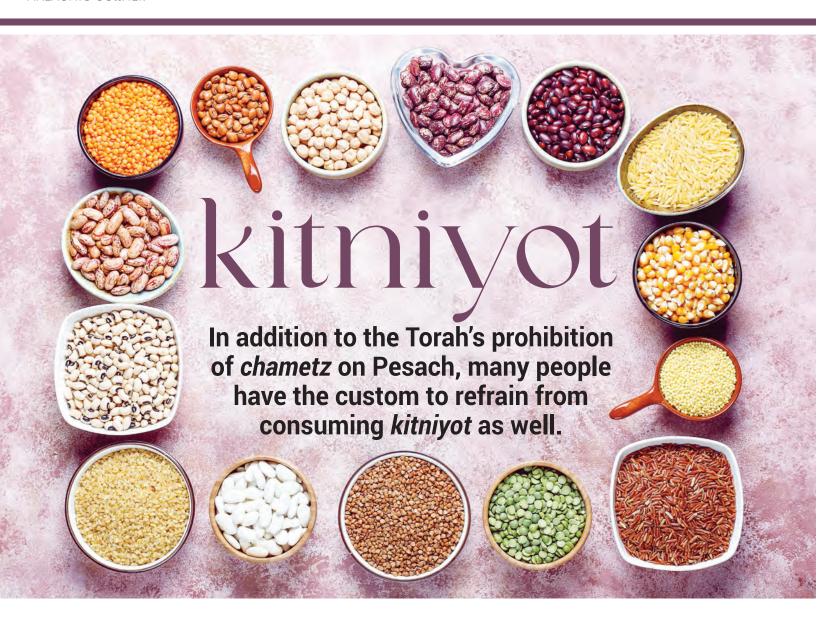




Alcohol (Isopropyl)	No certification required
All-Purpose Cleaner	No certification required
Aluminum Pans & Foil	No certification required
Ammonia	No certification required
Baby Oil	No certification required
Baby Ointment	No certification required
Baby Powder	No certification required
Baby Wipes Without Alcohol	No certification required
Balloons Without Powder	No certification required
Bathroom Cleaner	No certification required
Bleach	No certification required
Blush	No certification required
Carpet Cleaner	No certification required
Charcoal	No certification required
Coffee Filters	No certification required
Contact Lens Solution	No certification required
Contact Paper	No certification required
Cream, Topical	No certification required
Crock Pot Liners	No certification required
Cupcake Liners	No certification required
Dental Floss (including waxed), Unflavoured	No certification required
Deodorant, Spray	Should not have chametz-derived alcohol
Deodorant, Stick	No certification required
Dish Soap, Liquid & Powder	No certification required
Drain/Pipe Opener	No certification required
Dry Shampoo	Should not have chametz-derived alcohol
Eye Shadow	No certification required
Eyeliner	No certification required
Fabric Protector	No certification required
Fabric Softener	No certification required
Floor Cleaner	No certification required
Foundation	No certification required
Furniture Polish	No certification required

Glass Cleaner	No certification required		
Gloves, Disposable Without Powder	No certification required		
Hairspray	Should not have chametz-derived alcohol		
Hydrogen Peroxide	No certification required		
Insecticide, Sprays	No certification required		
Insecticide, Traps	Some baits contain chametz		
Jewellery Polish	No certification required		
Laundry Detergent	No certification required		
Lipstick & Lip Gloss	Should be chametz-free		
Lotion	No certification required		
Mascara	No certification required		
Mineral Oil	No certification required		
Moisturizer & Hand Cream	No certification required		
Mouthwash	Should be chametz-free		
Murphy Oil	No certification required		
Nail Polish Remover	Should not have chametz-derived alcohol		
Napkins	No certification required		
Ointment	No certification required		
Oven Cleaner	No certification required		
Paper Cups	No certification required		
Paper Plates, Coated	No certification required		
Paper Plates, Non-Coated	No certification required, not recommended for hot and/or moist foods		
Note: Some non-coated paper plates contain corn starch. There unless they have Passover certification.	fore, it is not recommended to use for hot or moist foods		
Paper Towels	No certification required, avoid direct food contact with the first few and last few sheets		
Parchment Paper	Requires year-round certification		
Perfume & Cologne	Should not have chametz-derived alcohol		
Plastic Cups, Plates & Cutlery	No certification required		
Plastic Wrap	No certification required		
Play Dough	Chametz		
Shampoo	No certification required		
Shoe Polish	No certification required		
Silver/Metal Polish	No certification required		
Soap, Bar & Liquid	No certification required		
Styrofoam Cups & Plates	No certification required		
Toothpaste	Should be chametz-free		
Toothpicks Without Colour	No certification required		
Vaseline/Petroleum Jelly	No certification required		
Wax Paper	No certification required		

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ORIGINS

The earliest literature regarding kitniyot dates back over 700 years. The Smak, Rabbi Yitzchak of Korbol, who lived in the 13th century, writes about the custom of kitniyot that had already been practiced for many generations.

PERSPECTIVE

In order to appreciate the custom of kitniyot, let us first make an observation about the nature of the prohibition of chametz on Pesach.

Among the foods that the Torah has forbidden, there is a wide range of rules and regulations. Some foods are only forbidden to be eaten (i.e. typical non-kosher); monetary and physical benefit is additionally restricted from others (i.e. milk and meat mixtures, and *orlah* - fruits from a tree that is not vet three years old). The penalty for violation and the rules of nullification vary from item to item.

The prohibition of *chametz* is unique in its broad applications

and severity of violation. Chametz has the strictest restrictions of all forbidden foods in the Torah. Besides the prohibition of eating and benefiting from chametz, one is forbidden to own it as well. Many times, even a small drop of chametz that gets mixed into an otherwise non-chametz food would forbid the entire mixture. The punishment of karet (spiritual excision) for consuming chametz is the most severe penalty that the Torah gives for forbidden food.

With this in mind, we can appreciate that halacha has a heightened cautiousness towards chametz and why extra safeguards have been set in place to avoid *chametz*. (In addition, since chametz is permitted throughout the year, mistakes are more likely.)

The custom of kitniyot is a well-known example of an instituted

The classic kitniyot products are rice, buckwheat, millet, beans, lentils, chickpeas, and mustard seed. Even though kitniyot

products are not chametz, Chazal were worried that if we allow their consumption, actual chametz might be consumed as well. One concern is the realistic possibility that wheat or barley kernels, which are similar to kitniyot kernels, might be inadvertently mixed into the kitniyot, thereby cooking chametz with the kitnivot. Another concern was that, since one can grind kitniyot into flour and bake or cook them into items that resemble actual chametz, the uninitiated observer might assume that chametz products are permissible. Also, the harvesting and processing of kitniyot is done in a similar way to chametz grains, and again, that might lead to confusion. In order to prevent the grave sin of eating *chametz*, the custom of *kitniyot* was enacted.

TO WHOM DOES THE CUSTOM APPLY?

As the *halachic* nature of customs dictates, only those communities which have adopted the custom of kitniyot are bound by it. The Ashkenazi communities of that time certainly accepted this custom, while generally the Sephardic communities did not.

It is interesting that even within the Sephardic communities there are those who observe this custom to avoid kitniyot to some extent. Many members of the Moroccan communities avoid kitniyot and some Iraqis don't eat rice. (There is a Persian custom not to eat chickpeas. The reason is not based on what is mentioned above, but for a different reason entirely. Chummus is a chickpea product, and since "chummus" sounds like "chametz", that community had a tradition to avoid chickpeas on Pesach.)

Although kitniyot has the halachic status of a custom, its observance is in no way optional. There are two types of customs: instituted customs and developed customs. Examples of developed customs include eating fried foods on Chanukah and hamantashen on Purim. These customs developed as their practices relate to the holidays. We cherish these customs, but there is no requirement to practice them. An instituted custom, on the other hand, once it has been accepted and practiced, has a similar status to a binding law. If one is of Ashkenazi descent, they are bound to adhere to the custom of refraining from eating kitniyot.

TYPES OF ITEMS INCLUDED

The original *kitniyot* products are rice, buckwheat, millet, beans, lentils, chickpeas, and mustard seed. As new products were introduced and discovered, their kitniyot status needed to be discussed. We find literature in regard to the *kitnivot* status of peas. corn, peanuts, quinoa, and others as well. Since there are many factors to consider, it is apparent that only a rabbinic authority can decide what is and what is not included in the custom.

LENIENCIES

Although *kitniyot* was prohibited out of a concern that it would be confused with *chametz*, *kitniyot* does not share the same strict applications of actual *chametz*. The custom was only enacted to forbid eating kitniyot. One is permitted to own, use, and benefit from kitniyot. Therefore, kitniyot products do not have to be sold with the *chametz*, and pet food containing *kitniyot* may be used. The laws of nullification are relaxed as well. In addition, when necessary, sick and elderly people may consume kitniyot products. Someone suffering discomfort may take medication





COMMON KITNIYOT ITEMS

Buckwheat Peas Mustard

Beans Peanuts

Canola Oil Poppy Seeds Chickpeas Rice

Corn Sesame Seeds Edamame Snow Peas

Green Beans Soy Beans **Lentils String Beans** Sunflower Seeds

that has kitniyot ingredients, and a baby may be fed formula that has *kitniyot* ingredients.

Pesach is a holiday in which we cherish our heritage and our link back to the earlier generations. Adhering to one's traditions in regard to kitniyot is a great demonstration of this appreciation.



PLEASANT TASTING MEDICINE

Liquid medicines and chewable pills, which are flavoured to give a pleasant taste, have the same halachic status as regular food even though they are only being taken for their medicinal benefits.

If these medications contain *chametz*, they are forbidden to be ingested on Pesach. In a situation where the patient is seriously ill (choleh sheyaish bo sakana), a rabbi should be consulted.

BITTER TASTING MEDICINE

Pills which are bitter are permitted for someone who is ill even if the pills contain chametz. (If a pill has a thin, sweet flavoured coating, but the actual pill is bitter, the pill may be permitted as long as the coating is chametz-free.) This leniency is based on the principle that the pill is being eaten in an abnormal way, shlo k'derech achila, and is limited to one who is ill. Someone who is suffering only slight discomfort should not take pills that contain chametz. In addition, even if someone is ill, the halacha clearly states (Rama Y"D 155:3) that one may not take a pill that contains chametz if there is a chametz-free alternative.

VITAMINS AND SUPPLEMENTS

Since the allowance for taking medicines that contain chametz is limited to someone who is ill, it is forbidden to electively take vitamins or food supplements unless it is determined that they do not contain chametz.

Medicine containing kitniyot is permitted for someone who feels ill.

REMEMBER

- taking medications that have been prescribed to them without consulting their doctor and rabbi.
- Medication which tastes bitter when chewed is permitted. However, one should not take a pill that contains chametz if there is a chametzfree alternative.
- should not be used.
- chametz should not be used.
- Medicine containing kitniyot is permitted for someone who feels ill.
- reasons should be used in separate utensils.
- The above guidelines do not address the question of consuming medicines on Shabbat or Yom Tov.

- **IMPORTANT:** No one should discontinue or avoid
- Liquid and chewable medications as well as coatings of medications that contain *chametz*
- Vitamins and food supplements that contain
- Products that are only permitted for medical

chametz-free medication

The following is a list of basic over-the-counter products that are chametz-free but may contain kitniyot. The list does not verify the general kashrut of the medications. Items must be in the exact form as shown and exactly as named.

ALLERGY AND COLD & COUGH RELIEF

- Advil Cold & Flu
- Advil Cold & Sinus Plus
- Advil Cold & Sinus Nighttime
- Aerius
- Allegra 12 Hour 60 mg tablet
- Allegra 24 Hour 120 mg tablet
- Allegra-D
- Benadryl Liquid Elixir
- Benadryl Allergy Caplets
- Benadryl Extra Strength Nighttime
- Benylin Cold and Sinus Plus Tablets
- Benylin Cold and Sinus Day/Night
- Claritin Allergy+Sinus Tablet
- Claritin Allergy+Sinus Extra Strength
- Claritin Kids Syrup
- · Coricidin HBP Antihistamine Cough & Cold
- Reactine Tablets
- Reactine Allergy & Sinus
- Sudafed Sinus Advance
- Sudafed Head Cold + Sinus Extra Strength

ANALGESICS/PAIN RELIEF

- Advil Tablets/Caplets
- Advil Extra Strength Caplets
- Advil Muscle & Joint
- Advil Pediatric Drops (all flavours)
- Advil Children's Liquid (all flavours)
- Advil Junior Strength Swallow Tablets (NOT chewables)

- Aleve Caplets
- Anacin
- Aspirin Regular Strength Tablets/ Caplets
- Aspirin Extra Strength Tablets
- Aspirin Stomach Guard Extra
- Aspirin Stomach Guard Regular Strength
- Genexa Suspensions
- Midol PMS Complete
- Midol Menstrual Complete
- Midol Teen Complete
- Motrin IB Regular Strength
- Motrin IB Extra Strength
- Motrin IB Super Strength
- Motrin Suspensions and Concentrated Drops
- Tylenol Regular Strength Caplets/ Tablets
- Tylenol Extra Strength Caplets
- Tylenol Childrens/Infants DYE FREE liquid (all flavours)

ANTACIDS

- Alka-Seltzer
- Pepcid AC
- Pepcid AC Maximum Strength
- Pepcid Tablets
- Zantac

ANTI-DIARRHEA

- Imodium Caplets
- Pepto-Bismol Liquid
- · Pepto-Bismol Liquid Extra Strength

ANTI-NAUSEA

- Gravol Easy To Swallow Tablets
- Gravol Ginger Tablets

LAXATIVES

- Metamucil Original Coarse Powder (non-kitniyot) (also acceptable with non-medicinal Ingredient: sucrose)
- · Life Brand Clearly Fibre
- Life Brand Original Texture Fibre Laxative
- RestoraLAX
- Phillips' Milk of Magnesia Original
- Senokot Tablets
- Senokot•S

PRENATAL VITAMINS

- PreaVit
- PreqVit Folic 5









personal care products AND COSMETICS

Personal care products and cosmetics are generally considered "totally inedible" (aino raooi le'achilas kelev) and, therefore, according to the letter of the law, personal care products are permitted for use even if they contain chametz. However, in the categories discussed below, it is commendable to use only those cosmetics that are chametz-free.



SICHA KESHTIA - There is a *halachic* opinion from the Rishonim that applying products topically is considered ingesting (sicha keshtia). Typically, we are not stringent in this matter and therefore, one may apply non-kosher products on the skin. However, due to the stringent approach toward chametz on Pesach (meshum chumra dePischa), some avoid using chametz in this fashion and are therefore meticulous in using only chametz-free



LIPSTICK AND TOOTHPASTE - Due to the stringent approach toward chametz on Pesach (meshum chumra dePischa) it is advised to be stringent with regard to cosmetics and personal care products that are applied to the lips or used orally. Therefore, it is recommended to avoid using lipsticks and toothpastes that contain chametz.



DENATURED ALCOHOL - Denatured alcohol is inedible alcohol that can be derived from either chametz or nonchametz sources. It is commonly found in deodorants, perfumes, and mouthwashes. Although denatured alcohol is inedible, it could conceivably be distilled back to an edible state and, for this reason, many Poskim (Rabbinic authorities) are of the opinion that denatured alcohol is considered edible and would be problematic if the alcohol was derived from *chametz*. Therefore, one must ensure that products used on Pesach do not contain denatured alcohol. In order to avoid this issue, ensure that the product in question is on a reliable "chametz-free" list or contact the COR.

Alcohol that contains chametz could be referred to in any of the following ways:

1. Ethyl Alcohol

5. SD Alcohol

6. SDA or SDA Alcohol

2. Ethanol

3. Denatured Alcohol 7. Alcohol

4. Alcohol Denat.

The following are NOT sourced from chametz:

1. Benzyl Alcohol

4. Methanol

2. Cetyl Alcohol

5. Stearyl Alcohol

3. Isopropyl Alcohol

The complete list of Kosher for Passover Personal Care and Cosmetics Products is available at





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kashering FOR PASSOVER

All kitchen items, utensils, and appliances ("kli" in the singular and "keilim" in the plural) that were used for chametz during the year must be cleaned well to prepare them for *kashering*. Since we are taught that *chametz* is absorbed into *keilim* during certain cooking processes, we must ensure that such absorption is purged from them through a process known as "kashering."

Not all keilim can be kashered. Only keilim made from materials from which their absorbed chametz can be extracted can be kashered. To the right is a list of materials that can and cannot be kashered for Pesach.

In addition, keilim cannot be kashered if there is a concern that they might break or be ruined during the kashering process. The rationale is that a person may not kasher an item properly if he fears he may break or damage it.

Items made from the following materials CAN be kashered:

Granite • Marble • Metal Stone · Wood

Items made from the following materials CANNOT be kashered:

China • Corelle • Corian • Cork • Corningware Duralex • Earthenware • Enamel Coating Formica • Melmac • Nylon • Plastic • Porcelain Pyrex • Synthetic Rubber • Teflon Coating

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE FIVE KASHERING METHODS:



LIBUN GAMUR



LIBUN KAL



HAGOLA



IRUI ROSCHIM



MILUI V'IRUI

Each method has a different level of capability in removing absorbed chametz. (Libun gamur has the greatest capability; milui v'irui has the lowest.) The specific kashering method necessary for each kli will depend on how the chametz was originally absorbed. If a kli was used in a cooking process that absorbs chametz more intensely, a more intense kashering method is necessary, while a kli that was used in a less intense cooking process requires a less intense kashering method. One may use a more intense process to kasher a kli that is prescribed a less intense process.

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kasheringoverview



APPLICATION: Items used directly on a stove top or grill or in the oven with food that **does not contain liquid EXAMPLES:** Baking pan, roasting pan, grill

METHOD: The item must be heated, e.g. using charcoal or an industrial blow torch, until every part of it becomes red hot. **Note:** It is highly recommended that this method be employed only by someone with experience.

LIBUN KAL - MODIFIED GLOWING

APPLICATION: This method can be used in place of *hagola* and may also be sufficient in certain circumstances when libun is required.

EXAMPLES: Some types of ovens (See *Kashering* & Cleaning Guide)

METHOD: A kli must be heated until straw or a feather touching the other side of the kli, begins to burn.

Note: One can test to see if the kli has reached libun kal by sprinkling water onto it. If the water sizzles then the item has been kashered with libun kal.

HAGOLA - BOILING

APPLICATION: Keilim used directly on a stove top or grill or in the oven with food that **does contain liquid EXAMPLES:** Pots, stirring utensils, flatware when used on the fire with liquid foods (regular flatware also generally requires hagola).

- 1) Clean thoroughly to remove all dirt, labels, glue, and tangible rust. Any part of the kli that cannot be cleaned properly, e.g. crevices, requires libun kal.
- 2) The item should not be used for 24 hours. (If this is not possible, ask your rabbi.)
- 3) If the pot used for kashering is not a Pesach pot, the minhag is to kasher the pot. This is performed as follows:
 - A. Make sure that the *kashering* pot is clean and not used for 24 hours.
 - B. Fill the kashering pot to the brim with water and heat it up to a rolling boil.
 - C. Discard the water at this point your *kashering* pot is kosher for Pesach.
 - D. Fill the kashering pot and boil once again. This pot is now ready for kashering.
- 4) Immerse each kli, one at a time, in the boiling water. If you are kashering several keilim, ensure that the water remains boiling before inserting each kli.
- 5) If the water becomes murky, then it must be changed.
- 6) If an entire kli does not fit into the kashering pot at one time, it may be kashered in sections. A large pot can be kashered by using the method described above for the kashering pot and, in addition, it is recommended to drop a preheated stone that is glowing red ("even meluban") into the boiling water to make it overflow.
- 7) After kashering is complete, the kli should be rinsed in cold water.
- 8) Once all keilim have been kashered, the kashering pot should be kashered once again if it is to be used on Pesach. (This can be done immediately; no need to wait another 24 hours.) Ensure that the kashering pot is clean and follow steps B and C above.

IRUI ROSCHIM - POURING HOT WATER

APPLICATION: Keilim upon which hot chametz was poured

EXAMPLES: Sinks, counters **METHOD:**

1) Clean the *keilim* thoroughly.

- 2) The kli should not be used for 24 hours. If this is not possible, ask your rabbi.
- 3) Pour boiling water onto every part of the kli using a kettle or a pot of water that has been taken directly from the stove. It is recommended to pour the boiling water over an even meluban which allows the water to sizzle on contact with the kli. (See step 3 above, Hagola, concerning the use of a chametz pot for kashering purposes.)

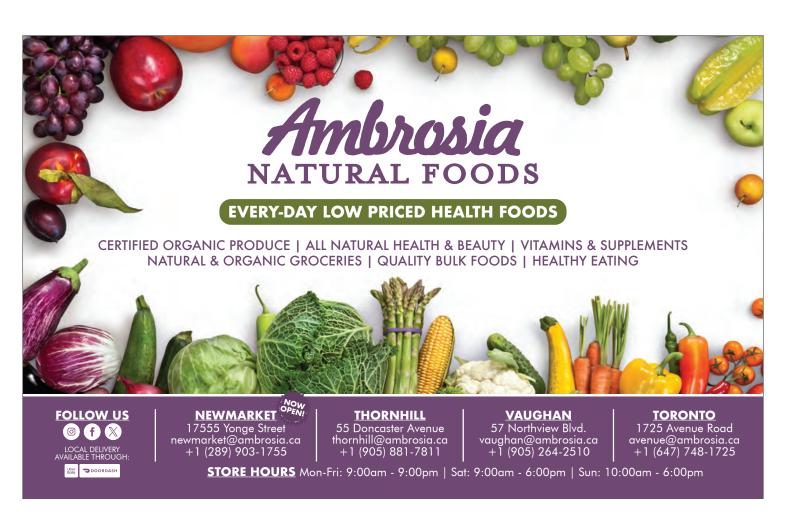
MILUI V'IRUI - SOAKING

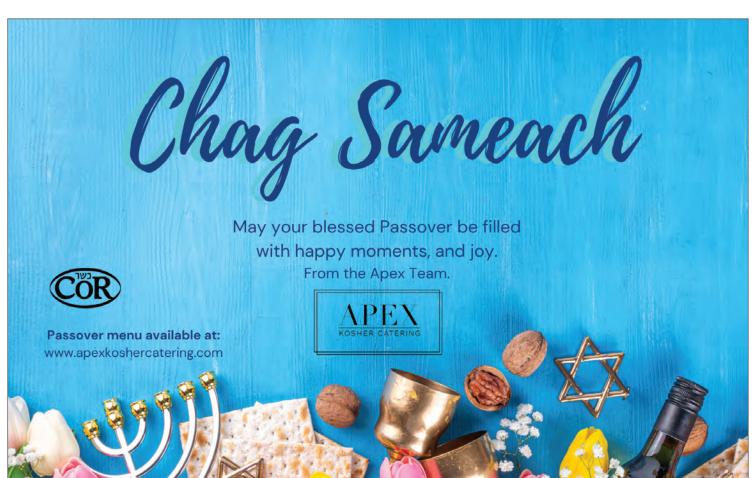
APPLICATION: *Keilim* used exclusively for cold *chametz*

EXAMPLES: Drinking glasses

Note: If one is able to buy separate glasses for Pesach, this type of kashering should be avoided.

- 2) Immerse the kli in cold water, e.g. in a bathtub or basin, or fill the kli to the top with cold water.
- 3) Change the water every 24 hours, for three cycles, for a total of 72 hours.







OVENS

A. SELF-CLEANING OVENS

- Clean all parts of the oven where the heat of the self-cleaning cycle does not reach - mainly edges and sides of the doors and under the gasket.
- Run the self-cleaning cycle for at least two hours.
- During Pesach, avoid placing food directly on the racks or on the door unless they are covered with aluminum foil.

B. CONVENTIONAL OVENS

- Use an oven cleaner to thoroughly clean the entire oven, including the racks and doors.
- Turn the oven on to its highest setting for one and a half hours
- Turn the oven on to broil for half an hour.
- It is preferable to cover the racks with aluminum foil so that no pots or pans touch them directly.

C. CONTINUOUS CLEANING OVENS

- Despite its name, don't assume that this type of oven is
- Clean the oven thoroughly. (Caution: Check the manual for what type of cleansers you should use.)
- · Kasher in the same way as a conventional oven.

D. MICROWAVE OVENS

It is best not to kasher a microwave oven.

If it must be used, it should be kashered as follows:

- Clean the oven thoroughly to remove all dirt and food residue. If any part of the interior cannot be accessed to clean properly (e.g. crevices), then the microwave should not be kashered.
- The oven should not be used for 24 hours.
- Place a container(s) of water in the oven and boil it until the oven fills with thick steam.
- The glass tray should either be changed or completely covered with a material that is microwave safe.
- Some people also either cover the 6 walls of the microwave (Caution: Do not block any vents) or completely double wrap any food before heating it.

STOVE TOPS

A. ELECTRIC & GAS

Clean the entire surface of the stove top and all its parts—mainly the electric burners, chrome rings, gas grates, drip trays, and knobs.

- Electric Burners Turn them on to the maximum setting (until they are glowing red hot) for approximately 10 minutes.
- Chrome Rings Immerse in a pot of boiling water. Alternatively, one can place a wide pot (with water so as not to burn the pot) on the element while the burners are turned to maximum heat in order to spread the heat to the chrome rings.
- Gas Grates Kasher them with libun kal by one of the following methods:
- Place them in the oven while it is being kashered. (Caution: If the oven is being kashered by using the selfcleaning cycle, verify that the grates can withstand the heat and will not experience discolouration.)
- Move them around the flame until every part of them has been heated to libun kal. (Caution: Use tongs and protective gloves.) Alternatively, one can place a wide pot (with water so as not to burn the pot) on the grate while the burners are turned to maximum heat in order to spread the heat to the grates.
- **Drip Trays** Put them in the oven while it is being *kashered*.
- Knobs Kasher them with hagola or cover them (if they could come into contact with food or steam from pots).
- Surface Cover the entire surface with heavy aluminum foil or a Pesach blech so that only the burners are exposed.
- Backsplash Cover with heavy aluminum foil. (Caution: Be careful not to block any vents.)
- Oven Hood Clean thoroughly. The oven hood does not have to be covered unless it is very low (to the point that when the steam from the pot below reaches it, the steam is still hotter than 113°F, yad soledet bo).

B. GLASS TOP RANGE (including Corning, Halogen and Ceran)

- Burners—Turn them on to their maximum setting (until they are glowing red hot) for approximately 10 minutes.
- Cover the rest of the surface around and between the burners with material that will not easily tear. (Caution: do not cover the stove with a Pesach *blech* as it can cause the glass to crack.)







DISHWASHERS

A. ENAMEL INTERIOR

These types of dishwashers may **not** be *kashered*.

B. METAL INTERIOR

It may be possible to kasher a dishwasher with stainless steel walls; however, because of the various issues involved, this should only be done after consulting with, and under the direction of, your rabbi.

SINKS

A. STAINLESS STEEL SINKS

- Clean every part thoroughly—mainly basin, knobs, faucet, and drain area. Be sure to clean the spout on the faucet.
- · Remove the faucet aerator and clean well.
- Pour a strong chemical cleaner down the drain and into any crevices that cannot be cleaned properly.
- Do not use the sink with hot chametz for 24 hours.
- Dry the sink prior to kashering.
- Kasher with irui roschim by pouring boiling hot water on every part of the sink, including the knobs, faucet and faucet parts. If the pot used for kashering is not a Pesach pot, the minhag is that the pot itself should first be kashered. (See Hagola above)
- Some people move an even meluban around the sink as the water is being poured.
- It may take a few refills of the kettle or pot to kasher the entire sink.
- Faucets and Extendable Faucets An alternative way of *kashering* this part of the sink is to quickly dip it into the kashering pot. (Caution: Plastic parts could warp if kept in the pot too long.)
- Stoppers and Strainers Replace for Pesach. (If necessary, they may be cleaned well and *kashered* with boiling water.)
- Instant Hot Water Device Pour boiling hot water over it while letting hot water run from it.
- Soap Dispenser Empty it of all soap, flush out any remaining soap with water, and pour boiling water over the entire dispenser.
- Some people cover the entire area of the sink after kashering it or place an insert in the sink.

B. ENAMEL, PORCELAIN & CORIAN SINKS

- Sinks made of these materials **cannot** be *kashered*.
- Clean them thoroughly and use a strong chemical cleaner on the sinks and down the drain.
- Line the walls and bottom of the sink with contact paper or heavy aluminum foil. Then, place a rack on the bottom and wash dishes in a dishpan placed on top of the rack. Some people place an insert in the sink.

COUNTERTOPS

A. MATERIALS THAT CAN BE KASHERED Granite / Marble / Metal / Stainless Steel / Wood

To kasher these counters:

- · Clean them thoroughly.
- Do not put anything hot on them for 24 hours.
- Kasher with irui roschim by carefully pouring boiling water on the entire area from a kettle or from a pot taken directly from the stove. If the pot used for kashering is not a Pesach pot, the minhag is that the pot itself should first be *kashered*. (See *Hagola* above)
- Some people cover these types of counters even after kashering them. Alternatively, they move around an even meluban or hot iron as they pour the hot water.

B. MATERIALS THAT CANNOT BE KASHERED Corian / Enamel / Formica / Plastic / Porcelain / Surreal/ **Engineered Quartz***

Before using these counters:

- · Clean them thoroughly.
- · Cover them with a thick waterproof material that will not rip easily while you are working on them.
- Some people kasher these counters as outlined above before covering them.
- * Engineered quartz countertops such as Caesarstone and Silestone are made from a combination of stone, synthetic resins, and pigments. There are differences of opinions as to whether these materials can be kashered and a rabbi should be consulted.

REFRIGERATORS & FREEZERS

- · Clean every surface and all parts thoroughly using a cleanser that will render inedible any tiny crumbs that may have been missed. Often, shelves will have to be removed to effectively clean all cracks and crevices.
- Some have a custom to cover surfaces that may directly touch food.

CUPBOARDS, DRAWERS & SHELVES

- · Clean thoroughly with a cleanser that will render inedible any tiny crumbs that may have been missed.
- Some have a custom to cover surfaces that will directly touch food

TABLES & CHAIRS

· Clean thoroughly. Cover tables with a thick material that won't tear easily and through which spills won't easily penetrate. Covers should be fastened securely.

FLATWARE

• Requires hagola (See Kashering Overview)

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS

A. TABLECLOTHS & DISH TOWELS

Launder with soap and hot water. (Plastic tablecloths should not be kashered.)

B. HIGHCHAIRS

Clean thoroughly and cover tray. Some pour hot water on the tray before covering it.

C. RINGS

Clean thoroughly and pour boiling water on them (irui roschim).

D. CANDLESTICKS & TRAY

Clean thoroughly. Do not wash them in a sink that has already been kashered for Pesach. (The same applies for flower vases that were on the table during the year.)

ITEMS THAT CANNOT BE KASHERED

- Blech
- Bottles with Narrow Necks
 Hot Plate*
- Ceramic
- China
- Colander/Strainer/Sieve
- Crock Pot
- Food Processor
- George Foreman Grill
- Grater
- Mixer Plastic Tablecloths
- Sifter
- Toaster/Toaster Oven
- Warming Drawer
- Wooden Cutting Board
- *Hot plates can be used for Pesach if the following is done: Clean thoroughly and turn the hot plate to high for an hour. Make sure that it is covered very well in a way that the cover won't rip and food will not come into direct contact with the hot plate.

Kashering Notes

- Kashering (except for libun gamur) should be performed before the latest time to eat chametz. If this is not possible, ask your rabbi.
- Typically, it is not permitted to kasher a meat kli to use for dairy or vice versa. However, once a kli is kashered for Pesach, it may be designated for either use.
- Since *kashering* can involve boiling hot water, red-hot burners, or even a blow torch, safety is an important concern. It is best to use protective gloves and tongs while *kashering*. Children should be kept away from the area where you are working.
- · When in doubt, ask your rabbi. Although this is an important rule all year round, it is crucial when it comes to Pesach as the laws are more complex and more stringent.
- These guidelines are for kashering chametz items for Pesach use only. To kasher items all year round that may have become non-kosher (i.e. meat utensil that absorbed milk), consult your rabbi as the guidelines may differ slightly.
- Due to the complexities of the kashering process, to the extent that it is feasible, it is best to have separate keilim for Pesach.



In a kosher kitchen, many types of dishes and utensils must be immersed in a *mikvah* before they may be used. Tevilat keilim is independent from kashering. The basic difference between the two is that kashering refers to various methods of extracting or burning absorbed substances, while tevilat keilim is a ritual of sanctifying the utensil. Based on this discrepancy, tevilat keilim has different applications, requirements, and guidelines than

kashering.

OWNERSHIP REQUIREMENTS

The function of *tevilat keilim* is to sanctify a vessel that is now owned by a Jew. Consequently, if an item was originally made by a Jew, and has always been owned by a Jew, the item would not require tevilah (immersion in the *mikvah*). Conversely, if an item is owned jointly or in a partnership with a non-Jew, it would also not need tevilah. If later the Jew becomes the exclusive owner, the item would then need tevilah

Tevilat keilim is required only on utensils that are considered klai achila, utensils used for food preparation or mealtime. Based on this classification, a storeowner who sells these utensils should not *tovel* them. This is because the storeowner relates to them as klai schorah, store inventory, and not as klai achila. Once the customer buys the utensil, the utensil is now considered klai achila, and the utensil could now be tovelled.

Questions arise when sending a gift if the sender could do the tevilah. As the scenarios can be guite complex, one should consult their rabbi or contact the COR with the specific question.

UTENSIL REQUIREMENTS

We are required to *tovel* (immerse in a *mikvah*) items that come into direct contact with food both during preparation and at mealtime. Oven racks generally do not come into direct contact

with food, and would, therefore, not require tevilah, but the racks from a toaster oven which do directly touch food would require tevilah.

To require *tevilah*, items must be made of metal (including aluminum, brass, copper, gold, iron, lead, silver, steel, and tin) or glass (including Pyrex, Duralex, and Corelle). Wood, plastic, rubber, and unglazed earthenware do not require tevilah.

PREPARING THE UTENSIL

For the *tevilah* to be valid, the item must be immersed in the *mikvah* waters without any interference. The item must, therefore, be prepared accordingly. All labels and stickers that one plans to remove when using the item must be removed before tevilah. After the sticker is removed, any residual adhesive that is left on the item must be removed as well. On a practical note, WD-40, nail polish remover. and Goo Gone are known to be effective in adhesive removal. Also, if there are many items to tovel, it is recommended to prepare the items before going to the mikvah.

BRACHA

Generally, one must make a *bracha* (blessing) before performing the *mitzvah* of *tevilat keilim*. One should hold the item or one of the items that is to be tovelled while making the bracha. If one item is being tovelled the bracha is "Baruch... asher kedishanu bemitzvotav vetzivanu al tevilat keli." If many items are to be tovelled the bracha

Did you know?

Some of the most common questions that arise pertaining to tevilat keilim concern tovelling small electrical appliances. Typical sandwich makers, hot water kettles, and urns require tevilah. Discuss with your rabbi or COR how to practically tovel these appliances. For example, how much of the appliance must be immersed? Does the cord have to be immersed as well?

When it comes to appliances with a digital panel, e.g. a Keurig coffee brewer, there is a greater concern that these items would be ruined with tevilah. Taking this into account, there is a valid halachic claim that tevilah is not required. As mentioned in the article, if an item is partially owned by a non-Jew, it does not require tevilah. Therefore, under the circumstances, it would be advisable to sell a percentage of the appliance to a non-Jew. To receive instructions on how to properly administer such a transaction, talk to your rabbi or call COR to obtain a contract which has been designed specifically for this purpose.

changes to "Baruch... asher kedishanu bemitzvotav vetzivanu al tevilat keilim."

There are a number of items that require tevilah where a bracha is not said. This could be for a number of reasons. For example, if there is an uncertainty in halacha if an item requires tevilah, then tevilah would be done without a bracha. Many of these items are listed in the accompanying chart.

TEVILAH PROCEDURE

It is preferable to wet one's hand before tovelling the item, and if possible to do this before making the bracha. The item being tovelled must be totally immersed with the *mikvah* waters touching the entire item both outside and inside. The entire item must be under water at one time and may not be immersed in stages. One must be aware when tovelling many items simultaneously that the pile is not weighed down in a way that water cannot reach all the items.

As with any matter in halacha, if a question arises or if you need further guidance, consult your rabbi or contact COR. ■

Item	<i>Tevilah</i> Requirement	<i>Bracha</i> Required?
Aluminum Pans:		
• to be used once	No Tevilah Required	-
• to be used more than once	Preferable to Tovel	NO
Barbecue Grates	Tevilah Required	YES
Blech	No Tevilah Required	-
Blender	Tevilah Required	YES
Can Opener	No Tevilah Required	-
Ceramic Dishes (e.g. coffee mug)	Preferable to Tovel	NO
China	Preferable to Tovel	NO
Cookie Cutters	Tevilah Required	NO
Cooling Racks	Tevilah Required	NO
Corkscrew	No Tevilah Required	-
Corningware	Tevilah Required	NO
Crock Pot:		
ceramic insert	Preferable to Tovel	NO
• metal insert	Tevilah Required	YES
• glass lid	Tevilah Required	YES
Dish Rack	No Tevilah Required	-
Earthenware, non-glazed	No Tevilah Required	
George Foreman Grill	Tevilah Required	YES
Glass	Tevilah Required	YES
Hot Water Urn	Tevilah Required	YES
Meat Tenderizer Hammer	Tevilah Required	NO
Meat Thermometer	No Tevilah Required	-
Microwave - Turntable Only	Tevilah Required	YES
Mixer Beaters: • if to be used exclusively with not yet edible food (e.g. dough) • if to be used at times with already	Tevilah Required	NO VES
edible food (e.g. ice cream)	Tevilah Required	YES
Oven Racks	No Tevilah Required	-
Peeler	Tevilah Required	YES
Plastic	No Tevilah Required	-
Popcorn Popper	Tevilah Required	YES
Porcelain Enamel	Preferable to Tovel	NO NO
Sandwich Maker	Tevilah Required	YES
Spatula	Tevilah Required	YES
Stoneware, glazed	Preferable to Tovel	NO
Styrofoam	No Tevilah Required	-
Tea Kettle	Tevilah Required	YES
Teflon Coated Pots	Tevilah Required	YES
Toaster Oven - Racks & Tray Only	Tevilah Required	YES



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pet food on passover (AND THROUGHOUT THE YEAR)



Although one is allowed to feed pets non- For Passover, pet food cannot have kosher foods, there are still kashrut issues that one has to be aware of. Throughout the year, not only are we commanded not to eat foods that contain a meat and milk mixture, one is also not allowed to derive benefit from them. Feeding pets these foods is considered a derived benefit and, therefore, it is forbidden. On Passover, we are commanded not to eat *chametz*, nor may we derive benefit from or own it. Having pet food, which contains chametz, in one's possession during Passover transgresses this prohibition. Therefore, during Passover, one may feed pets nonkosher food as long as the pet food does not contain a milk and meat mixture. and it does not contain chametz

Ashkenazi Jews who do not eat kitniyot are allowed to feed kitniyot to their pets on Passover. The Torah's prohibition of eating, owning, and deriving benefit from chametz is limited to the five grains wheat, barley, oats, rye, and spelt. As an extra safeguard, Ashkenazi Jews have been instructed to avoid kitniyot as well. (See article on *kitniyot* in this guide.) This safeguard prohibits eating kitniyot, but does not forbid owning and deriving benefit from kitniyot. Therefore, one may feed kitniyot to pets on Passover.

What should one be aware of when buying pet food?

DOGS & CATS

Throughout the year, one has to make sure that pet food with meat does not contain dairy. When it comes to regular food, we are forbidden to have dairy mixed with any sort of meat or poultry, however, with pet food it is only forbidden to have dairy mixed with beef. It is not a problem if dairy is mixed with poultry, fowl, or meat from a non-kosher species (i.e. pork). Therefore, if the label states "beef". "lamb". "meat". or similar declaration it must not have dairy ingredients. "Animal fat" should be considered as an ingredient that cannot be mixed with dairy. Whey and casein are some of the not so obvious dairy ingredients that could be found in pet food.

chametz ingredients. Ingredients made from wheat, barley, oats, rye, spelt, pasta, and brewer's yeast are chametz. Also, note that "starch" could be wheat starch and should be avoided

Kitniyot ingredients are permitted. Common kitniyot ingredients are beans, buckwheat, corn, millet, peanuts, peas, rice, sorghum and soybeans.

Be careful with pet foods that are "gluten free" as they still may contain chametz ingredients. "Grain free" pet foods seem not to be a problem, but make sure to check the ingredient label.

FISH. BIRDS & SMALL ANIMALS

Feed for fish, birds, and small animals have a unique challenge as many feeds are grain based. Reading the ingredient panel is imperative. Since some people have difficulty finding suitable pet food, there are those who make their own homemade "Kosher for Passover" pet food. It is recommended to speak with a pet food specialist for advice as to what to feed your pets. It is also a good idea to start acclimating your pet to its new Passover diet for a little while before Passover. Also, beware that although

some reptile foods are not a problem, the feed might be packaged with oatmeal or wheat flakes, which is chametz.

Below are a few chametz-free options:





Spray Millet for Birds Alfalfa Hay & Cubes

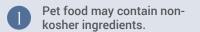


Fish Food: Please read ingredients to verify that the pet food is chametzfree. Similar looking items might contain chametz.

While it seems like a good solution, it is not simple to halachically avoid the issue by giving your pet to a non-Jew for Passover. If you wish to do so, you must discuss this issue with your rabbi.

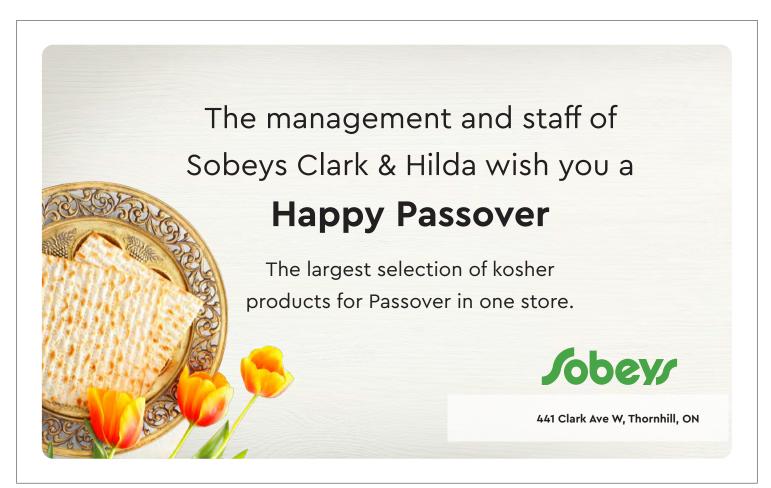
As always, if you have any questions about specific ingredients please call the COR and we will be pleased to assist.■

KOSHER PET FOOD 10 COMMANDMENTS



- Pet food may not contain a mixture of meat (beef) and milk. This applies year-round.
- Pet food may contain a mixture of pork and milk.
- Pet food may contain a mixture of poultry and milk.
 - During Passover, pet food may not contain any chametz.

- During Passover, pet food that is chametz should be sold with the rest of your chametz.
- During Passover, avoid the following ingredients: wheat. barley, oats, rye, spelt, brewer's yeast, and starch.
- During Passover, pet food may contain kitniyot.
- During Passover, be careful with foods for fish, birds, and small animals.
- During Passover, double-check the ingredient panels even if the food is grain or gluten free.



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BELOW IS A LIST THAT ADDRESSES COMMON SCENARIOS
FOR THOSE PEOPLE WHO ARE NOT STAYING HOME FOR PESACH

PRIMARY RESIDENCE

If leaving more than 30 days before Pesach (and not returning until after Pesach):

- No bedika required
- Must sell *chametz* and must declare *Kol Chamira* before the latest time for owning *chametz* on *erev* Pesach

If leaving less than 30 days before Pesach:

- Bedika required
- Must be performed at night by candlelight during the night before you leave this location
- · No bracha is said
- Kol Chamira is said, however, substitute bershusi (in my possession) with bebaisa hadain (in this house).
- One could also appoint a *shaliach* (agent) to perform the *bedika* on his behalf on *erev* Pesach.
- It is generally more appropriate to perform the *bedika* than to absolve oneself by selling the entire house on the 13th of *Nissan*. In case of need, speak to your rabbi.
- Must sell *chametz* and must declare the regular *Kol Chamira* before the latest time for owning *chametz* on *erev* Pesach

DESTINATION (HOTEL)

If *chametz* was brought in: *Bedika* with *bracha* required
If *chametz* was not brought in: *Bedika* without *bracha* required

When selling *chametz*, make sure that it will be sold before the last time for owning *chametz* in the place/time zone where you are staying. Further, make sure that the *chametz* will be bought back only after Pesach is over in the place/time zone where you are staying.

WHEN FLYING

Make sure that the kosher meal is certified Kosher for Passover, and that the double wrap of the hot airline meal is not pierced (this applies all year, not only for Pesach). One should not have any of the hot drinks, and one should assume that the cold drinks are not Passover certified, unless clearly stated that they are.

IN A HOTEL

One should not use the coffee urn in the room (or anywhere in the hotel) unless it is clearly stated that it is certified Kosher for Passover.



A comprehensive guide to shaimos can be found on our website **WWW.COr.Ca**









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WHEN EREV PESACH

falls out on shabbos

A HALACHIC GUIDE

This year presents a unique circumstance: a year in which erev Pesach falls on Shabbos. Below is a quick review of some of the laws of Pesach as they apply to this year. (Please note: times noted in the article can be found on page 11 of this guide.)

THURSDAY: Ta'anis Bechoros. One may participate in a siyum meseches instead of fasting.

THURSDAY NIGHT: Search for chametz preceded by a bracha and followed by the nullification of the chametz (kol chamira).

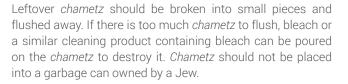
FRIDAY: One should burn the chametz on erev Shabbos before the end of the fifth halachic hour. Chametz that will be eaten on erev Shabbos and on Shabbos should be set aside in a secure place. Kol chamira is not recited after burning the chametz.

Preparations for the seder should be completed prior to the onset of Shabbos. If one forgot to prepare something, a Rov should be consulted.

SHABBOS: For the Shabbos seuda, one may eat challah (pita is a practical option to avoid crumbs) or matzah ashirah (egg matzah or matzah made with fruit juices). Once the table is cleaned, and all crumbs removed, Pesach dishes and utensils may then be used.

Chametz may not be consumed after the fourth halachic hour of the day. As the deadline approaches, all chametz should be removed from the table and the floor should be swept. One should thoroughly wash their mouth and teeth to ensure that no chametz remains.

There are two ways to fulfill the *mitzvah* of eating *shalosh* seudos. Option one: Divide the morning seudah into two; the first qualifying as the day meal and the second qualifying as shalosh seudos. After eating bread, fish, etc., birkas hamazon is recited. Take a break of approximately twenty minutes, or go for a walk outside. After the break, the third seudah begins with hamotzee. Bread or matzah ashirah may not be consumed past the fourth *halachic* hour; however, the rest of the meal may be continued in a relaxed manner. Those who choose this option should also eat something in the afternoon to fulfill the *mitzvah* of *shalosh seudos* in its proper time. Option two: Eat foods that do not require washing in the afternoon.



Once the *chametz* is prohibited, it is *muktzeh* and may no longer be moved. If chametz if found after it becomes prohibited, it is permitted to ask a gentile to flush it.

One should say kol chamira (nullification of chametz) prior to the conclusion of the fifth *halachic* hour of the day.

Preparing for Yom Tov while it is still Shabbos is forbidden; however, sleeping for the sake of feeling rested for the seder is permitted. Care, though, should be taken not to verbalize the purpose of the nap. One should not change into Yom Tov clothing on Shabbos if this is being done to save time.

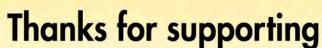
Preparations that do not involve *melachos*, including setting the seder table, putting the wine in the fridge and selecting whole matzahs, may be performed forty-five minutes after sunset even by those who generally are stringent to wait a full seventy-two minutes.

MOTZAI SHABBOS PESACH NIGHT: The tefilla of ותודיענו is added to the shemonah esrei of Maariv.

Kiddush on leil seder includes havdalah and is referred to as יקנה"ז. (YKNH"Z). This acronym refers to the order of the brachos which are <u>Y</u>ayin (בורא פרי הגפן), <u>K</u>iddush, <u>N</u>er (בורא) מאורי האש), <u>H</u>avdalah, <u>Z</u>man (שהחיינו). Two candles should be used for the *bracha* of בורא מאורי. However, care must be taken not to cause any of the wax to melt and drip off the candles. For this reason, some are careful not to move the candles at all and to use the combined light of two single candles each standing alone. The bracha of havdalah ends with המבדיל בין קודש לקודש.

Some have the custom on Motzai Shabbos to change the order of ונאכל שם מן הזבחים ומן in the bracha of אשר ונאכל שם מן הפסחים ומן הזבחים and instead say ונאכל שם מן.

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COR is pleased to answer questions from kosher consumers throughout the year. This service is especially popular during the weeks leading up to Passover, as evidenced by the over 5,000 questions answered last year prior to Passover.

Please contact us if you have a question not answered in this magazine.



EMAIL questions@cor.ca



TEXT COR Text-a-Rabbi (647) 402-1910



WHATSAPP Kosher Updates & Information (not questions) Scan the QR Code



Here is a list of the more frequently asked questions from last year:



NO. Redpath white sugar and Lantic white sugar are acceptable for Passover and do not require Passover certification.

All varieties of Redpath brown sugar and all varieties of Lantic brown sugar are acceptable for Passover and do not require Passover certification.

In general: other brands of brown sugar require Passover certification; however, white sugar does not require Passover certification





Raw and unseasoned Shefa and Mehadrin meat are kosher for Pesach even without a KFP certification





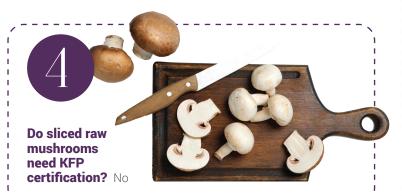


Does bottled water require KFP certification?



If it is just plain water, then it can be used without KFP certification. The same is true if it also contains minerals such as calcium chloride, magnesium chloride, magnesium oxide, magnesium sulfate, potassium bicarbonate, potassium chloride, sodium bicarbonate, or sodium chloride.

If it contains vitamins and/or citrates (e.g., calcium citrate), then it should only be used if certified as kosher for Pesach.



Which alcohols that are found in personal care products are problematic on Pesach and which are not?

Alcohol that **contains** *chametz* could be referred to in any of the following ways:

- Ethyl Alcohol Ethanol
- · SD Alcohol

• SDA or SDA Alcohol

- Denatured Alcohol Alcohol
- · Alcohol Denat.

The following are not sourced from chametz

- 1. Benzyl Alcohol
- 2. Cetyl Alcohol
- 3. Isopropyl Alcohol
- 4. Methanol
- 5. Stearyl Alcohol



Do lemon or lime juice products require KFP certification?

YES. But ReaLemon lemon juice and ReaLime lime juice certified by the OU are acceptable for use on Passover even without KFP certification.



Does toothpaste need to be chametz-free?

Since toothpaste is used orally, it should be chametz-free. All Colgate and Sensodyne toothpastes are chametz-free.

Do spray & liquid deodorant, hairspray, and perfume need to be chametz-free?





applies to dry shampoo. All stick deodorants, however, are acceptable.



Any frozen fruit, whole or sliced, that is unsweetened and without additives (i.e. syrup, citric acid, ascorbic acid, vitamin C) is acceptable without KFP certification.

fruit need

KFP

Which coffees do and don't require KFP certification?

A. All regular ground coffees are acceptable for Passover use.

B. Decaffeinated coffee generally requires Passover certification. Coffee is often decaffeinated by means of either kitniyot or chametz derivatives. Folger's and Maxwell House instant decaffeinated coffees are acceptable for Pesach.

C. All flavoured coffee requires Passover certification.

D. Instant coffees often contain derivatives from either kitniyot or chametz. Therefore, all instant coffees require

Passover certification. Folger's and Maxwell House instant coffees (regular and decaf); and Taster's Choice (regular only) are acceptable even without Passover certification.

Please note: Nescafé Rich Instant Coffee is not acceptable for use on Passover. The two products look similar.



NOT KOSHER FOR PASSOVER FOR PASSOVER



Does frozen salmon require Passover certification?



- 1. Kirkland Atlantic Farm Raised Frozen Salmon
- 2. Kirkland Wild Frozen Salmon

Does Tropicana orange juice require Passover certification?

Yes. Tropicana orange juice requires Passover certification. Often there is an inkietted OKP or KP on the label or carton.



Can I purchase a cup of black coffee at a non-kosher establishment such as **Starbucks or Tim Hortons on Passover?**



Definitely not. These establishments bake items such as muffins and donuts which are chametz and as such all of the utensils used are chametz.





What medications are recommended for children during Passover?



- 1. Advil Children Suspension (all flavours), Pediatric Drops
- 2. Advil Junior Strength Swallow Tablets (NOT chewables)
- 3. Benadryl Children's Chewables
- 4. Claritin Kids Syrup
- 5. Genexa Suspensions
- 6. Motrin Suspensions and Concentrated Drops
- 7. Tylenol DYE FREE liquids



Is Metamucil suitable for use on Passover?

Only the Metamucil Original Coarse Powder is acceptable. It is also kitniyot free. It is also acceptable with Non-Medicinal Ingredient: Sucrose

And Restoralax?

Restoralax is acceptable for use on Passover.

Other acceptable laxatives: Life Brand Clearly Fibre, Life Brand Original Texture Fibre Laxative





EXCISING KOSHER KOSHER FLAVOURS COMING SOON!



rabbinic corner



Mosaic Minhagim

CELEBRATING THE RICH TAPESTRY OF PESACH CUSTOMS

BY RABBI YOSEF DOVID ROTHBART

One year on chol hamoed Pesach, a chosid of Rav Mendele Vorka came to Belz. Rav Yissochor Dov. the Belzer Rebbe, asked him to say over something from his rebbe, Rav Mendele. The chosid related the following idea: During magid, before we say the paragraph beginning with the words והיא שעמדה. we cover the *matzahs*. lift up the cup of wine and then begin והיא שעמדה. The *mitzvah* to eat *matzah* is biblical: the four cups of wine are rabbinic. We cover the biblical *mitzvos* (the *matzah*) and pick up the rabbinic one (the cup of wine) and proclaim והיא שעמדה. The message: what kept us strong throughout the generations is that we did not just keep the biblical mitzvos; we were blessed with rabbinic *mitzvos* as well. We did not only keep what was written: we adhered to what was passed down from our parents; we guarded our minhagim (customs), and that ensured our survival. When we refuse to deviate from our traditions-even ones not writtenthen we will remain steadfast and strong in our Jewishness.

When the Belzer Rebbe heard this, he told his attendant to write it down despite it being chol hamoed, "for if we forget this idea, we will have lost a gem. It is a davar avud."

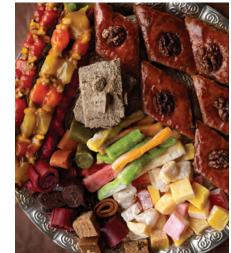
It can be argued that especially during Pesach we see the richness of the various minhaaim. "Do vou eat kitnivos?" "Do you mish?" "I eat non-gebrokts only." Customs diverge creating a beautiful mosaic formed by the different coloured stones of tradition. Each community with its special emphasis. And I wanted to learn about some of these precious practices. So I decided to visit different communities and learn about their unique customs with that goal.

MEMORABLE MOROCCAN MINHAGIM

Our first journey took us far away from the cold of Canada to the warmer country of Morocco, located in Northern Africa. I spoke with a Rabbi of one of the Moroccan shuls and asked whether

broken *matzah* and walk around with it. a custom I heard about from a Sfardi classmate when I was much younger. This though is an Iragi or Syrian custom. Jews whose families originated in Iraq have the custom to wrap the broken matzah in a scarf and tie it to the back of one of the children like a beggar's pack. The kids then go outside, knock on the door and pretend that they're travelling from Egypt to Yerushalayim.

Customs diverge creating a beautiful mosaic formed by the different coloured stones of tradition. Each community with its special emphasis.



the custom in Morocco was to wrap the In Morocco, I was told, they have the custom before commencing magid to wrap the entire seder plate together with *matzahs* and wave the bundle (like kapparos) over the heads of those participating in the seder. For many, this is accompanied by the singing of an old tune creating a vearning for redemption, making this a rich emotional experience.

> Another beautiful *minhag* that moroccans have is to read Shir Hashirim after the

> The highlight for many is the celebration after Pesach: Mimouna.

The name Mimouna comes from the term emunah (faith). It represents the emunah we have that Mashiach will come. It is a reliving of the seder but exchanging the seder foods for foods that symbolize blessing and success. It had a seder plate consisting of flour, eggs, oil, honey, and greens. Moufleta is served which is a paper thin wrap made from flour and water. It is eaten dipped in honey and/or smeared with butter corresponding to the *matzah* eaten seder night. Whole dates are eaten corresponding to the *charoses* that is made with dates and other ingredients. Instead of dipping in salt water (as is done by the seder), they dip in honey. The celebration spills in to other houses as people go from home to home within the community to receive brachos. because during Pesach visiting others was not encouraged (due to the stringencies of Pesach). Some even wore traditional Moroccan garbs during this celebration.

REGAL CUSTOMS FROM RUSSIA

After being warmed by the rich minhagim in Morocco, it is time to visit another community, but now to the colder Russian climate. The Chabad community originated in Russia, and like other communities, it boasts unique minhagim that make the seder, and the entire Pesach a chag that is much

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700 Lawrence Ave. W., TORONTO 1579 Main St. W. (west of Cootes Drive), HAMILTON In the Chabad community, a tremendous amount of work goes into preparing for Pesach before the *chag* arrives. Processed foods are not eaten; almost everything (besides wine, olive oil and matzahs for most people) is made from scratch. Even fruit needs to be peeled before eating. Foods that Rabbeim would not eat are avoided. One example is sugar. The Rashab (one of the Rebbes of Chabad) avoided sugar as he was concerned that a chametz ingredient was used in the boiling process, or alternatively that the workers might dip their bread into it, and there was a chance chametz remained in the sugar. I was told that there is a custom to boil sugar before Pesach and create sugar water to use instead of using actual sugar. Some have the custom to filter the sugar water after creating it.

Once Pesach arrives, the stringencies continue. Chabad chasidim are very strict with regards to allowing liquids to come into contact with matzah (gebrokts). When eating matzah during the seder, one eats over a bag to capture any crumb that might fall on the table. Others have the custom to eat the matzah (over a bag or away from the table) as a separate course. When that course ends, the table is cleared and only then is the rest of the meal served.

The minhag in Chabad is not to conclude with "chasal sidur Pesach" (we have concluded the seder) for the seder is not an event that happens once or twice Pesach night; it is something that accompanies us the entire year.

After the tefilla of I'shana haba is recited, the wine from the cup of Eliyahu is poured back while everyone sings keili atah from hallel to the tune composed by the Alter Rebbe, Rav Shneur Zalman of Liadi. This, for the family I spoke to, is a highlight.

BEAUTIFUL CUSTOMS OF BOBOV

After being inspired by the fiery passion of Chabad, we have time for one more stop: Bobov. This warm, inviting community originated in Galicia, in southern Poland.

Bobover *chasidim* have a beautiful *minhag* of drawing water for the *matzahs* they will bake erev Pesach. The night before, they daven a shorter mincha and go to a well to draw water that will be used the next Finally, we return to our community that

day. After the water is drawn, they bring we grew up in. But we are no longer the the water while dancing and singing to where it will be stored until it is time to bake matzahs. The matzahs are baked the next day after midday.





The pre-Pesach celebrations continue the next morning. Erev Pesach, after a siyum is made for the first-borns, the chasidim have a large meal consisting of fish, meat and chometz, a seudas fang. By eating chometz at this time one fulfills the *mitzvah* of destroying *chometz*. Additionally, this meal celebrates Yaakov receiving the blessings from Yitzchok instead of Esav. On erev Pesach, Yitzchok requested that Esav trap an animal to receive the blessings, and that brought about the giving of the blessings to

same; we are richer after seeing the rich customs of those around us.

When we think about a Jewish person's responsibilities, we find three categories: Biblical commandments, Rabbinical commandments and customs. These three categories reflect different levels of relationships we have with Hashem. Imagine a friend has a birthday and you want to buy him a gift. If he asks for something and you get that for him it does not indicate a very deep relationship, since he needed to say what he wants. If the friend had said something that indicates his desire for a certain item and you pick up on that, and that is what you give him as a present that indicates a deeper relationship. The deepest relationship is when the friend does not need to say anything; you know what he is thinking. The different levels of mitzvos correspond to these three levels. A Biblical mitzvah is something Hashem requested from us directly; a Rabbinic mitzvah is something that Hashem hinted to us and the sages picked up on that hint; finally, a minhag is an expression of our deep relationship we have with Hashem that allows us (the collective Jewish people) to understand what we can do to make Hashem happy¹. Each minhag is precious. It is an expression of the deep bond we have with Hashem. This connection is so deep that we intuitively understand what Hashem wants.

Perhaps it is during the chag of Pesach, when we celebrate our being chosen unilaterally by Hashem, that we find minhag ubiquitously, for it demonstrates how deep our relationship is. So whatever one's customs are, during Pesach we have an amazing opportunity to give over to the next generation how profound our bond is with Hashem. We can do this by passing down our unique minhagim to the next generation and explaining the significance of a *minhag*.

1. רסיסי לילה (אות ח׳)

RABBI YOSEF **DOVID ROTHBART**

Rabbinic Administrator of the Halacha Institute of Toronto (H.I.T.)





BY RABBI TSVI HEBER

The *mitzvah* to honour a father and mother includes being their caregiver, when needed. Feeding them, dressing them, walking with them and pushing them in a wheelchair are all part of this expensive china, might need kashering.⁷ important mitzvah.1 Granted, it is not always practical for children to be present for their parents to the extent that is required to fulfill the mitzvah properly, and often, caregivers are hired to care for parents in their stead. This can lead to a financial burden which is essentially the parents' responsibility but which may ultimately fall on a child.² It is quite common for a non-Jewish caregiver to work or even live inside the home of an elderly parent. In this scenario, there are important kashrus concerns that have to be thought through and addressed.

The first *kashrus* challenge for seniors with non-Jewish caregivers is ensuring Jew and not *bishul akum* – cooked by a gentile. If kosher food which is inedible who are unwell or incapacitated.⁵ If this use these tools to control bishul Yisroel even for extended periods of time.⁹

non-kosher and needs to be kashered.6 Relying on the senior to ignite the stove or oven is not generally a practical option. Without proper attention, a of a senior's appliance. However, using senior's entire kitchen, even their the wifi plug does not completely

There are important kashrus concerns that have to be thought through and addressed.

their food is bishul Yisroel - cooked by a Our friend, Dr. Shabtai Nacson, has proposed an innovative solution to this challenge. Wifi plugs have become in its raw state³ and fit to be served popular energy-saving products at a banquet⁴ is cooked by a gentile, it which allow a user to remotely ignite is rendered bishul akum, which is not and extinguish electrical lights and kosher, even if it is cooked for seniors appliances. Some kashrus agencies

happens, the cookware also becomes in kosher establishments where a mashqiach is not available in person. Plugging a home cooking appliance into a wifi plug can allow for the control resolve the problem. This is because plugs are not exclusive, meaning they do not generally disable the appliance from being operated independently and manually on site by the caregiver. Use of the wifi plug requires the child's attention to ensure that the appliance is only being operated by them, remotely. A nanny-cam pointed at the appliance is a helpful tool to ensure the caregiver is in compliance.

> Unfortunately, bishul akum is not the only concern. Another concern is that a caregiver might purchase and prepare non-kosher food, even if solely for their own consumption. More likely, a caregiver may accidentally mix meat and dairy products that are in the fridge in the parent's home. While Rav Moshe Feinstein zt"/8 prohibited parents from leaving young children with caregivers while they are on vacation, it is quite likely that he would allow older children to hire caregivers to be with their senior parents

However, choosing to go this route consequences that an error or mishap comes with significant responsibilities. The child must ensure that the caregiver is fully trained in the laws of kashrus. Be aware that someone who does not keep kosher is easily confused by the complexities of these laws and detailed directives are necessary. This includes clear differentiation between dairy, pareve and meat as well as guidance regarding the identification of kosher symbols on products. The caregiver must further understand that there are religious

has on the parent. The child must create a genuine "mirsas", literally fear, such that the caregiver should never knowingly or carelessly be in violation of *kashrus*. 10 An authentic "yotze v'nichnas" environment must be created. This means that the child and/or a neighbour or friend can and does pop in at any moment without prior notice.¹¹ The child must have a key and free access to enter the home at any time. When leaving on vacation, the child must secure a replacement to check on

their parent even for reasons of kashrus.

As is the case in all areas of halacha, one should seek specific guidance from their Rov or a kashrus professional to ensure that their personal situation adheres to the dictates of halacha.

RABBI TSVI HEBER

Director of Community Kosher



מהרש"ם ח"א (סימן קצ"א). ומסתבר מאד דתמיד יש לכה״פ רוב בכלי נגד הבליעות כשממולא אחד משלשים. ומאחר שהבליעות שבקדיבה תמיד בטלים ברוב יש להחשיב כלי לכלי שדרכו להשתמש בו בשפע היתר המבואר בשו"ע (סימן צ"ט סעיף ז') שמותר להשתמש בו לכתחלה כיוו שהאיסור מועט׳ וא״א לבא לידי איסור ואין לגזור' משום שמא ישתמש בו בהיתר מעט כמבואר (שם). ואפילו לדעת האחרונים החולקים בהיתר זה עי׳ ט״ז (ס״ק ט״ו) וש״ך (סימן קכ״ב סעיף ה׳) מ״מ היכא שהאיסור פוגם בהיתר גם הם מודים כמבואר בט"ז. ומסתבר דה"ה כשהקדירה אב"י שפוגם בהיתר, והכי משמע בחכמת אדם (כלל נ״ב סעיף י׳), ולהדיא ביד אברהם ובערוך השלחן (סעיף מ״ט). ואע"פ שדעת הפמ"ג שפ"ד (סי' צ"ט ס"ק כ"ג) דאין להתיר באב"י, וכן ראיתי בשם ספר יד יהודה, מ״מ בנדון דידן שהוא איסור דרבנן וגם לצורך חולה מסתבר היה שיש לסמוך על גדולי אחרונים המתירים במקום שצריך. וע"ע בס' דרכי תשובה (ס״ק ק״ו) ובשו״ת אג״מ יו״ד ח״ג (סימן כ״ח). וקשה טובא למה החמיר השו"ע להכשיר הכלי, וכן ראיתי שתמה הגר״א פאלק שליט״א בספר בישול ישראל קונטרס בירורים (תשובה ח' אות כ"ב) וע"ש שכ׳ דלדעת המחבר בישול עכו״ם בטל בס׳ ע״ש. והש״ך (סימן קט״ו ס״ק ט״ו) דמקשה לדעת האו״ה שחלב וגבינת עכו״ם בטל ברוב ובכן למה אוסרים הכלים, כ׳ דלפעמים כשמשתמשים בכלים אינם בטלים ברוב ע"ש ושיש איסור לבטל לכתחילה ואינו מזכיר כלל משום דרכו להשתמש בשפע ומשמע דאין להתיר. ושמחתי באומרים לי שהפמ״ג הנהגות השואל והנשאל (סדר שלישי אות ל״ו) כתב דמשום דאיו טורח החמירו להגעיל בליעות בישול עכו״ם. ונראה בדעתו דחיוב הגעלה משום אין מבטלין איסור לכתחלה, ואע״פ שאין כוונתו לבטל האיסור הא אפשר בענין אחר ע״י הגעלה, אבל כל שיש בו טורח מיקרי שפיר א״א בענין אחר, עי״ ט"ז יו"ד (סימן צ"ט ס"ק ז') ופתחי תשובה (ס"ק ד׳) בשם הפמ״ג. ובנדוו דידו כשיש איזה צורר כגוו אם באים הבנים ובני בנים לבקר ורוצים לאכול יחד עם זקניהם וכו׳ שיש נחת רוח להזקנים כשבניהם אוכלים אתם נראה דיש לצדד ולהקל ולא להצריך הגעלה אחרי שהבליעה נעשה אב״י. 7. ונראה דיש לסמוך על כל הנ״ל בהערה 6 לענין כלי . שני דא"צ להכשיר משום בישול עכו"ם. 8. שו"ת אגרות משה יו"ד חלק א' (סימן ס"א) כ' דדבר זה ודאי אסור לכתחילה. אמנם בדיעבד יש להשתמש בכלים אחר מעל"ע שיהיה אז ספיקא דרבנן כמפורש ברמ״א (סימן קכ״ב סעיף ט״). 9. איתא ברמ״א בתורת חטאת (כלל י״ז סעיף ד׳) דשעת הדחק כדיעבד דמי הובא בט"ז יו"ד (סימן צ"א ס"ק ב'). ומסתבר דבנדון דידן הוי שעת הדחק. ובנדון דידן החששות הם איסורי דרבנן ולא איסורי דאורייתא, ובכן יש לסמוך ולהתיר. 10. עי׳ שו״ע (סימן קי״ח סעיף י׳) (סימן קכ"ב ס"ק טי) וע"ע בש"ך (סימן הכ"ב

עי׳ בספר חלקת בנימין (סימן קי״ג ס״ק י׳) באריכות ובביאורים, וגם בהא דחקרו האם מלכי ישראל דווקא או אפילו מלכי אומות העולח עי׳ דרכי תעורה (סימן קי״ג ס״ק י׳). הרי לא כל דבר שמזמין חביריו עליו נכלל בגדר שלחן מלכים דא״כ לא שייך לחלק כ״כ בדקדוק בין מלך ישראל למלך עכו״ם או בין מלך לשר. ואחרי שכ׳ כל זה מצאתי שכבר כ׳ בזה בקובץ תורני המתיבתא מישיבת תורה ודעת שנת תשס"ט (דפים תק"מ ⁻ תק"ס) שיצאו להלכה שאין למחות ביד המקילין ומכח כל מה שכתבתי. ואף כי לא אסכים לכל מה שכתבו שם, אמנם האמת אתם שיש להתיר תירס באנגליא ודלא כמ״ש הרב פאלק. וכן הסכים מו״ר הגרש״מ שליט״א להלכה ולמעשה. .5 עי׳ שו״ע יו״ד (סימן קנ״ה סעיף ג׳) והרמ״א (שם). ועי׳ בש״ך (ס״ק י״ג) דמשמע דהתירו איסור אכילה מדרבנו לחולה. אמנם מהא דש״ו הראשונים בהיתר לבשל לחולה שאב"ס בשבת מוכח דבחול אסור. הרי איתא בב"י או"ח (סימן שכ"ח סעיף י"ט) כתב רבינו ירוחם שהרמב"ם מתיר בשולי עכו"ם לחולה שאין בו סכנה. והרשב״א עשה לו סמוכות והעלה בידו דאיסור בשולי עכו"ם שהוא איסור קל משום שמא יבוא לאכול עמו הותר בחולה שאין בו סכנה בשבת וכו׳. והר״ן כתב וכו׳ ועכשיו נהגו לבשל לחולה שאין בו סכנה על ידי גוי בשבת ואף על פי שהתבשיל עצמו אסור משום בשולי עכו"ם. ואף על פי שאין בדבר ראיה מכרעת דאי מדאמרינן צרכי חולה נעשין על ידי גוי בשבת ההיא אפשר לאוקמי בדברים שאיו בהם משום בישולי עכו״ם. אלא דכיון דסתמא איתמר הראשונים שהנהיגו כן לא ראו לחלק דכיון דהדבר מותר בעצמו, לא רצו להחמיר בו יותר מפני שהוא בשולי גוים ממעשה שבת. והרא״ה כתב דאפשר דטעמא משום דגוי המבשל לחולה בשבת שהיא שעה שאין אנו יכולין לבשל, בישולי עכו״ם כי האי לא מיתסרי משום חתנות. וע"ש שכ' נ"מ בין הטעמים אי מותר לבריא במוצ"ש דלדעת הרא"ה אין כאן איסור כלל. ומשמע מכאן דלא התירו לחולה שאב"ס לאכול איסור דרבנן אפילו בישול עכו"ם, חוץ משבת. וכ"כ הפמ"ג במשב"ז (ס"ק י"ד) ובמשנ"ב (ס"ק ס"ג). וע"ע ברמ״א יו״ד (סימן קי״ג סעיף ט״ז) שמתיר אפילו בריא לאכלו במוצ"ש. אמנם עי' בט"ז (ס"ק ט"ו) שהביא מהרשב״א דבמוצ״ש חוזר לאיסורו ואפי׳ לחולה עצמו אסור וכ"פ הט"ז והמשנ"ב (שם). 6. שו"ע יו"ד (שם) מביא ב' דעות ושי' ראשונה בסתם ולהחמיר. ועי׳ ש״ך (ס״ק כ׳) דאפילו כשבשלו גויים לעצמן אוסר הכלים. וכ״פ המשנ״ב (שם) להכשיר הכלים למוצ"ש לכה"פ לכתחילה אפילו במקום שנתבשל לחולה בהיתר. אמנם יש מן הפוסקים המקילין, עי׳ נקה״כ יו״ד (שם) ובשערי ציון (ס״ק מ״א). וע״ש במשנ״ב (שם) דבמקום שיש רב בתבשיל מותר בדיעבד עכת״ד. ויש להעיר דלכאורה תמיד יש רב בתבשיל נגד בכלי כי סתם כלי יש בתוכו ל׳ נגד דופני הכלי כדאיתא במחצית השקל (סימן תנ״א ס״ק מ׳) ובפרי מגדים

הנהגות או"ה (סדר ב' אות ל"ו) והכי איתא בשו"ת

1. גמ' קידושין (ל"א:) ת"ר איזהו מורא ואיזהו כבוד וכו' כבוד מאכיל ומשקה מלביש ומכסה מכניס ומוציא. 2. שו"ע יו"ד (סימן ר"מ סעיף ה') וז"ל זה שמאכילו ומשקהו משל אב ואם אם יש לו, ואם אין לאב ויש . לבן כופין אותו וזן אביו כפי מה שהוא יכול עכ״ל. הרמ״א מוסיף ז״ל וי״א דאינו חייב ליתן לו רק מה שמחוייב ליתן לצדקה. ומ״מ אם ידו משגת תבא מארה למי שמפרנס אביו ממעות צדקה שלו וכו׳ ע"עש. ועי' עש"ר (ס"ק ו') שמביא דברי הד"מ ומשמע ששי׳ זה הי״א באמת חולק על שי׳ הראשונה ובמקום שאין צריך לחזור על הפתחים עדיין א״צ לתת אלא מדין צדקה ע״ש. 3. שו"ע יו"ד (סימן קי"ג סעיף א')

4. לענין שלחן מלכים בחרתי בלשון "באנקוויט" דהיינו משתה של קיבוץ אנשים לסעושה חשובה. ומדברי הפוסקים למדנו דענין זה תלוי לפי המקום והזמן עי׳ מנחת יעקב (סולת למנחה כלל ע״ה דין ט״ז), פרי חדש (ס"ק כ"ב), ברכי יוסף בשם הרד"ק (סימו קי"ג ס"ק ט'), ובכף החיים (ס"ק ה'-ו'). אמנם ראיתי דברים תמוהים בסוף ספר בישול ישראל (תשובה שלישית) שכ׳ הרה״ג ר׳ פסח אליהו פאלק זצ״ל בעמח״ס מחזה אליהו וז״ל אזכיר מה דמצער אותי טובא בענין זה של עולה על שולחן מלכים דמקובל אצל הרבה ת״ח ורבנים שהגדר של עולה וכו׳ הוא נשאנו מגינשים מאכל זה בחתונה דהיינו לפני קיבוץ של אורחים מכובדים דחתונה דידן כשולחן מלכים דמי ולא אדע מי גילה להם סוד זה דבר שאיו לו מקור כלל וכלל וכו׳ ע״ש שבנה תמיהתו מדברי האו"ה (סימן מ"ג אות ב') בשם הרמב"ם ז"ל שאין איסור בישולי עכו"ם אלא בדבר שיש בו השתי צדדין אינו נאכל כמות שהוא חי ועולה על שלחו שרים ללפת בו את הפת דבזה יש לחוש שמא יזמינו הכנעני עליו וכו׳ ועולה על שלחן שרים פי׳ הרמב״ם (פרק ט״ז...צ״ל פרק י״ז הלכה ט״ו) אפילו שאינו עיקר הסעודה כגון מיני קטניות וקרבי דגים וחגבים וכן כל כיוצא בהן מ״מ עולה הוא משום פרפרת ודרך אדם להזמין חבירו עליו וה״ה בני מעיים של בהמה וכה"ג אע"פ שאין הדבר ראוי ליתן לפני אורחים נכבדים ואפילו כמהין ואפילו פטריות דהם עולין משום פרפרת עכ״ל. ובנה יסודו מהא דאסר בני מעיים והיה משמע לו דהיינו משום דדרך אדם להזמין חבירו עליו אע״פ דאינו מזמין אורחים נכבדים. ויצא מזה לאסור תירס באנגליא מפני שהוא מאכל שמזמין חבריו עליו. ובאמת לא אבין טענתו ומצאנו מקורות נאמנות וחשובות וביניהם מצאנו פירוש לדברי האו״ה, ואלו הם: א) מדברי התוס׳ ע"ז (ל"א.) ד"ה ותרוייהו שכ' בפשיטות דשכר אינו עולה על שולחן מלכים אע״פ שמזמינים חבריו עליו בכל מקום ובכל זמן. ב) מדברי הפר״ח (סימן קי״ג ס"ק ב') דכ' בהא דאסר האו"ה את קרבי בהמה שהוא מפני לא פלוג רבנו בבשר וכל מיו בשר אסרו. הרי לא אסר האו״ה משום שמזמינים חבירו עליו כי באמת אינו חשוב, ואולי גם לא מזמינים חבירו עליו, רק משום פרפרת ומשום לא פלוג בבשר. ג) מהא

דחקרו האחרונים באם מלכים דוקא או גם שרים





BY RABBI MOSHE BILLER

Pass the giraffe meat please.

Is it possible that a kosher meat-board might someday feature meat from a has two ossicones¹³ on its head, the giraffe? There has been much discussion third smaller bump protruding from about the kashrus of the giraffe. Some its forehead is the single "horn" in the of the questions this article will address Gemara's description of the keresh. 14 This include whether a giraffe is, in fact, a theory is substantiated by the suggestion kosher animal; the proper location to that is found in the Yerushalmi Shabbos¹⁵ perform shechita along its long neck; that the keresh is the same animal as and whether it is categorized as a חיה the tachash mentioned in the Torah (non-domesticated animal), whose חלב (forbidden fats) are actually permitted, or as a בהמה (domesticated animal), whose single horn aside from two others which ו n is forbidden.

domesticated animals - חיות - and within apparent in the giraffe. The keresh is the list is the זמר. Rabbeinu Saadya Gaon described as a gigantic animal. The identifies this animal as the זראפ״ה. Gemara in Bava Basra describes the which was understood by scholars horn of the keresh as ugly and blackening as a well-known animal whose skin is in colour. 19 The tachash is beautified by spotted, whose arms are longer than its its many patterns.²⁰ Indeed, Sefer Divrei legs, whose neck is elongated and whose Yehosef (Shvartz) testified that in the horns are short.³ Rav Dovid Kimche in year 5614 they brought several giraffes his Sefer Shoroshim, in the name of to Eretz Yisroel through Egypt and that Rabbeinu Yonah, translates the זמר he inspected them and determined Arabic as זוראפ״ה. The Tashbet"z calls that they contain all the signs that are the זמר an אלזראפ״ה whose neck is long required in a kosher animal.²¹ and whose body is huge such that she can be standing inside the "wall" while her head is sticking up outside the "wall".5 From these descriptions of the זמר we can easily theorize that the identity of this animal is the giraffe and that it is a kosher animal.6

That said, there is an early opinion which calls this theory into question. The Ibn Ezra⁷ says that although we know the identity of two of the חיות mentioned in the Torah; the איל, a gazelle, and צבי, a deer; the identity of the other five, including the זמר, are unknown to us. To consume one of the other five animals, we would need to have a broad consensus, from shochtim and rabbonim, identifying the animal as one that was shechted and consumed by Jewish communities. Since there is no such consensus, we not consumed because we do not know would have to assume that the giraffe the correct place on their long neck to is not a kosher animal. This is also the perform shechita. However, this is far opinion of the Chezkuni.8

However, even if we cannot identify the entire neck is kosher for shechita.²² זמר as the giraffe with absolute certainty, perhaps we can still consider it a kosher

If the giraffe contains all the signs of animal. After all, it is the biggest ruminant a kosher חיה and the entire neck is that has split hooves.9 Rabbi Amitai Ben kosher for shechita then what is the David, author of Sichos Chullin, suggests reason we do not *shecht* and consume that the חיה called the keresh described giraffes? Perhaps it is because there is

in the Gemara Chullin as a wild deer with a single horn and which is sixteen amos (cubits) long¹⁰ and is kosher¹¹, is the giraffe.¹² Rabbi Ben David explains in a beautiful piece that while the giraffe regarding covering of the Mishkan. The tachash, too, is described as having a protrude from its head.¹⁶ The various characteristics that we find regarding The Torah lists seven kosher non- both the keresh and tachash are strikingly

> Some believe that giraffes are not consumed because we do not know the correct place on their long neck to perform shechita. However, this is far from the truth.

There is a common misconception about the kashrus of giraffes that needs to be dispelled. Some believe that giraffes are from the truth, as it is clearly stated in the Gemara and Shulchan Aruch that the

no "mesorah" - tradition - to shecht them. the animal contained simanai kashrus.²⁶ When it comes to birds, the Torah does not
It would be sensible to say that American list simanai kashrus. Instead, there is a long list of non-kosher birds while all other birds are kosher. Since we are not sure of the While it is true that there is no tradition to identity of all the non-kosher birds listed in shecht the giraffe, this may be because it the Torah, we require a *mesorah* to consider was not available to Jewish communities a bird kosher.²⁴ However, when it comes to in Europe and elsewhere throughout the an animal, the requirement of *mesorah* on generations. top of the simanai kashrus is the subject of a dispute, and the custom amongst the communities of Lita was to be stringent according to their Posek, the Chaye Odom.²⁵ However, other European communities did not require a specific tradition as long as to shecht them it is likely that giraffe meat

communities whose roots are from those communities have the right to be lenient.²⁷

So why do we not *shecht* and consume the giraffe? The answer may be as simple as the fact that they are not bred in America and are not economical. If we were to try

would be too costly to offer to the masses. Furthermore, since they did not shecht giraffe throughout the generations and there is no tradition, we would not be able to apply the leniency of the חיה to the giraffe and the consumption of its חלב would be forbidden.²⁸ In addition, we would have to act stringently and perform כיסוי הדם which is a requirement for kosher birds and חיות.

RABBI MOSHE BILLER

Rav Hamachshir Shechita

הש״ך ז״ל בסימני חיה ובהמה לא הוזכר כלל שאינו נאכל אלא במסורה ובהמה בודאי אין בקיאות להכיר בין מפרסת פרסה ומעלת גרה. וגם אם מקובלים אנו במין זה שהוא נוהור עדייו צריכים אנו להכיר אי חיה או רהמה היא אלא דאיהו נמי הכי קאמר כיון שרבו בו הפירושים אין לאכול את החלב שמותר בחיה אלא במסורת דאנו איו בהיאים במילע חירהייהו ושאר סימנים ע״כ. דהיינו שחולק על הש״ך שבעצם לא צריכים מסורה לחיה וכל שיש לה סימני טהרה טהור היא רק צריכים מסורת להתיר חלר דחיה. אמנח עי׳ חכמת אדח (כלל ל״ו אות א' ואות ו') שפוסק בפשיטות דלא כהפרי מגדים וסובר כהש"ך ז"ל ולפי שאין אנו אוכלים אלא מה שקיבלנו במסורת מאבותינו אם כן אסור לנו לאכול מן החיות רק הצבי שניכר לנו ולכן לא העתקתי בסימנים עכ״ל. ולפ״ז הגיראף אסור. אבל הכו״פ בכרתי (אות ב׳) נקט בפשיטות כהפרי מגדים שרק כדי לאכול את חלבה צריך מסורה. אבל להתיר את בשרה לאכילה לא צריך על זה מסורה. וכן מביאו הדרכי תשובה את הפרי מגדים הנ"ל בלי שום חולה. אמנם ידועים לנו את דברי מרו החזון איש בתשובתיו בענין שאחד רצה להביא לארץ

ישראל מין חדש של בהמה שהיה שונה משאר בהמות וחיות שאין לאכול שום בהמה או חיה אם אין להם מסורה. וז״ל שם אחרי שידוע לנו במה החמירו רבותינו הקדושים הראשונים והאחרונים שלא לאכול שלא לפרוץ גדר שגדרו ז״ל א״כ אין לנו לנטות מדברי החכמת אדם שקבע בספרו שמנהגינו שלא לאכול בהמה וחיות אלא במסורה. וכפשטות דברי הש"ך בסימן פ בס"ק א", ודלא כהפרי מגדים כאן. ואין כוונתו שלא לקבל חיות חדשים אבל בהמות כן אפשר, אלא בכל אופן אין אנו מקבלים שום מין חדש. ואף לדברי הפרי מגדים לדידן אסור משום מנהג שקבע בחכמת אדם וספרו התפשט בדורו בכל מדינות ליטא. אבל העיקר שדברי הש״ך הן כפירוש החכמת אדם ואין לפרוץ גדר במנהגן של ישראל ואין לנו שום הכרח לזה. ודי לנו בבקר וצאן שיש לנו מסורה עליהם עכ"ל. ובכן כדי לאכול בשר הגיראף צריך מסורה. 26. עי׳ שו״ת שבט הלוי חלה י׳ (סימו הי״ד) וז״ל דגם לדעת החזון איש דברי החכמת אדם לא נתפשט בכל

העולם ורק במדינת ליטא. ואף שדברי הש״ך מקובלים לדורות עולם. מ״מ יש לנו את העדות של הפרי מגדים ואלו הגאונים שנהרו אחריו כמאה עדים שאין מסורת כזאת על כל פנים במדינתינו ואוכלים מה שברור טהור. ושתיקת הרמ״א (סימו פ׳) הוא כסינו מובהק דלא היה מסורה כזו במדינתו וכו׳. ובכזה פשוט דהודאי של שאר הארצות מכריע נגד ספק של ארץ ליטא דחזרינן לגוף דין תורה שאיו מקום כלל להחמיר בבהמות וחיות טהורות שסמניהם בדוקים וברורים גם בזמן הזה עכ״ל. הרי לפי דבריו אין איסור לאכול בשר הגיראף משום שיש לה את כל הסימני כשרות.

27. שו"ת שבט הלוי (שם) וכיון שכן דבריכם עכ"פ ברורים לארץ אמריקה שיש בנוסף להנ״ל עוד סמיכת דעת שא״צ כלל מסורה וכו׳ 28. משום שלדברי הכל, כולל הפרי מגדים, צריכין מסורה

לאכול חלב של החיה וככל הנ״ל.

17. ומסיים בספר שיחת חולין (שם) שזה הג׳ירפה שכל תיאורי התחש והקרש יש להם משום שיש לה במצחה קרן קטנה בנוסף להשתי הקרנות שיש לה, ועור של גופה הוא בעל גוונים יפים. והיא גבוהה מאד. ועורה אינה מחזיק את בשרה כצבי, והוא חיה טהורה ויש לה כל סימני טהורה, והיא מעלת גרה, ואין לה שיניים למעלה. והוא שוסעת שסע פרסות. ובשרה שתחת העוקץ הולכת שתי וערב. וכ׳ שם דהוא בעצמו בדק הג׳ירפה והיה לו את כל סימני טהרה. ובסוף הספר בהערות מביא בשם הרב של עדת התימנים הרב עזרה בסיס שלתמנים יש להם מסורה על זה.

ד״ה קרנא דקרש מין חיה וקרניה משחירין. 20. פירש"י שמות (פרק כ"ה פסוק ה") מין חיה ולא היתה אלא לשעה והרבה גוונים היו לה. לכר מתרגם ססגונא ששש ומתפאר בגוונין שלו עכ״ל. ושמא יש לפרש גוונים כמו תבניות (patterns) ולא צבעים כפשוטו (הגה״ה מר׳ צבי הבר).

18. ערוך ערך קרש

21. דברי יוסף (דף קנ״ט) שבשנת תרי״ד באו כמה ג׳רפות חיות לארץ ישראל דרך מצרים והוא ראה אותם ובדקן ומצא שיש לו כל סימני טהורות. והבעל שיחת חוליו כתב שלפני קצת זמן מתה ג׳ירפה באחד מגן החיות שבארץ ישראל ובדקו והיה לה כל סימני כשרות וגם היה לה מספר עצמות בצאורה כמו אצל כל חיה. וגם בשרה הולכת שתי וערב כמו שמבואר בגמ' חוליו (נ"ט:). ובשו"ע (סימן פ׳ סעי׳ ד׳) כ׳ הקרש אע"פ שאין לו אלא קרו אחת ה״ה חיה.

22. גמ' חולין (מ"ה.) כל הצואר כשר לשחיטה מטבעת הגדולה עד כנפי הריאה. וכ״ה בשלחן ערוך (סימן כ׳). 23. ז"ל שו"ע יו"ד (סימן פ סעיף א') חיה טהורה חלבה מותר ודמה אסורה וטעון כיסוי. והחכמים נתנו סימנים מפי השמועה בקרנותיה אם הם מפוצלות ודאי חיה טהורה היא ואם אינה מפוצלות אז צריך שיהיה להם שלשה סימנים כרוכות והדורות וחרוקות פירוש כרוכות שקרניה עשיות גלדים כבצלות. הדורות פירוש שהם עגלות ולא רחבים. וחרוקות היינו שיש להם חריצים סביבם תכופים ומובלעים זה בזה. ואם חסב אחד מאלו הסימנים חלבם אסור עכ״ל.

24. שו"ע (סימן פ"ב סעיף א'-ב') סימני עוף טהור לא נתפרש מן התורה. אלא מנה מינים טמאים בלבד ושאר מיני העוף מותרים. והמינים האסורים ארבעה ועשרים האמורים בתורה. כל מי שהוא בקי באותם מינים ובשמותם הר״ז אוכל כל עוף שאינו מהם ואינו צריר בדיקה. ועוף טהור נאכל במסורת והוא שיהיה דבר פשוט באותו מקום שזה עוף טהור ונאמן הצייד לומר עוף זה התיר לי רבי הצייד והוא שיוחזק אותו צייד שהוא בקי בסימני נומאים האמורים בתוכה ובשמותיהם וכו׳. .25 עי' ש"ך (סימן פ' ס"ק א') ז"ל ועי' בפירוש הדברים על זה בב"י ולפי שאין לנו עתה אלא מה שקיבלנו במסורת וכדלקמן גבי סימני העוף בסימן פ״ב קצרתי עכ״ל. ומה שהבאנו לעיל בשם השיחת חולין ששמע מאיזה

זקן תימני שיש לו מסורה על הגיראף שזה טהור צ״ע.

ומצד שני עי' פרי מגדים שפ״ד (ס״ק א׳) שחולק על

1. דברים (פרק י"ד פסוק כ"ג) 2. פירוש רס"ג עה"ת (שם)

3. הערותיו של רבי יהודה קאפח על פירוש רס״ג 4. רד"ק בספר שרשים, ועי' בדפוס ברלין שנת 1847 אות ז' הערה 2 ששם קרא אותה בשפת לאטינית בשם Giraffe

5. יביו שמועה להתשב"ץ הלכות טביפות (פרק א' הלכה ד') 6. בתרגום אונקלוס ויונתן בן עוזיאל על זמר כתבו שהיא לשון דיצא או דיצין, דהיינו מלשון שמחה. ומבאר הרוקח עה״ת דהנועם ועוקרא הגיראף כו הוא מנעום נעינע לו נטיה לזמר. וכשרוצים לתפסו מזמרים לפניו ושני ציידים הולכים לפניו ואחד שר בשריקה והשני מתקרב אליו ותופסו עכ״ל. וכן הוא בסידור רבינו שלמה ברבי נתן והוא אחד מהקדמונים על הלכות שחיטה (פרק כ״ד) כשמבאר הלכות חלב מבאר בפשיטות שהגיראפף הוא

מהחיות טהורות שאינו צריך ניקור מחלב. 7. פירושו עה"ת (שם) ז"ל והחמשה האחרים צריכים קבלה עכ״ל. דהיינו שכדי לאכלו היינו צריכים קבלה איש מפי איש לדעת על איזה חיה מדברת התורה והרי איו לנו מסורה על הגירא״ף.

8. ז״ל החזקוני עה״ת זמר לא איתפריש. וכן משמע מרש"י חולין (פ.) ד"ה דילמא מיני דאקו נינהו דכ׳ דלא ידעינן מאי נינהו או תאו או זמר דלא בקיאינן בהו ודילמא הני נינהו עכ״ל. משמע דאין אנו יודעים מה היא ועל כן יהיה אסור לנו לאוכלם.

https://www.kashrut.com/articles/giraffe .9

.10 חולין (נ״ט:) 11. שו"ע יו"ד (סימן פ׳ סעיף ד׳)

.12 ספר שיחת חולין על מס׳ חולין (עמוד תי״ז)

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ossicone .13

אם (ט״ז.) משמע בסוף פ״ק דב״ב (ט״ז.) משמע 14. ז״ל הספר הנ״ל שקרנו של הקרש מכוערת. ופירש״י שם שקרניה משחירים כמו צבע. ורבינו גרשום פירש שיש בה כמה גוונים. ותחילה הוקשה לי לשון רש"י שם וקרניה משחירים לשון רבים שהרי יש לקרש רק קרן אחת? ואחר חשבתי ליישב שהרי פירש מהר״ם שיף לקמן . גבי שור שהקריב אדה״ר שגם בו א״ר יהודה קרן אחת היתה לו במצחו. והקשה שאח״כ אמר בלשוו רבים קרניו קודמות לפרסותיו. ויישב שמה שאמר קרן אחת היתה לו במצחו היינו אחת נוספת שלישית בנוסף לשתים הרגילות. והוסיף שכן היה גם בתחש ששנו בשבת (כ״ח:). והביאו חולין (נ״ט:) בתוס׳ ד״ה וקרש. וממה שהקשו בתוס׳ (שם) מתחש על קרש יצא א״כ שגם קרני הקרש כו הו שתים רגילות ואחת נוספת במצחו. ובפרט לפי״ד ר׳ אבון בירושלמי שבת (פרק ב' הלכה ג') שתחש הוא קרש, וקרש הוא שם אחר לתחש. ולפ״ז חשבתי לומר שהרי יש חיה כזו גם בימינו שיש לה בראשה שתי קרנים ובמצחה קרן קטנה שלישית <u>והיא החיה הקרויה גירפה</u> שכל תיאורי התחש והקרש מתאימים לה שלירושלמי אחד הם ולבבלי נוכל לומר ששני מינים קרובים הם קרניה קטנות, מכוערות ומשחירות, עור גופה היינו בעל גוונים יפים

> במחזיק ברכה או"ח (סימן תקפ"ו) 16. עי' בהערה 8 ע"פ המהר"ם שי"ף

15. ירושלמי שבת (פרק ב' הלכה ג') ועי' ברכי יוסף



Olive Branch

A FRESH APPROACH TO KOSHER RETAIL



A JOURNEY TO KOSHER RETAIL

Lesnick, a seasoned veteran of the grocery industry, began his career over two decades ago working at Loblaws. His path led him to franchise No Frills stores, including one at Bathurst and Center Street. It was there, in 2017, that Lesnick was introduced to the Jewish community. "I was warmly welcomed," he recalls. "It became clear to me how essential kosher food was for the Jewish community, and I saw an opportunity to make it more affordable."

In 2019, after two years at No Frills, Lesnick took a leap of faith. Backed by an investment group, primarily from New York led by Henry Kauftheil, he embarked on the ambitious project of creating Toronto's largest kosher grocery store. Five years of planning, designing, and navigating challenges culminated in the opening of Olive Branch at the Promenade Mall

OVERCOMING CHALLENGES

Building a store of this magnitude was no easy feat. COVID-19, construction

delays, and the intricacies of designing a fully kosher store posed significant hurdles. "The store was supposed to open a couple of years ago," Lesnick explains. "But everything happens for a reason, and we persevered."

One of the key components of the store's success was its partnership with COR, ensuring the highest standards of kashrut throughout the store's many departments. From operational decisions to design, COR played an integral role, offering guidance at every step.

A COMMUNITY-DRIVEN APPROACH

Since its opening, Olive Branch has received overwhelming support from the community. Events like menorah lightings during Hanukkah and the innovative "Checkout for Change" program have cemented the store's place as a community hub.

"Checkout for Change" empowers customers to give back to the community. By signing up for a loyalty app, customers can select an organization they wish to support. Olive Branch donates 1% of their purchases to that organization. To date, over 125 charities, schools, and synagogues have joined the program. "It's free for organizations to participate," Lesnick emphasizes, "and it's a way for us to generate hundreds of thousands of dollars for the community."

WHAT SETS OLIVE BRANCH APART

Olive Branch is more than just a grocery store; it's a fully kosher market, closed on

Shabbat, with COR supervision during all operating hours. "Nothing happens in the store that isn't under supervision." Lesnick says. Unlike many stores that merely sell kosher products, Olive Branch is dedicated entirely to kosher food, offering a unique shopping experience.

The store features:

- full-service butcher shop with fresh cuts of meat and custom packaging
- fresh fish market with a wide variety of options
- fully kosher meat kitchen, preparing meals daily from in-store ingredients
- sushi department, bakery, and a soon-to-launch juicing bar

A standout initiative has been Olive Branch's private-label chalav Yisroel cheese line. Partnering with COR, the store introduced a high-quality kosher cheese at reduced prices. "This has been a major milestone for us," Lesnick notes. "It's allowed us to make premium kosher cheese more affordable"

TACKLING KOSHER COSTS

One of Lesnick's driving motivations is to make kosher food more accessible. "The high cost of kosher food often stems from limited distributors who dominate the market," he explains. "As an independent retailer, we don't have to feed profits to a large corporation. This allows us to focus on affordability."

This commitment to affordability extends to Olive Branch's service departments, such as prepared foods, fresh meats, and baked goods. "It's

wrong for people to pay more for food because of their religion," Lesnick asserts. "That's why I left No Frills and pursued this venture."

LISTENING TO THE COMMUNITY

Olive Branch's customer-centric model has been key to its success. The store actively solicits feedback from the community, using it to refine its offerings. "Every week, we add new items based on customer input," Lesnick says. "This isn't a top-down store; it's a bottom-up, participative model."

The store's team of over 100 employees shares this commitment to community. "They are the backbone of Olive Branch," Lesnick affirms. "Their dedication has brought this vision to life."

PARTNERSHIP WITH COR

For Justin Lesnick, the relationship with COR has been vital to Olive Branch's success. Whether it is working with Rabbi Tsvi Heber, Richard Rabkin or Rabbi Noam Gottlieb from the head office, or collaborating with the mashgichim in the store, including Rabbi Gavriel Zurrugh, the partnership is strong and deeply valued. Lesnick fondly recalls the early days when Rabbi Heber and Richard visited the site during its construction, marveling at how far they have come since then.

"COR is thrilled to see the City of Toronto benefit from an establishment like Olive Branch," said Rabbi Heber, "Their dedication to kashrus and commitment to excellence are very much appreciated and we look forward to the continued positive impact Olive Branch will have on the community."

LOOKING AHEAD

The future is bright for Olive Branch. Plans are underway to introduce a "Shop and Walk" program, where customers can shop in-store and have their groceries delivered. An online ordering platform and catering services are also in development. The addition of underground parking will further enhance convenience for shoppers.

"Everything we do is rooted in quality, service, and community," Lesnick says. "This store truly belongs to the community, and we're here for the long

With its innovative programs, unwavering commitment to kashrut, and focus on affordability, Olive Branch has already made a significant impact. It stands as a testament to what can be achieved when passion and community come together.

"Everything we do is rooted in quality, service, and community This store truly belongs to the community, and we're here for the long haul."



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Meating the Challenge

THE STORY OF SHEFA MEATS



In Toronto's kosher food scene, one name has become synonymous with kosher meat: Shefa. From its origins as a small butcher shop on Wilson Avenue, Shefa Meats has grown into a cornerstone of the Jewish community, serving not only the Greater Toronto Area but many Jewish communities across the country.

"We started in the 1990s with a small storefront," recalls Yaakov Luss, owner of Shefa Meats. "Tzvi Hirschman bought the shop from Mr. Goldstein, and I joined about a year later. I had worked in my father's butcher shop in Detroit after getting married, so I brought that experience with me when my wife and I moved to Toronto."

As the kosher meat market evolved, so did Shefa. In the late 1990s, the team recognized that consumer habits were shifting away from specialty shops toward supermarkets. "We realized that the future of the kosher meat business was in supermarkets," explains Luss. This led to the construction of a federally inspected facility in 1999, a move that allowed Shefa to expand its reach to nursing homes, hospitals, and institutional clients while continuing to cater to local consumers.

By 2006, Shefa Meats had outgrown its initial space and expanded to occupy its entire facility. This allowed the company to process a wider range of meats, introduce new products, and even venture into exports.

THE CHALLENGES OF THE KOSHER MEAT BUSINESS

While Shefa Meats has thrived, the kosher meat industry as a whole has faced significant challenges. "Initially, there were multiple shechitas in town," Luss recalls. "Over time, many closed due to various reasons. Some were family businesses run by older generations whose children chose other careers, while others faced financial difficulties or unfortunate circumstances, like fires."

The meat business is tough, and kosher adds an extra layer of complexity. "Kosher meat is expensive because the process is so labour-intensive and highly selective." Luss explains. "Only about 20–30% of the cattle meet kosher standards, and even then, we only use the foreguarters, which further reduces the yield. Add to that the requirements of kosher slaughter such as having qualified shochtim and mashgichim, and you understand why the cost is higher."

The regulatory environment has also added complexities. Because of the Canadian Food Inspection Agency's onerous restrictions, many slaughterhouses closed their doors to kosher. In addition, large-scale meat producers that have economies of scale and historically carved out space for faith-based communities are moving towards Halal because of the growing market. "By contrast, we do everything under one roof-poultry, beef, veal, and more. It's a smaller scale with fewer resources and higher costs," Luss says.

UPHOLDING KASHRUT STANDARDS

Despite the challenges, Shefa Meats has remained steadfast in its commitment to kashrut. The company works closely with COR's Rav HaMachshir for Shechita, Rabbi Moshe Biller, to maintain the highest standards. "COR values our longstanding relationship with Shefa," says Rabbi Biller. "I enjoy working with Mr. Luss to ensure Shefa provides kosher meat of the highest standards that can be relied upon by all of the groups in our community. We appreciate their dedication to the community and to kashrus."

For Luss, this commitment is deeply personal. "I grew up in this business. My father ran a local shechita, and it was always important to know and trust the people involved," he says. "I rely on our shochtim and mashgichim, and they rely on me. Selling a product I believe in is a responsibility I take very seriously."

Local shechita, in Luss's view, offers significant advantages. "Having a local operation means greater oversight," he explains. "Rabbonim can visit regularly to inspect the process, and the *shochtim* can work closer to home and their families. It's also better for quality—we know exactly where the meat is coming from, and Canadian and American beef standards are often higher than elsewhere." Luss adds that Canadian beef even has advantages over American beef. "The regulatory agencies in Canada are strict and they don't allow certain preservatives at the same levels as they do in the United States so the Canadian product itself is superior."

INNOVATIONS FOR MODERN FAMILIES

Recognizing the changing needs of today's consumers, Shefa Meats has introduced a range of ready-to-cook and affordable products, including pulled beef, pulled chicken, deli rolls, and gourmet hamburgers. These offerings save time and effort while maintaining Shefa's signature quality.

"My sons, Ephraim and Shlomie, have brought fresh ideas to the table," says Luss. "It's been rewarding to see their innovations succeed. The younger generation has a different perspective, and sometimes, as a parent, you need to step back and trust them.'

SUPPORTING SMALLER **JEWISH COMMUNITIES**

While Shefa Meats is firmly rooted in Toronto, its impact extends far beyond the city. The company has made it a priority to support smaller Jewish communities across Canada, from Halifax to towns out west.

"Shipping to these areas can be expensive, but it's important to make kosher meat accessible to Jews everywhere," Luss explains. "We've worked on packaging that lasts longer in freezers, so families in remote areas can stock up when they do get shipments. It doesn't always make financial sense, but serving these communities is something we take pride in."

A VISION FOR THE FUTURE

Looking ahead, Luss envisions a continued focus on convenience and quality in the kosher meat industry. "Ready-made and guick-to-prepare meals will likely dominate," he predicts. At the same time, the availability of kosher food in major supermarkets like Sobeys, Costco, and Loblaws has already transformed the landscape, making kosher meat more accessible than ever before.

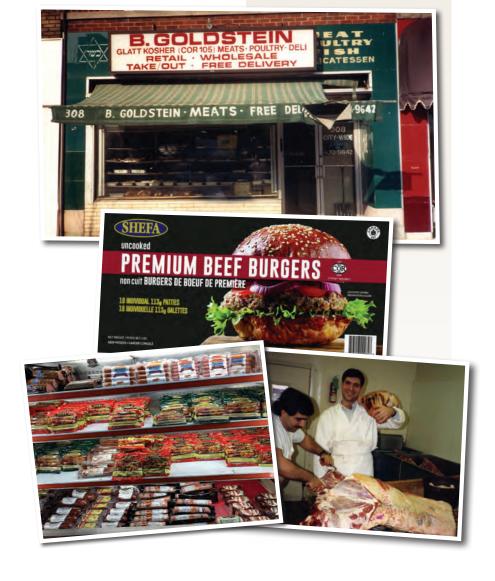
"Today, you can walk into a supermarket and find a wide variety of kosher cuts," Luss says. "That wasn't the case 30 years ago, and it's a testament to how far the industry has come."

A LEGACY OF DEDICATION

For Luss, Shefa Meats is more than a business-it's a legacy. "When you sell a product, you have to believe in it fully," he says. "That's why we work so hard to uphold the standards that our customers rely on."

From its humble beginnings on Wilson Avenue to its role as a leader in the kosher meat industry, Shefa Meats exemplifies dedication, innovation, and community. As Luss puts it, "It's not just about meat-it's about ensuring that every family, not just in Toronto but across the country, can access kosher food they trust." ■

"It's not just about meat-it's about ensuring that every family, not just in Toronto but across the country, can access kosher food they trust."



Beyond Delish

KOSHER CATERING WITH CREATIVITY AND CARE

Kosher food lovers in Toronto have a new go-to destination that combines creativity, quality, and affordability: Beyond Delish. Situated just below Bathurst & Steeles, this culinary gem is raising the bar for kosher dining with a unique mix of artistic presentation, high kashrut standards, and mouthwatering flavours. Whether you're planning a Shabbat dinner, need event catering, or want corporate meals delivered to your workplace, Beyond Delish is adding its new take on what it means to serve the kosher community with excellence.

FLAIR AND CRAFTMANSHIP

Beyond Delish isn't just a catering company; it's a culinary experience. Known for their premium takeout, Shabbat meals, and event catering, they pride themselves on offering dishes that delight not just the palate but also the eyes. Every meal is thoughtfully crafted, blending high-quality ingredients with an artistic flair that transforms everyday dining into something truly special.

INNOVATION FOR THE ADVENTUROUS PALATE

What sets Beyond Delish apart is their dedication to creating unique and exciting kosher dishes. "We are a team of chefs and restaurant innovators who had a dream," Jeff and Rita Yusufov, owners of Beyond Delish, explain. "We wanted to create a catering company that would satisfy even the most demanding foodies." This vision has translated into a menu full of bold, original flavors and dishes that push the boundaries of traditional kosher offerings. For kosher diners craving variety and innovation, Beyond Delish is a culinary experience.

AFFORDABLE INDULGENCE

Dining out can sometimes come with a hefty price tag, but Beyond Delish wants to change that narrative. One of their core missions is to make delicious, high-quality kosher meals accessible to everyone. "We pride ourselves on pleasing the most diverse and picky palates on a budget," the Yusufovs share. By offering

affordable options without compromising on quality, Beyond Delish ensures more families can enjoy their innovative cuisine without breaking the bank.

KOSHER OPTIONS AT WORK

For those who work outside Toronto's Jewish neighborhoods, finding kosher meals during the workday can be a challenge. Beyond Delish has stepped in to fill that gap with corporate catering services available across the Greater Toronto Area. Whether it's for an office lunch or a professional event, Beyond Delish delivers cost-effective kosher meals directly to your workplace.

COR CONNECTION

For Jeff and Rita Yusufov, owners of Beyond Delish, working with COR has been an invaluable part of their journey. "Our relationship with COR has been truly amazing," says Jeff Yusufov. "Whether it's Rabbi Heber or the dedicated *mashgichim* who work with us daily, they've always been there to help, guide, and support







us. Their expertise and commitment have given us the confidence to serve the kosher community with the highest standards."

Rabbi Tsvi Heber, COR's Director of Community Kosher, shares the same appreciation for Beyond Delish. "It's been a pleasure to work with Jeff and Rita," says Rabbi Heber. "Their passion for their food, dedication to kashrut, and unwavering commitment to serving the kosher community are evident in everything they do. We look forward to seeing their continued growth and the impact they will undoubtedly make."

ACCOMMODATING DIETARY NEEDS WITH CARE

Beyond Delish understands the importance of catering to individual dietary sensitivities and allergies. Especially at events or corporate gatherings, they ensure that no guest is left without a safe and satisfying meal. "Our team is committed to helping you every step of the way," they explain. "We are happy to accommodate any allergy or dietary requirement you or your guests may have." This personalized

approach has earned Beyond Delish a loyal following among those seeking inclusivity in their dining experience.

From Shabbat dinners to workplace meals, Beyond Delish is adding to the kosher catering landscape with their unique blend of artistry, innovation, and care.

Beyond Delish can be reached via their website: www.beyonddelish.ca





Whether you're planning a Shabbat dinner, need event catering, or want corporate meals delivered to your workplace, Beyond Delish is adding its new take on what it means to serve the kosher community with excellence.



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Kvas

Kvas stands out not just for its rich history

rooted in Russian tradition but also for

its commitment to using only natural

ingredients. As the only company in North

America to produce this unique beverage

according to its founder Yafım Kaplan, All

Stars Beverages is revitalizing an ancient

recipe while offering a healthier alternative

The story of Kvas began with Yafım's

passion for producing high-quality rye bread, a staple in Russian culture.

Traditionally, Kvas is made using old rye

bread that has passed its prime, combined

with additional natural ingredients.

The recipe, a closely guarded secret,

transforms these simple components

into a one-of-a-kind beverage. What sets Kvas apart is its dedication to

simplicity and health, ensuring the drink

remains free from artificial additives and

FROM TRADITION TO INNOVATION

Inspired by the age-old practice of

turning bread into Kvas, Yafım saw an

opportunity to bring this historic drink

to North America. "Kvas is more than

just a beverage," Yafım shares. "It's a

connection to tradition and a healthier

way to enjoy a refreshing drink." The

production process reflects this respect

for tradition and quality: a two-hour

carbonation process followed by a

three-day maturation period allows the

A DRINK BORN FROM BREAD

to sugary sodas.

A UNIQUE, ALL-NATURAL BEVERAGE WITH 600 YEARS OF TRADITION



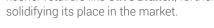
A WARM WELCOME IN NORTH AMERICA

Despite being a novel product for North American consumers, Kvas has quickly found its footing. Its commitment to natural ingredients and traditional methods resonates with customers seeking healthier beverage options. Many have embraced Kvas for its unique taste and health benefits, helping it carve out a niche in the competitive beverage

Kvas is more than just a beverage, it's a connection to tradition and a healthier way to enjoy a refreshing drink.

KOSHER CERTIFICATION: A PERSONAL JOURNEY

A significant milestone for Kvas was achieving COR kosher certification. Yafım's personal journey to keeping kosher, inspired by his rabbi, Rabbi Levi Jacobson, and synagogue community, played a pivotal role in this decision. Today, Kvas proudly displays its kosher certification and is enjoyed by a wide audience, including those in Toronto's kosher community. It's even sold at local kosher retailers like Olive Branch, further solidifying its place in the market.



A TRADITION WORTH TASTING

Kvas is more than a drink-it's a celebration of heritage, quality, and health. In an industry dominated by mass production, All Stars Beverages has shown that tradition and natural ingredients can still make waves. For anyone seeking a healthier alternative or a taste of something truly unique, Kvas is a must-try. As the only producer of this centuries-old beverage in North America. All Stars Beverages is bringing a slice of history to modern consumers, one refreshing sip at a time.

DISCOVER KVAS

Available at local kosher retailers and select stores, Kvas invites you to experience a drink that's as rich in history as it is in flavour. Try it and see why this 600-year-old tradition is still going



Ela's Tea

SIP WITH A CONSCIENCE



Originally founded in 2019, the pandemic forced Ela's Tea to adapt quickly to the changing market landscape. By partnering with online brands and becoming organically certified, Ela's Tea was able to stay relevant and thrive in the new digital landscape.

One of the key factors that sets Ela's Tea apart from its competitors is its commitment to sustainability. The company uses fresh, direct-sourced ingredients and biodegradable teabag filter paper, and is working to reduce its packaging footprint even further. In fact, Ela's Tea is planning to remove the string and tag from its products, making them fully compostable!

But what drives the team at Ela's Tea? According to the company's founder, John Snell, it's the positive feedback from both ends of the supply chain. "There's no greater pleasure than hearing from customers and farmers that our products are making

"There's no greater pleasure than hearing from customers and farmers that our products are making a difference... it's a reminder that we're on the right path, and that our hard

work is paying off".





a difference," he says. "It's a reminder that we're on the right path, and that our hard work is paying off."

Ela's Tea has also made a commitment to quality and safety, becoming kosher certified with the COR. This certification not only opens up new markets for the company but also demonstrates its dedication to meeting the highest standards of quality and kashrut.

"I really enjoy working with John and his team at Ela's Tea," says Rabbi Dovid Rosen, COR's Director of Industrial Kosher and the Rabbi responsible for the Ela's facility. "They are an organized and innovative company, and always eager to learn how they can follow and even improve their adherence to their kosher program."

So what can consumers expect from Ela's Tea in 2025? The company is planning to introduce new flavours and expand its processing capacity, with a goal of doubling its production by June. Ela's Tea is also continuing to innovate, with the launch of its "Great Canadian 24" pick-and-mix tea pack, which allows customers to create their own custom tea blends.

As the company looks to the future, it's clear that Ela's Tea is committed to making a positive impact on the environment and the communities it serves. With its focus on sustainability, quality, and social responsibility, Ela's Tea is a company to watch in the years to come.

Rising to the Occasion

BACKERHAUS VEIT'S LEGACY OF BREAD AND TRADITION

When you pick up a loaf of bread at your local supermarket, you might not just be grabbing a staple for your next mealyou may be holding a slice of history, tradition, and craftsmanship. For over 90 years, Backerhaus Veit has been delivering high-quality baked goods that have become a beloved choice for many families, including those who keep kosher. With its COR certification and a commitment to blending time-honoured recipes with modern innovation, Backerhaus Veit has earned its place as a trusted name in the world of baking.

A FAMILY LEGACY

What keeps a bakery thriving for nearly a century? For Backerhaus Veit, the answer lies not just in their exceptional breads and baked goods but also in their deep-rooted family traditions. Founded on recipes passed down through generations, Backerhaus combines love, care, and unparalleled attention to detail in every loaf they produce. Their dedication to preserving these timetested recipes has helped them perfect their craft and stand out in a competitive market.

SOURDOUGH: A SHABBAT FAVORITE

Sourdough bread has taken the culinary world by storm, and its popularity has firmly found its place at many Shabbat tables. Loved for its rich flavour and natural fermentation process, sourdough is not only delicious but also gut-friendly. However, crafting a perfect loaf of sourdough requires patience,



Founded on recipes passed down through generations, Backerhaus combines love, care, and an unparalleled attention to detail in every loaf they produce.

skill, and time-luxuries that many busy families can't afford. That's where Backerhaus Veit comes in, offering expertly crafted sourdough loaves with COR certification, ensuring kosher consumers can enjoy this artisanal treat with confidence.

BLENDING INNOVATION WITH TRADITION

Backerhaus Veit may be built on tradition, but it's far from stuck in the past. The bakery is known for balancing its classic family recipes with cutting-edge innovation. Whether you're savouring one of their timeless loaves or trying a unique, modern creation, Backerhaus seamlessly blends the old with the new. Their commitment to staying ahead of trends ensures there's always something exciting and fresh to discover in their lineup.

BEYOND THE BREAD

While Backerhaus Veit made its name as a master of bread baking, they've expanded far beyond their original offerings. Today, they're leaders in crafting a wide variety of baked goods, including pretzels, gourmet buns, sandwich breads, rolls, and artisanal craft loaves. Each product is made with the same dedication to quality and flavour that has defined their brand for decades.

THE PERFECT BLEND

Backerhaus Veit isn't just a bakery; it's a testament to what happens when passion, tradition, and innovation come together. For kosher consumers and bread lovers alike, this family-founded business continues to rise to the occasion, one loaf at a time. Whether you're indulging in a classic sourdough or exploring their gourmet creations, Backerhaus Veit promises to deliver quality you can taste and history you can feel in every bite. ■







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Mushrooms Reimagined



HEARTEE FOODS IS CHANGING THE FOOD INDUSTRY, ONE MUSHROOM AT A TIME

Heartee Foods is pioneering a new approach to mushroom agriculture. This innovative company is dedicated to cultivating premium, hyperlocal mushrooms using controlled environment agriculture, a method that not only ensures consistent quality and freshness but also supports sustainable food systems with minimal environmental impact.

At the heart of Heartee Foods' mission is a passion for the transformative power of fresh, nutritious food. The company believes that food has the ability to unite communities, combat climate change, and foster healthier lifestyles. By providing highquality, locally grown mushrooms, Heartee Foods is empowering consumers to make informed choices about the food they eat and the impact it has on the planet.

OVERCOMING CHALLENGES AND **EMBRACING INNOVATION**

As a pioneering venture, Heartee Foods faces ongoing challenges in meeting the evolving demands of the market and expanding its farming operations to reach a wider audience. However, the company is proactively addressing these challenges by building strong relationships with stakeholders, prioritizing product integrity, and embracing innovation.

One key aspect of Heartee Foods' approach is its commitment to education and community engagement. The company works closely with customers and partners to educate them about its products, unique qualities, and considerations like shelf life. This proactive approach ensures that consumers have access to the highest quality and freshest mushrooms possible.

By providing highquality, locally grown mushrooms, Heartee Foods is empowering consumers to make informed choices about the food they eat, and the impact it has on the planet.

A PASSION FOR CULINARY CREATIVITY & SUSTAINABLE FOOD

Heartee Foods takes immense pride in witnessing how its mushrooms inspire culinary creativity across diverse communities. From renowned chefs to home cooks, the company's products serve as a source of inspiration for dishes that are both delicious and nutritious. By providing a wide range of mushroom varieties, Heartee Foods is empowering consumers to explore new flavours and recipes while promoting sustainable food systems.

KOSHER CERTIFICATION: A COMMITMENT TO INCLUSIVITY

Achieving kosher certification is a testament to Heartee Foods' commitment to providing the highest

quality mushrooms that cater to a wide range of dietary preferences and cultural values. This certification not only expands accessibility to the company's products but also highlights its dedication to quality, safety, and pestfree growing practices. "Heartee Foods has brought a very unique, new offering to the kosher market," says Rabbi Tsvi Heber, COR's Director of Community Kosher. "We hope kosher consumers will enjoy what they have to offer."

EXCITING DEVELOPMENTS IN 2025

In 2025, Heartee Foods is poised for significant growth, with key focuses on expansion, product innovation, and community engagement. Additionally, Heartee Foods will introduce new and exciting mushroom varieties to further enhance the culinary experience. Through its commitment to sustainable and community-driven practices, Heartee Foods is inspiring a brighter future for food and for the planet. If you like mushrooms and are interested in something new and visually appealing, look out for Heartee Foods with the COR in a grocery store near you.







NEW COMPANIES

All Star Beverages

Woodbridge, ON allstarsbeverages.com

Atlas Food and Beverage

Toronto, ON atlasfood.ca

Avenco

Bowmanville, ON www.avenco.us

Baxter's Bakery

Cobourg, ON www.baxtersbakery.ca

BVL Transports & Logistics

Terrebonne, QC

Canada Smoked Fish

Mississauga, ON www.canadasmokedfishco.ca

Charlie-Bee Honey

Lincoln, ON www.charlie-bee.ca

Concept Chocolat

Lasalle, QC conceptchocolat.com

Daboom

St Laurent, QC daboomdesserts.com

Ela's Tea

Toronto, ON www.elastea.ca

Gala Bakery

Hamilton, ON thegalabakery.com

Groupe Geloso

Laval, QC groupegeloso.com

Gubersky Gluten Free Organics

Lamont County, AB

Handi Foods

Brampton, ON handifoods.com

IGY Life Sciences

Airdrie, AB igylifesciences.com

Invigo Coffee

Vaughan, ON invigocoffee.com

Jovan Transport Inc.

Saint-Eustache, QC groupejovan-mcdk.com

LF Mattice

Hagersville, ON

Lucid Corp

Brampton, ON www.lucidcorp.com

Mega Lab Manufacturing

Concord, ON www.mega-lab.com

Moulin d'or Bakery

Montréal, QC moulindorbakery.ca

Moulin Lacoste

Sainte-Claire, QC moulinlacoste.com

Myzel Organics

Wainfleet, ON myzelorganics.com

Nature's Touch

Jacona, Mexico www.naturestouchfrozenfoods.com

Nature's Touch

Edwardsvile, KS www.naturestouchfrozenfoods.com

Niche Bakers

Brampton,ON nichebakers.com

NL and Labrador Dairies

Mount Pearl, NL nldairy.ca

PepsiCo Beverages Gatorade

MountainTop, PA www.pepsico.ca/our-brands

Procor Limited

South of Didsbury, AB www.procor.com

Quadra Chemicals

Edmonton, AB guadragroup.com

Quality Natural Foods Canada Inc.

Vaughan, ON www.qualitynaturalfood.com

Richardson Oilseed

Foothills (co-pack), Calgary, AB www.richardson.ca/richardson-oilseed

RST Industries

Saint John, NB www.rsttransport.com

Silicycle

Quebec City, Quebec www.silicycle.com

Sonic Milling Systems Ltd.

Saskatoon, Saskatchewan pacificridgecorp.com

St. Davids Chocolates (Formerly named: CFX Chocolate

Factory Experience)
St. Davids, ON

St. Davids, UN www.chocolatefx.ca

Think New Foods

Burlington, ON www.thinkingredients.com

We Love Van Foods Inc

North Vancouver, BC www.welovevan.com

Wonder Brands

Amherst, NS wonderbrands.com

Wonder Brands

Gatineau, QC wonderbrands.com

Wonder Brands

Langley, BC wonderbrands.com

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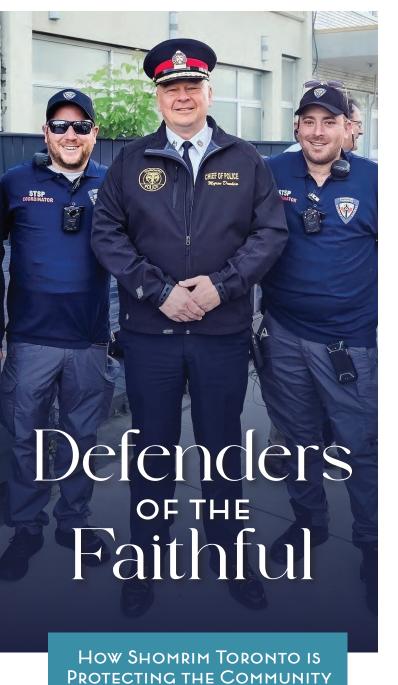
inspiration corner

Passover is a time when we come together as one people, united by our shared history and enduring values. It's a celebration of freedom, faith, and the bonds that connect us as *Acheinu*—one family.

This year, the COR Passover magazine is proud to highlight extraordinary organizations that embody this spirit of unity and care, serving as shining examples of how we take care of one another.

In this section, we profile five remarkable organizations: four based in Toronto and one in Israel. Each of them has demonstrated unwavering commitment to supporting the Jewish community. Whether locally or in Israel, their work inspires us to reflect on what it means to truly be *Acheinu kol beit Yisrael*. Let's explore the stories of these organizations and celebrate the profound impact they have on our people—





In the wake of the events of October 7th and the rising wave of antisemitism across Canada, Shomrim Toronto has emerged as a place to turn for those concerned about the safety of the Jewish community. With an unwavering commitment to ensuring the security of our neighbourhoods, schools, and synagogues, Shomrim Toronto has taken it upon themselves to provide a proactive presence and visible reassurance to the community in these uncertain times.

IN UNCERTAIN TIMES

"The mission of Shomrim Toronto is to make sure that we're safer as Jewish people in Toronto," says Menachem Silver, who

is one of the organization's directors along with Avi Grimberg and Kyle Klein. "Ultimately, our streets are safer, our schools, our roads, and our houses. That's the ultimate mission and purpose of what Shomrim Toronto is." Similar to groups like Hatzoloh, which provide emergency medical services within the Jewish community, Shomrim Toronto operates with a clear objective: to create a system of safety and security from

GROWING NUMBERS AMID GROWING CONCERNS

While formed in 2021, the tragic attacks of October 7th in Israel served as a turning point for the organization. The vulnerability felt by Jewish communities worldwide, including Toronto, pushed many to look for ways to contribute. As antisemitic incidents surged, so did the resolve of community members

"Since October 7th, the organization has grown rapidly," Silver explains. "We currently have around 40 to 50 volunteers, and it's growing guickly. People want to help. They want to feel like they're doing something tangible to keep our community safe." Since October 7th, call volume has increased by a staggering

The process to join Shomrim Toronto is straightforward but thorough. Interested individuals fill out an application, which is reviewed internally. Interviews are conducted to ensure that volunteers align with the organization's values and purpose. Safety and professionalism are paramount; Shomrim Toronto's volunteers are not vigilantes but committed community members dedicated to proactive security.

FUNDRAISING TO MAKE A DIFFERENCE

While all Shomrim Toronto members are volunteers, running a safety organization comes with significant costs.

"It's a nonprofit organization, but expenses are high," says Silver. Vehicles need to be equipped with cameras, license plate readers, and centralized software systems to track and report incidents effectively. This technology not only enhances their work but also supports collaboration with local police when necessary.

Fundraising and donations are the lifeblood of the organization. Community events often feature a Shomrim Toronto presence, and some organizations provide donations in exchange for these services. However, the bulk of the funding still relies on community generosity.

A COLLABORATIVE EFFORT

Shomrim Toronto works closely with other Jewish security organizations, most notably the Jewish Security Network (JSN), which operates under the broader umbrella of the UJA.

"JSN isn't a security organization with boots on the ground," Silver explains. "They are centralized intelligence, and they can leverage Shomrim Toronto as the dispatch and volunteer core for events." This partnership allows for greater coordination and ensures that resources are used efficiently.

While the collaboration is strong, Silver is clear that partnerships must align with Shomrim's values. The organization is focused on professionalism and accountability, steering clear of any group that veers toward intimidation or vigilante-style behaviour.

ANSWERING THE CALL

Since its founding, Shomrim Toronto has made a significant impact. Silver shares stories that underscore the organization's effectiveness.

"We've been called for multiple missing children," he says. "The hotline gets a call, and volunteers respond immediately. While police response can take hours, we act right away. We've had parents crying tears of gratitude when their children are

Another incident involved a car theft. A community member's vehicle was stolen, along with their tefillin. Shomrim Toronto volunteers guickly tracked the car using a third party tracker and recovered both the vehicle and the tefillin.

"The police wouldn't have prioritized it," Silver says. "But for us, it's a priority because it matters to our community."

EMPOWERING A COMMUNITY

For Silver and other Shomrim Toronto volunteers, the motivation to serve comes from a deep desire to empower the Jewish community and take control of their own safety.

"We're tired of relying on government bodies to act," Silver states. "The police respond after something happens. We want to prevent it from happening in the first place."

Seeing the Shomrim patrol car drive by brings comfort to many community members. "Even if nothing happens, that visibility alone is a success. People see that we're not sitting quietly we're taking action."

OVERCOMING FEAR WITH ACTION

In a time of increased fear and uncertainty, Shomrim Toronto offers a sense of security and empowerment.

"The fear people feel is valid," Silver acknowledges. "There are agitators who come into our communities trying to intimidate us. But we're here to channel that fear into courage. We won't let it play out. We will take action."

Through collaboration, professionalism, and the dedication of its volunteers, Shomrim Toronto is proving that a united community is a strong community. As antisemitism continues to rise, their work is not just necessary—it's essential.

"The more unity and community support we have, the safer we'll all be," says Silver. "That's the only way forward."

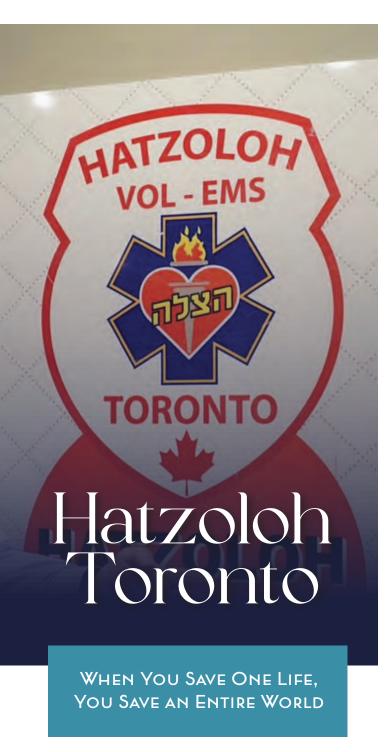
For Toronto's Jewish community, Shomrim Toronto is more than just a security organization; it is a powerful statement of resilience, unity, and hope.

"We currently have around 40 to 50 volunteers, and it's growing quickly. People want to help. They want to feel like they're doing something tangible to keep our community safe."









For some time, many of us have been reciting the poignant "acheinu" prayer on a daily basis in response to the current situation. But for the volunteers at Hatzoloh Toronto, they live "acheinu" on a daily basis. For the uninitiated, Hatzoloh Toronto is a volunteer-based emergency medical response organization that has saved countless lives and brought peace of mind to families in their times of need. And while it seems like they have been part of the fabric of the Toronto Jewish community, the concept of Hatzoloh only came about around 30 years ago.

THE BIRTH OF HATZOLOH TORONTO

In the late 1990s, a small group of community members in Toronto saw a critical gap in emergency medical care. Inspired by the Hatzoloh model in New York City, they envisioned a local first response team that could provide faster, culturally sensitive medical assistance.

"Hatzoloh Toronto was started in 1999 by a group of individuals who wanted to improve emergency response times within the Jewish community," explains Moshe Joseph, one of Toronto's directors. "We underwent extensive training and built the foundation of what Hatzoloh is today."

The organization owes much of its early success to Shloimy Kreindler, who spearheaded its launch. While he has since relocated, his vision lives on through the dedication of current volunteers and leaders.

HOW IT WORKS

At its core, Hatzoloh Toronto operates on the principle of speed and compassion. Volunteers, known as responders, are strategically located within the community to ensure rapid response times—often within one minute but usually within three minutes. The organization focuses on the Bathurst corridor from south of Eglinton to north of Major Mackenzie Drive, and they are expanding their coverage area to meet the needs of the growing Jewish population.

The team includes 70 active responders, 12 trainees, and 15 dispatchers. Every responder undergoes rigorous training, including eight months of coursework and a six-month observational period. This ensures that every member is prepared for the wide range of emergencies they encounter.

"Our volunteers are available 24/7, fully equipped to handle anything from light trauma calls to choking incidents and cardiac arrests," says Shami Reichmann, another director. "They carry trauma bags, defibrillators, and advanced life-saving medications to provide the best possible care."

Hatzoloh's operations also extend to non-Jewish individuals in need. While the organization primarily serves the Jewish community, responders assist anyone in their coverage area, particularly in emergencies involving motor vehicle accidents.

STORIES OF IMPACT

Hatzoloh's impact is best understood through the lives it saves. Moshe recounts one recent example involving a community member who suffered a cardiac arrest.

"A man had just returned home from playing basketball when he started experiencing chest pain. His wife called Hatzoloh, and we were there in under two minutes. While talking to our responders, he collapsed and went into cardiac arrest. We immediately performed CPR and used a defibrillator. By the time the ambulance arrived, he was conscious and talking."

Another case involved a choking infant. "Seconds matter in these situations," Shami emphasizes. "A baby has less than six minutes before a lack of oxygen can cause irreversible damage. Thanks to our quick response, the obstruction was cleared, and the baby was breathing again before paramedics arrived."

These stories are not uncommon. The organization's commitment to rapid response has consistently proven to be the difference between life and death.

CHALLENGES AND GROWTH

While Hatzoloh Toronto is incredibly effective, it faces significant challenges, particularly as the city grows. One pressing issue is the increasing delay in municipal ambulance response times. This has prompted Hatzoloh to explore purchasing ambulances to provide patient transport.

"During a recent incident, an elderly patient with a broken hip waited over two hours for an ambulance," Moshe recalls. "Eventually, we had to transport the patient ourselves in a private vehicle. These delays are unacceptable, and we're working to address them by expanding our capabilities."

This initiative will require substantial funding, as ambulances, equipment, and additional training come with high costs. However, Hatzoloh Toronto sees it as a necessary step to continue meeting the needs of the community.

FUNDING THE MISSION

Despite being entirely volunteer-based, Hatzoloh Toronto's operational costs are significant. Training, equipment, communication systems, and medications all contribute to its budget. For example, every responder carries a full trauma bag, defibrillator, and a medication kit with items that must be replaced regularly, even if unused.

"Our equipment is more advanced than most 911 services in Canada," says Moshe. "We invest in state-of-the-art tools to ensure our responders are prepared for any scenario."

The organization relies entirely on donations from the community. However, a common misconception has led some donors to mistakenly give to United Hatzoloh of Israel, rather than Hatzoloh Toronto. "We are not affiliated with United Hatzoloh." Shami clarifies.

WHAT SETS HATZOLOH APART

Hatzoloh Toronto's approach is deeply rooted in Jewish values. The principle of *Ahavat Yisrael*—love for one's fellow Jew—is at the heart of everything they do. This extends to their culturally sensitive care, which considers the unique needs of religious patients, such as kosher food availability, Shabbos observance, and other halachic considerations.

"There's a level of comfort in seeing a familiar face during an emergency," Moshe explains. "Whether it's reassuring someone that they're permitted to go to the hospital on Shabbos or understanding the importance of specific hospital choices, our responders bring a sense of familiarity and trust that's invaluable."

This ethos has inspired admiration from government officials

and other communities. "Whenever we meet with officials. they're amazed by what we do and often ask why this model hasn't been adopted elsewhere," Shami says. "We're always happy to help others replicate it, but the level of care and unity in the Jewish community is truly unique."

LOOKING AHEAD

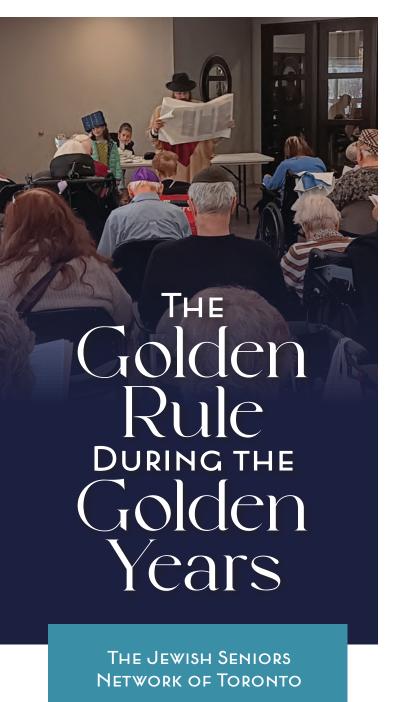
As Hatzoloh Toronto continues to grow, its leaders remain committed to adapting to the community's evolving needs. From expanding their geographic coverage to introducing ambulances, the organization is always striving to improve.

"Hatzoloh Toronto is more than just an emergency service—it's a lifeline," Moshe reflects. "Every day, we work to ensure that no one in our community is left without help when they need it most."

Hatzoloh Toronto's approach is deeply rooted in Jewish values. The principle of Ahavat Yisrael-love for one's fellow lew-is at the heart of everything they do.







In Toronto's diverse Jewish community, one organization has taken upon itself to care for a cherished yet often overlooked segment of the population: Jewish seniors living in retirement homes and long-term care facilities. The Jewish Seniors Network, under the leadership of Rabbi Boruch Landa, works tirelessly to ensure that elderly Jewish residents remain connected to their faith, traditions, and community.

A PERSONAL JOURNEY

Rabbi Boruch Landa's journey to this mission began far from Toronto, in the heart of Jerusalem. "I was a student in yeshiva,"

Rabbi Landa recalls, "and my grandmother was in a retirement home close by. I would visit her, and I saw how much she valued visitors, especially rabbis. She would quote what they said and really looked forward to their visits. That left a deep impression

In 2007, Rabbi Landa, a native of Brooklyn, NY, married Bracha Zaltzman, the second daughter of Rabbi Yoseph Zaltzman. The couple initially settled in Crown Heights, where Rabbi Landa studied in Kolel for two years. In 2009, they relocated to Toronto to engage in Jewish outreach in the Greater Toronto Area.

Rabbi Landa began his involvement with the Jewish Senior Circle, founded in 2009 by Rabbi Dov Ber Marshall. Initially a volunteer, Rabbi Landa became increasingly involved in the organization, which was inspired by the teachings of the Lubavitcher Rebbe. The Rebbe emphasized that the later years of a person's life are a time to invest in Torah learning, spiritual development, and community. This philosophy, rooted in interpretations of the verse "Vayechi Yaakov" (explained by the Alshich and other commentators), became the foundation of the organization for Jewish seniors.

In 2018, Rabbi Landa took over leadership of the organization, now known as the Jewish Seniors Network. "While the organization initially focused on pairing volunteers with seniors for visits," Rabbi Landa explains, "it has since evolved to focus more on structured programming-bringing Jewish residents together for specific events and initiatives."

MEETING A CRITICAL NEED

The Jewish Seniors Network currently serves 18 locations across the Greater Toronto Area. Despite Toronto's sizable Jewish population, only a few facilities, such as Baycrest, Kensington Place, and One Kenton, are fully kosher.

"Many other homes claim to be 'kosher style," Rabbi Landa says. "They serve matzo ball soup or brisket, but it's not kosher. Some even say they have kosher meat, but there's no verification. For residents who have kept some level of kashrut their whole lives, it's heartbreaking. I've had seniors tell me, 'We just eat vegetables and fish because we don't have any other option."

To address this issue, the organization has implemented specific initiatives, particularly during Pesach. "For many seniors, even those who may not keep kosher year-round, Pesach is different," Rabbi Landa explains. "For the past several years, in partnership with Bikkur Cholim, we've provided kosher-for-Pesach meals. The seniors are so grateful, with many saying, 'We don't know how we could keep Pesach without it."

BEYOND KOSHER FOOD

The organization's impact goes beyond providing food. One cornerstone initiative involves providing mezuzot for residents. "Many residents had *mezuzot* at home but don't have them in their rooms," Rabbi Landa explains. "Since COVID, the price of mezuzot has risen dramatically, making it hard for seniors to afford them. We collect donated mezuzot, have them checked by a sofer, and provide them at little to no cost."

Volunteers personally install the mezuzot on residents' doors, offering a spiritual connection with minimal effort from the seniors. "It's like a constant reminder of their Jewish identity," Rabbi Landa says. "A mezuzah is a spiritual security system that makes them feel safe and proud of who they are."

The network also organizes pre-Shabbat programs that include singing, Torah learning, and davening. These gatherings have a profound impact, particularly on residents suffering from dementia. "Hearing a familiar niggun or tune can light them up," Rabbi Landa shares. "It's as though their mind reawakens for a moment. The Lubavitcher Rebbe once shared a story about someone with dementia holding a lulav and etrog. For that moment, they were fully present. We see this all the time during our programs."

DAY-TO-DAY OPERATIONS

The Jewish Seniors Network operates through a combination of leadership and volunteer effort. Each volunteer "adopts" a retirement home or long-term care facility, becoming the "Rabbi" for that location.

"From the office, I handle the logistics," Rabbi Landa explains. "We arrange Yom Tov programming, concerts for Chanukah, clown shows for Purim, Yiddish language programs, and more. I visit several homes myself, but our volunteers are the real backbone of the organization."

The volunteers' personal connections with residents are a cornerstone of the network's success. "We see them weekly at programs, and they know they can call us if they need something," Rabbi Landa says. "Sometimes it's for pastoral visits when someone is unwell. Other times, family members reach out to arrange a halachic levaya. Unfortunately, we also encounter difficult situations like residents considering MAiD (Medical Assistance in Dying). It's tragic how quickly that process can happen, and we try to counsel residents and their families to think carefully."

A PASSION FOR EMPOWERMENT

Rabbi Landa's dedication stems from a desire to empower seniors to see the value in their lives. "I often bring a tzedakah box to our programs," he shares. "I explain to residents that the Rambam teaches us to view the world as a balanced scale. One mitzvah, one act of goodness, can tip the scale and bring salvation to the entire world. I give them a coin and say, 'Your mitzvah today could be the one that tips the scale."

This message resonates deeply with seniors. "Even in a longterm care facility, their actions matter," Rabbi Landa emphasizes. "They're still part of the Jewish community, and they still have an incredible impact. Seeing that realization light up their faces is what drives me. It's a privilege to empower them to recognize their importance."

LOOKING AHEAD

The Jewish Seniors Network is a not-for-profit organization that relies on community support. "If anyone wants to get involved, we always have volunteer opportunities," Rabbi Landa says. "It's incredibly rewarding work. We're giving these seniors something to live for, something to look forward to, and keeping them connected to their Jewish identity."

In a world that often overlooks the elderly, the Jewish Seniors Network stands as a beacon of care, compassion, and continuity. Through Shabbat and holiday programs, personal visits, *mezuzot*, Pesach meals, Yiddish programs, and more, they ensure that every senior feels the warmth of their community and the strength of their faith—no matter where they live.

"It's a privilege to do this work," Rabbi Landa concludes. "We're making a difference, one *mitzvah* at a time."

"They're still part of the Jewish community, and they still have an incredible impact. Seeing that realization light up their faces is what drives me. It's a privilege to empower them to recognize their importance."



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KASHRUT LOGISTICS IN THE IDF

BY JUDY PISTER

The atrocities of October 7th are forever etched in our hearts and minds. The entire Jewish nation was and continues to be affected by the heinous attack and its ongoing consequences. Across Israel and Jewish communities worldwide, extensive efforts were immediately deployed to support those impacted, including displaced individuals, bereaved families, and soldiers.

Among the immediate priorities was the Israel Defense Forces (IDF). Naturally, an army requires manpower, weapons, vehicles, ammunition, proper clothing, and other logistical essentials. Yet, one critical need that might not come to mind immediately

THE IDF'S KASHRUT EFFORTS: **ENSURING KOSHER MEALS AT SCALE**

Recently, I had the unique opportunity to interview Rabbi Neria Rosenthal, the recently retired Director of IDF Kashrut. With the assistance of COR Rabbinic Administrator Rabbi Dovid Laufer, we gained a firsthand account of the extraordinary efforts by the IDF Rabbinate to source and ensure kosher food of the highest standard during this time of crisis.

Starting on motzei Shabbat, October 7th, the army faced the daunting task of arranging 500,000 meals three times a day—a staggering total of 1.5 million meals daily. It quickly became evident that the existing food supply systems were insufficient. Since the army's needs take priority, resources were being drawn from the general population, creating an urgent need to expand capacity without disrupting civilian food supplies.

EXPANDING MEAL SUPPLY CHAINS

In normal times, the IDF relies on nine external catering facilities in addition to the kitchens on its bases. However, it became clear that this number was woefully inadequate. The IDF rose to the challenge, expanding its external catering suppliers to 42-a fivefold increase. Each new supplier had to meet specific IDF kosher requirements to accommodate as many soldiers as

These stringent kosher standards include Beit Yosef kosher meat (glatt) and Beit Yosef-level cooking. The mashgiach temidi (full-time supervisor) must not only ignite the fire but also place the pot on it to ensure compliance with halacha.

LOCAL SUPPLIERS AND VOLUNTEERS

IDF kashrut rabbis and mashqichim worked diligently with local suppliers to meet these elevated needs. For example:

- In Tel Aviv, restaurants requested and received kosher certification to contribute.
- In Ofakim, a non-kosher cooking center transitioned to glatt kosher operations.
- At the Gilat Junction complex, thousands of soldiers are looked after and and provided with meals daily by an army
- Even McDonald's kashered some of its venues to meet IDF mehadrin kosher standards.

Civilian volunteers also played a vital role, assisting with cooking, packaging, and transporting food to ensure a seamless food supply chain.

PAREVE AND MEAT MEALS: A HISTORICAL RULING

Interestingly, the IDF primarily provides pareve and meat meals, following a ruling by Rabbi Shlomo Goren, the IDF's first Chief Rabbi and a legal authority on halacha. In 1948, Rabbi Goren ruled against dairy cooking on army bases to avoid potential halachic errors that could require kashering a kitchen. Noncooked dairy items, such as milk, cheese, and yogurt, are permitted. Today, only a few separate IDF kitchens prepare dairy meals like pizza and bourekas.

SOURCING FOOD FROM ABROAD

To supplement local efforts, the IDF turned to major kashrut agencies to source individually wrapped, shelf-stable items like energy bars and cookies. This global collaboration highlighted the commitment to maintaining high kashrut standards. In fact, last year, the executive members of the Association of Kashrus Organizations (AKO) travelled to Israel and met with a number of different kashrut experts including Rabbi Rosenthal of the IDF Rabbinate. COR's Rabbi Yacov Felder was part of the delegation and commented, "The AKO Rabbonim were very impressed with the care and dedication that the IDF Rabbinate pays to their standards of kashrus. Providing food for an army is no easy feat, but the IDF Rabbinate does not cut corners. They ensure that the kashrus is administered at a high standard which is no doubt a benefit to all of the soldiers who so selflessly serve to protect acheinu kol beis Yisroel."

AGRICULTURAL CHALLENGES AND VOLUNTEER EFFORTS

The evacuation of southern Israel, particularly areas near the Gaza border, left many farms untended during the early months of the war. This posed a significant challenge, as three-quarters of Israel's vegetables are grown in this region. Volunteers stepped in to harvest crops, while mashgichim ensured adherence to terumot and maasrot, preserving kashrut standards. These efforts saved the country tens of millions of dollars in produce, though recovery remains an uphill battle.

COMMUNICATION AND SOLDIER CONFIDENCE

A significant aspect of this operation was effectively communicating the kashrut efforts to soldiers, ensuring they felt confident eating the provided meals. IDF rabbis implemented weekly visits to soldiers, strengthening trust and morale. Meetings and WhatsApp groups further streamlined communication between rabbis, commanders, and soldiers.

FEEDING SOLDIERS ON THE MOVE

Soldiers require a high-calorie diet to meet their physical and mental demands. When on the move, they rely on Manot Krav (Military Ready-to-Eat meals, or MREs). These shelf-stable cartons typically contain enough food for 4-6 soldiers and include items like tuna, olives, corn, hummus, halva, energy bars, and more.

Other meal options include:

- Cold meat wraps with temperature-preserving packaging
- Protein powders, energy gels, and single-serve snacks
- · Cartons with disposable pots, water, pasta or ptetim, pasta sauce, and a portable gas heat source called a
- · Shabbat kits containing wine, two loaves of bread, and cake for Kiddush, providing a heartwarming connection to Shabbat

RAISING KASHRUT STANDARDS NATIONWIDE

The rapid mobilization of food logistics for the army had an unexpected side benefit: it elevated kashrut standards across the country. This extraordinary effort exemplifies the deep care and unity within the Jewish people, ensuring that the IDF soldiers' physical and spiritual needs are met during this challenging time.

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One Toronto is a community fund dedicated to supporting those in need within Toronto's religious community. Recently, Richard Rabkin sat down with Executive Director Amiel Diamond to discuss the organization's mission, its impact, and the challenges it faces in addressing growing needs in the community.

Richard Rabkin: Amiel, can you start by telling us some background about One Toronto?

Amiel Diamond: Sure. One Toronto began in 2015, founded by a few of the most generous baalei tzedakah in the community. They wanted to find a more efficient way to respond to the countless requests for help they were receiving-calls and emails from individuals needing support for various reasons. They decided to pool their resources into a professionally run fund with transparency and governance to help more people more effectively.

For many years, the organization operated quietly, without advertising or fanfare, and distributed substantial funds-\$700,000 in the first year, growing to over \$1 million annually. Then, during COVID-19, the needs skyrocketed, and the organization stepped up by launching a COVID Relief Fund. It was remarkable. Over 16 months, they distributed \$3.8 million to over 300 families, providing \$5,000 monthly to families facing economic challenges. Today, only two of those families remain on the fund-everyone else is back on their feet, which is a significant achievement.

Richard Rabkin: That's incredible. How does One Toronto function day-to-day, and what are its primary funds?

Amiel Diamond: One Toronto operates three distinct funds to address different needs within the community:

- 1. The Toronto Care Fund: This is our flagship fund, providing monthly stipends to families struggling to cover basic living expenses like food, clothing, and shelter. Currently, we assist around 165 families per month across 58 shuls and 25 schools. The reasons vary-job loss, illness, or simply the rising cost of living. While we meet immediate needs, we also focus on helping recipients get back on their feet by connecting them with other organizations for job placement, resume help, or financial planning.
- 2. The Chasdei Rivka Fund: This fund supports widows and their families. It's deeply emotional work. When someone loses a spouse, their world can crumble, and the need goes far beyond financial support. We help with practical needs like managing bills and budgets, but we also act as a support system. We have about 25 widows on the fund right now, and while we hope this number doesn't grow, when tragedies occur, people know we're here to help.
- 3. The SET Fund (Supporting Effective Therapy): This fund began after COVID to address mental health challenges. Many families who can't afford therapy for their children let issues go untreated, leading to more significant crises. We work with schools, families, and therapists to cover 80% of therapy costs, ensuring that children get the help they need. So far, we've supported over 300 cases, with many children successfully meeting their therapy goals.

Richard Rabkin: That's a wide range of services. Who are the people behind One Toronto, and what drives their generosity?

Amiel Diamond: One Toronto was founded by four families: Mr. and Mrs. Bentzy Friedman, Mr. and Mrs. Barry Reichmann, Mr. and Mrs. Jack Eisenberger, and Mr. and Mrs. Benzion Heitner. They are pillars of the community, involved in countless organizations and initiatives. Their generosity is awe-inspiring.

As the organization grew, so did our donor base. Other generous families were inspired by the incredible impact of One Toronto and wanted to be part of this initiative. Their involvement reflects the shared vision of a community coming together to support and uplift one another, making an even greater difference in the lives of those in need.

Richard Rabkin: You recently ran a campaign to raise awareness. How did you go about introducing One Toronto to the community?

Amiel Diamond: Building awareness for an organization that had operated quietly for years was a challenge. We developed a multi-pronged approach: committees for each fund, marketing materials like brochures and videos, and even lawn signs. We also engaged local rabbis, who spoke about the organization in their shuls. The response was incredible. People who had never heard of us became inspired to give or get involved in other ways, like donating products or services. It's a testament to the community's willingness to come together for a good cause.

Richard Rabkin: Can you describe the day-to-day operations and who oversees the intake process?

Amiel Diamond: Our intake process is managed by Rabbi Moshe Rubelow, who has been with the organization for years. Initially part-time, he transitioned to a full-time role as the need grew. He's the fund manager and intake coordinator, personally interviewing every family that applies. Rabbi Rubelow handles all the applications, follow-ups, and evaluations with remarkable dedication.

When someone applies, they typically come through a referral from a rabbi, community leader, or a friend. Applicants fill out a form on our website, and Rabbi Rubelow takes it from there. He ensures that the process is compassionate and dignified, often working with families to understand their unique situations. For example, he recently helped a family whose primary breadwinner was unable to work due to illness. Rabbi Rubelow coordinated immediate support while exploring long-term solutions like job retraining and financial planning.

Their involvement reflects the shared vision of a community coming together to support and uplift one another, making an even greater difference in the lives of those in need.

Dear Rabbi Moshe.

I hope this message finds you well. I wanted to express my heartfelt gratitude to you and your incredible team. Despite the ongoing postal strike and delayed deliveries, I was pleasantly surprised to find the cheque in my mailbox. I can only assume that someone from your team went the extra mile to ensure its timely delivery, and for that, I am truly grateful.

This really shows how caring and thoughtful you and your team are. You always go out of your way to help others, and I'm very thankful to have been on the receiving end of that.

Thank you again for your support!

Regards, P.D

What makes him exceptional is his availability and empathy. Whether it's a widow calling late at night or a struggling parent seeking advice, he answers every call. He's the heart of the organization's operations, ensuring we maintain a personal touch despite the growing scale of our work.

Richard Rabkin: You've mentioned the importance of fundraising for the organization. Can you share what it's like to take on that role?

Amiel Diamond: Fundraising is a unique challenge, and honestly, it's not something I ever thought I'd be doing. A few years ago, if you had told me I'd take this job, I'd have laughed—I'm not naturally a salesman or a particularly good schmoozer. But I've learned that fundraising isn't about selling. It's about giving people the opportunity to partner in something meaningful.

I'll admit, the first *no* I received was tough. I approached someone I thought would be a sure thing, someone I was close to, and they turned me down flat. It was dejecting. But I've also had incredible moments, like meeting someone who initially seemed disinterested but later pledged \$50,000 after seeing the impact of our work which is now helping hundreds of families. Those experiences teach you that it's not about you—it's about helping Hashem's children. When you focus on the mission, you see incredible things happen. For example, during a particularly tough week, someone unexpectedly walked into *shul* and handed us a check for \$36,000, saying they wanted to give *maaser* from a recent business deal. It's those moments that keep me going.

Richard Rabkin: Why do you think the financial need has increased so significantly over the last number of years?

Amiel Diamond: This is a difficult question. There are a lot of economic reasons including inflation and the cost of living in Toronto which seem to have spiralled out of control. The cost of living an observant Jewish lifestyle is also very expensive when looking at Jewish school tuition, camps, and other such expenses.

But if I may, I think it is important to recognize the families who live the daily struggle of managing the immense financial pressures of life in our community. They may not drive the latest model car, and they don't go on exotic vacations, but they live rich lives that their families cherish. They take their tuition bills seriously, they work hard, and they figure out their finances with resilience and dignity. These families are the unsung heroes of our community and we need to celebrate them

But it is not always easy, and if it ever becomes too difficult, we want people to know that we are here to help.

Richard Rabkin: That's inspiring. What makes the Jewish community so uniquely committed to creating organizations like One Toronto?

Amiel Diamond: It's deeply ingrained in our values. When one Jew is in pain, others feel it. This is who we are. There's a pasuk in the Torah where Pharaoh's daughter finds Moshe in the basket. The pasuk describes him as a crying yeled (child) and then as a naar (youth). The Baal HaTurim explains that it's because yeled referred to Moshe but naar referred to Aaron. When Aaron heard his brother crying from afar, he began to cry. Pharaoh's daughter heard this and immediately understood: this must be a Jewish child. Why? Because compassion—feeling another's pain as one's own—is the defining trait of the Jewish people. That's the same drive behind organizations like One Toronto, where the community rallies together to support those in need, embodying the Jewish trait of shared compassion and responsibility.

Richard Rabkin: Finally, what do you want people to know about One Toronto?

Amiel Diamond: One Toronto represents the *achdus* of our community. We work with people from all backgrounds, across 58 *shuls* and 25 schools. It's not about politics or divisions—it's about *tzedakah* in its purest form. Our community should be proud of this initiative, and I hope it inspires others to create more inclusive, impactful organizations.

Richard Rabkin: Thank you, Amiel, for sharing the incredible work of One Toronto. It's truly inspiring. ■







Baked Potatoes WITH ONIONS AND MUSHROOMS

By Judy Pister

INGREDIENTS

4 medium Yukon gold potatoes 1 tablespoon olive oil 1 onion, finely chopped (or 3-4 shallots or 1 leek) 6-8 mushrooms. sliced or chopped salt and pepper to taste

DIRECTIONS

- Wash and scrub the potatoes well, then cut each in half lengthwise. Shave off a thin slice off the rounded bottom so the potato halves do not roll around.
- 2. Rub each half with olive oil and season with salt and pepper.
- Use a spoon to gently scoop out some of the potato flesh from the center of each half, creating a small well (note: add the scooped flesh to a soup or another dish).
- 4. Heat olive oil in a skillet over medium heat. Add the chopped onion and sauté until translucent and slightly browned. Set aside.
- Repeat for the sliced mushrooms, then combine with the onions and season with salt and pepper as desired. Optional: add a favorite herb such as oregano, thyme, garlic powder etc.
- 6. Fill each potato well with the sautéed onion and mushroom mixture. Optional: Sprinkle with paprika
- 7. Preheat oven to 400°F. Place the stuffed potato halves on a parchment-lined baking sheet and bake uncovered for 45 minutes, or until tender.

- Top each potato half with cheese and return to the oven for a few minutes
- Add finely chopped red pepper and or grated carrots to onion/mushroom
- Use Russet potatoes increase amount of filling and baking time



Sweet Potato Casserole

INGREDIENTS

POTATO

6 medium sweet potatoes 1 teaspoon salt ½ cup chicken stock, hot 2 eggs, beaten ¼ teaspoon pepper 2 tablespoons margarine

FILLING

2 tablespoons oil ½ lb mushrooms, sliced ½ cup celery, chopped ½ cup red or green pepper, diced 1 garlic clove, minced (optional)

GARNISH

chopped fried onions.

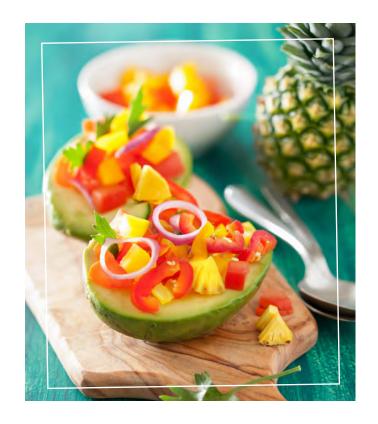
DIRECTIONS

- Boil sweet potatoes in their skins in a pot of salted water until tender. Drain.
- Peel and mash potatoes with potato masher or mixmaster on the lowest speed.
- Gradually add chicken stock as needed and continue beating until light and fluffy; add eggs, pepper and margarine.
- Prepare the filling: Heat oil in a frying pan, and sauté the mushrooms, celery, pepper and garlic for 10 minutes.
- Preheat oven to 350°F. Lightly grease an 8"x8" baking pan or pie plate.
- Spread half of the potato mixture in the pan. Layer the vegetable mixture on top and then cover with remaining potato mixture. Sprinkle top with chopped fried onions.
- Bake for half an hour.

Serves 6-8. note: can be prepared in the morning. Cover with plastic wrap, leave at room temperature until ready to bake.

Variations:

• Yukon Gold potatoes are nice if you don't like sweet potatoes





Pineapple Avocado

SALAD

By Barbara Bar-Dayan

INGREDIENTS

1 large red pepper

1 small red onion

¼ teaspoon chili flakes

2 tablespoon olive oil

1 tablespoon fresh lime juice or lemon juice

¼ tablespoon sea salt

1 small pineapple

2 avocados

DIRECTIONS

- 1. Chop the red pepper, and red onion, and place in a large bowl.
- 2. Add in the chili flakes, oil, lime juice, and salt, and mix well.
- 3. Cube the pineapple and avocado.
- 4. Add to the bowl and gently toss to combine.

Matzah KUGEL

By Barbara Bar-Dayan

INGREDIENTS

1 cup celery, diced

1 cup onion, diced

6 matzahs

2 eggs, beaten

paprika, pepper & salt to taste

14 cup boiling water

1 can clear chicken soup

DIRECTIONS

- 1. In a frying pan, sauté the celery and the onion in oil.
- 2. In a large bowl, break up the maztah into pieces.
- 3. In a separate bowl, mix together the eggs, spices, water, and chicken soup.
- 4. Pour the mixture over the matzahs, add the sautéed vegetables and mix.
- 5. Pour into a greased square pan, and bake at 350°F for 30 minutes.



Spaghetti Squash

INGREDIENTS

1 spaghetti squash, approximately 4 cups cooked

2 tablespoons extra virgin olive oil salt & pepper to taste

3 eggs

½ cup caramelized onions

1 teaspoon kosher salt

½-1 teaspoon freshly cracked black pepper

DIRECTIONS

- Preheat oven to 375°F (190°C).
- Cut the spaghetti squash in half lengthwise and scoop out the seeds.
- Drizzle the cut side with 2 tablespoons extra virgin olive oil, and season with a sprinkling of salt and pepper. Place cut-side down on a parchment-lined baking
- Roast in the oven for 30 to 40 minutes, or until a knife can be inserted with no
- Let the squash cool, then using a fork, gently scrape the fragile squash strands into
- Add eggs and onions and beat well. Mix in 1 teaspoon of salt and ½ teaspoon of
- Lightly oil a 9-inch square or round casserole dish. Pour into prepared dish and bake

Prep Time: 15 mins | Cook Time: 90 mins | 6 Servings



TART AND TANGY Apple Kugel

INGREDIENTS

9 Granny Smith apples, peeled 112-oz (340g) jar apricot preserves cinnamon

BATTER

½ cup sugar

½ cup potato starch

3 eggs

¾ cup oil

1 teaspoon baking powder

2 tablespoon vanilla sugar

DIRECTIONS

- 1. Preheat oven to 350°F (180°C).
- 2. Slice apples very thinly and place in a 9x13-inch pan.
- 3. Spread apricot preserves over apples. (You may need to first heat preserves to soften.) Sprinkle generously with cinnamon.
- 4. Mix batter ingredients well by hand to form batter. Spread over preserves.
- 5. Bake, uncovered, 14 hours, or until golden brown.

8-10 Servings





TROUBLE IN WASHINGTON

"Why can't I take Canada?"

Donald Trump demanded. slamming his hand on the goldplated desk in his Mar-a-Lago office. "It's right there, sitting on top of us, so big and cold and polite, just begging to be the 51st state. Believe me, everyone agrees-it's the greatest idea ever."

His advisors exchanged nervous glances. "Well, Mr. President," one of them ventured. "there are... treaties, international laws, and, uh. Canadians."

Trump waved him off. "Canadians! A bunch of sad, maple syruploving weaklings. They'll thank me once I make Canada great again. But first..." He leaned

back, a smirk forming. "Activate the MegaHugeHumongous Super Satellite Jammer Thingy. Shut down all their

phones. No Twitter, no TikTok, no Instagram, no... whatever else they stare at. They'll crumble in days."





Another advisor cleared his throat. "You want us to cut off Canada's smartphone access?"

Trump nodded. "Exactly. I'll announce it on Truth Social: 'Canada: Welcome to the Stone Age! #51stState #MegaHugeJammer'. It'll be HUGE."

THE DAY THE PHONES WENT DARK

It was a week before Pesach. In an instant, every cell phone in Canada went dark. Texts failed, apps froze, and screens displayed nothing but ominous error messages. Across the country, panic spread like wildfire.

Richard Rabkin, Managing Director of COR, stared at his lifeless phone in disbelief. "Rabbi Rosen!" he called out to his colleague Rabbi Dovid Rosen in the neighbouring office, "are you seeing what I am seeing!?"

"I don't know, what are you seeing?" Rabbi Rosen asked. "I am seeing

Hashem sending us all a message. And He didn't send that message via SMS or WhatsApp! Well actually, he kind of did!" Rabbi Rosen chuckled.

But Richard wasn't laughing. Reports flooded in from Jewish communities across the country. And teenagers seemed to be the hardest hit. At home, Richard's 11-year-old daughter Adina was equally concerned—not about the phones, but about her high school friends Tamar, Shira, Rivkah, and Shoshana. She called her father on his office phone. "Abba, you have to come home right now!" Adina ordered. "It's an emergency!"

"Is this an emergency like when you called me to tell me that we were out of Wacky Mac?" Richard asked.

"No!" Adina barked. "A REAL EMERGENCY!"

Richard rushed home to find a living room full of lifeless teenagers. They

were just staring at their useless devices with glazed eyes. Occasionally, one would moan.

"Abba," Adina whispered, "I think they've turned into zombies."

"What makes you think that?" Richard sighed.

"They aren't talking, and their eyes look all weird, and I think Rivkah is foaming at the mouth."

Richard waived his hand in front of Tamar's eyes, trying to get in between her and her phone. Nothing. Just a loud, frightening groan.

"What was that?!" Adina asked. "Was that a cow?"

"Tamar will never forgive you for calling her a cow."

"Abba, this is serious! We need to do something."

A CALL TO OTTAWA

Meanwhile, in Ottawa, the Prime Minister was pacing the floor of his

"Mr. Prime Minister," an aide said nervously, "Trump has taken credit for the phone outage. He's claiming it's a move to try and take over Canada."

The Prime Minister sighed, adjusting his signature socks. "We can't respond with aggression. Canadians are polite! But perhaps we can... write him a strongly worded letter?"

"With respect, sir," another aide interjected, "a letter may not be sufficient."

"What about a sternly worded tweet?" the Prime Minister suggested.

"Unfortunately, social media isn't working either," the aide reminded him.

"Well, then... let's host a roundtable discussion." the Prime Minister said with determination. "We can do it at the United Nations? They're great -- I am sure they will be able to help!"

A CALL TO ACTION

Back in Toronto, the situation was getting worse. With the kids incapacitated, Pesach preparations across the city ground to a halt. Parents were overwhelmed without the kids to help them, not to mention having to deal with their new zombie children. The senior rabbis of the city held an emergency meeting, and Rabbi Rosen was appointed to bring the news to Richard.

"Richard," he said gravely, "the rabbis have asked me to give you a message. You have to save Pesach."

Richard blinked. "Me? Again?"

Rabbi Rosen shrugged. "Well, you're so good at it."

"I am also good at eating cookies, why don't they officially appoint me to do

"Richard," Rabbi Rosen replied, "Like they say in the Miami Boys Choir song, 'this is your moment, so make sure to

own it. I believe in you. Do you believe it

ZOMBIE APOCALYPSE

Back at home, Richard and Adina were in the living room with her zombie high school friends who hadn't moved in a

"Abba, what are we going to do!?" Adina asked. Richard grabbed his son's Rubik's Cube from the shelf and started playing with it.

"Abba, now is not the time for Rubik's Cubes! It's the time for action!"

"It helps me think OK!" Richard snapped back. Then suddenly, Shira sat up, "What's that?" she asked, her eyes returning back to normal.

"It's a Rubik's Cube!" Richard replied incredulously. "It's a toy from the 1980s."

"It looks cool," Shira replied. "Can I try it?" Richard gave it to her. Adina and Richard looked at each other.

"Abba, quick get something else from the olden days!" Adina said.

"Um...I don't like your use of the term 'olden days' to describe the 1980s..."

"Abba!"

"Fine!" Richard ran to the basement and dug out a few things. "This is called a slinky. You make it go down the stairs and it looks like it's walking."

Rivkah's eyes opened. "Slinky?"

"Abba, it's working, keep going!" Adina cheered.

"This is a game called Twister," Richard said as he put out a board game. Shoshana's eyes opened. "That looks like fun." Soon, all of the girls were breaking out of their zombie spell and playing Twister together and laughing and actually looking at each other in the

"Abba, the olden days are saving them!" Adina cheered.

"Great!" Richard replied. "I still don't like it when you call it that..."

PIECING TOGETHER THE MYSTERY

That night, Richard and Adina were brainstorming.

"Abba," Adina began, "we saved my friends, but we can't do that for the whole country one teenager at a time. That would take, like 10 million Rubik's Cubes."

"OK let me do some research," Richard replied.

"With what?" Adina asked. "Phones are broken remember?"

"On my laptop?"

"Riiiight," Adina remembered. "Baruch Hashem for things from the olden..."

"Don't say olden days!" Richard interrupted. "I bought this laptop new last year!"

Richard logged on to Truth Social to read President Trump's newest post:

"CANADA: You're welcome for the MegaHugeHumongous Super Satellite Jammer Thingy. Now you're sad, weak, and phoneless. Perfect for becoming the 51st state. #TrumpWins #NoMoreMaple"

Adina read the post aloud, incredulous. "He's trying to take over Canada by shutting off our phones?"

Richard nodded grimly. "If Trump's satellite jammer stays up, Pesach—and Canada-are doomed."

Adina furrowed her brow. "Why can't we just blow the jammer out of the sky?"

Richard sighed. "To do that, we'd need a tremendous force of energy... like the 1.21 gigawatts produced by a bolt of lightning."

Adina's eyes widened. "Wait! Isn't that from that old movie from the 1980s you liked when you were a kid? 'Back to the Future'?"

Richard grinned. "Exactly! If we can harness that kind of energy, we might just be able to disable the satellite."

"But how?" Adina asked

Richard leaned forward. "We use the greatest source of power known to mankind: 1980s technology."

PROJECT EXODUS 2.0

The next day, Richard and Adina began gathering supplies. They scoured basements, thrift stores, and even the COR's storage closet for anything that screamed '80s and '90s. They emerged with a plan: build a makeshift lightning generator powered by nostalgic tech.

First, they gathered cassette tapes and boom boxes. Then came the neon scrunchies, Cabbage Patch dolls, and a giant disco ball. The centerpiece of their contraption? An Atari game console hooked up to a car battery.

"This is either brilliant or ridiculous," Adina said while rocking a hula hoop.

"Why not both?" Richard replied.

As they worked, Adina's high school friends showed up, happy as ever. Tamar had mastered a yo-yo, while Shira learned how to roller skate. Shoshana and Rivkah were playing with My Little Ponies.

"Mr. Rabkin, you mean you actually had to *develop* photos?" Tamar asked incredulously, holding a disposable camera.

"And you'd have no idea how they turned out until you picked them up from the store," Richard explained, grinning.

"That sounds... kind of exciting," Rivkah admitted.

By the time their lightning generator was ready, the teens weren't just helping; they were leading the charge.

A SHOWDOWN IN THE SKY

On the day before Pesach, Richard and Adina hauled their contraption to a hill overlooking Toronto. The sky was dark, heavy with the promise of a storm. They aimed their makeshift generator at Trump's MegaHugeHumongous Super Satellite Jammer Thingy.

"All systems go?" Richard asked.

Adina nodded. "Ready! But why are you wearing ski goggles?"

"I don't know," Richard answered. "For some reason they get me into the mood to save Canada."

"Weird. OK, what are we calling our machine by the way?" Adina asked.

"The Flux Capacitor?" Richard suggested.

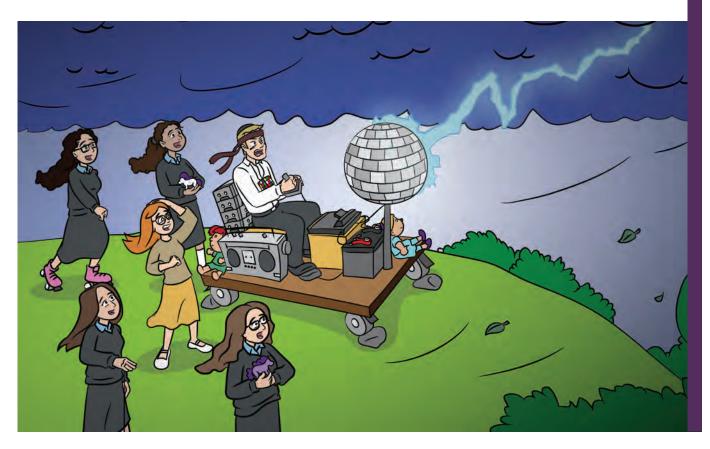
"The Flux ca-what?" Adina retorted. "Terrible name. How about the Die-yenu. Get it 'die'?"

"I get it," Richard agreed. "I like the Pesach theme."

As the first crack of lightning lit up the sky, Richard flipped the switch of the Die-yenu. The Atari console hummed to life, powering the disco ball, which reflected the lightning into a focused beam. The cassette tapes spun furiously, amplifying the charge.

"It's working!" Adina shouted as the beam shot skyward, striking the satellite jammer.

Trump, watching the event on TV from Mar-a-Lago, was furious. "FAKE NEWS! My satellite jammer



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was perfect. Then Canada's weird disco ball thing ruined it. Very unfair. #SadWeaklingsAreBack"

As the satellite fizzled and died, phones across Canada buzzed back to life. The teenagers cheered, breaking into spontaneous renditions of "Dayenu" while parents scrambled to finish Pesach preparations in record time.

FREEDOM AT THE SEDER TABLE

That night, as the Rabkins gathered for the *seder*, Richard raised his glass of wine. "To freedom," he declared. "Freedom from physical slavery and digital slavery!"

Adina grinned. "And from Trump's

satellite jammer thingy."

The teenagers joined in the singing throughout the *seder*. Tamar brought her Slinky, Shira her Rubik's Cube and Shoshana and Rivkah, their My Little Ponies

When the afikomen was found, Richard asked, "Girls, what do you want for afikomen presents?"

"OK don't laugh," Rivkah offered, "but what do you think about getting us kosher phones? We kind of like the '80s vibe."

"Consider it done!" Richard said. But if we are going back to the 80s then we're bringing it all back! Can I show you my breakdancing moves?"

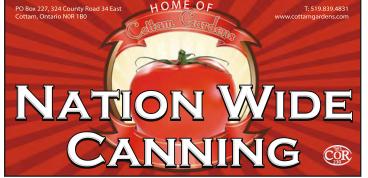
"No!" the kids screamed in unison.

Richard got up from his chair. "How about my robot dance?"

"Abba, some things were meant to stay in the 1980s!" Adina said. The rest of the girls laughed. Richard sat back down, leaned back and smiled.

"Well, there are some things that never go out of style," Richard said. "Like the Pesach *seder*!"

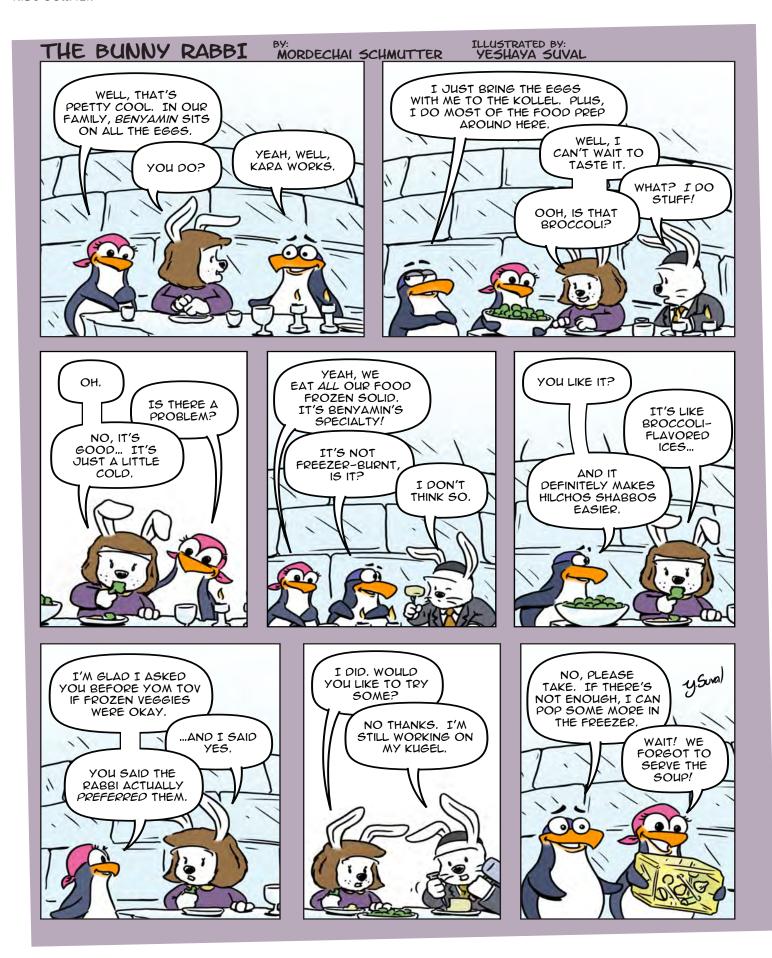


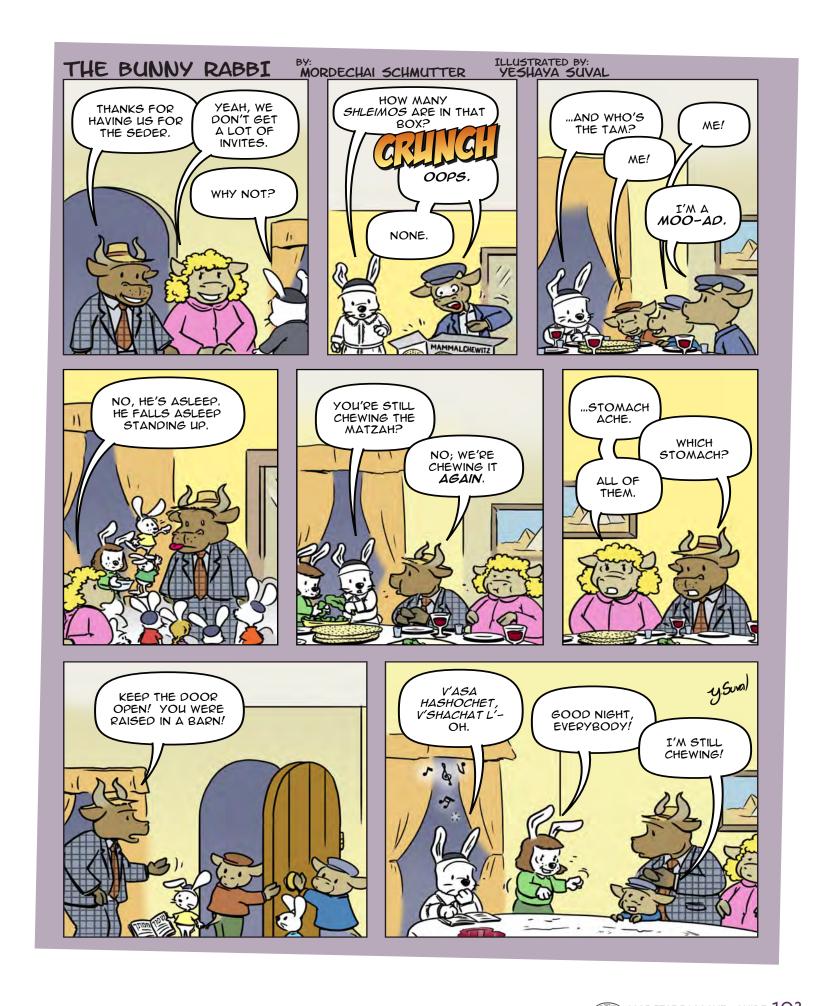












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circle

CESSON STATES OF THE PREPARATION OF THE PREPARATION

TO PLAY ALONE: Cover the right side of the page.
Grab a pen and come up with one word for each
of the blanks. Put the words into the story and
let the laughter begin!

TO PLAY WITH FRIENDS: Ask your friends for words and fill in the blanks of the story. Then read it aloud. Get ready for a fantastic, crazy, hysterical Wacky Words story!

		٨
i	adjective	Ь
	last name	
	Yom Tov	
	same last name	H
	verb ending in -ing	1
	plural noun	
	verb	
	noun	
	adjective	1
	color	
	room in the house	
	piece of furniture	
	appliance	
1	verb	
	verb	
	plural noun	
	room in the house	
	boy's name	
	verb ending in -ing	
	noun	1
	chametz food	1
	piece of furniture	-
	verb ending in -ing	-

verb ending in -ing

If you think Pesach Prep is	die c.tive	, then you'	ve never seen Pesach
last name house	e. Each year,	we start o	leaning for Pesach a
rew days after ends.	Each Same lo	stnome	ibling gets an official
Jos. One kid is in charge of	anding in in	the	. Another
kid will the Pesa roll of color face in our lor	ch	We m	ake sure to buy a(n)
adjective roll of color	_ foil, becaus	eweuseit	on almost every sur-
face in our!Or!Or!Or!Or!Or!	nce we wrap t	he	of furniture and the
room in the house with foil, we are car appliance The younger children in the far rate chametz signs to stick on	areful not to	verb	_ chametz on them.
The younger children in the fa	mily usually	get to	verb and deco-
- Size to Stick Oil	plus la	in th	e
boy's name alway	s gets the jo	b of	ending in -ing out the
noun with a toothpic	k. The baby	even help	s us find pieces of
chametz food by crawling under uuming,, and	r the piece of	- Furniture	! After lots of vac-
uuming,, and, and	erb ending in -	ing, the ho	use is spotless and
ready for Bedikas Chametz!	7	Ü	

PARTS OF SPEECH GUIDE

Noun: a person, place or thing Examples: dog, flower, girl, boy, mountain, rock

Plural noun: more than one noun (this usually means to add an "S" to a noun) Examples: pencils, spoons, girls, men, candles

Adjective: a describing word

Adverb: a word that describes a verb: it usually ends in "-ly."

It can also refer to where or when something happened.

Examples: quickly, forcefully, steadily, often, rarely

Interjection: expresses emotion or excitement

Verb: an action word; something you do Examples: run, swim, jump, think, laugh, cry

- a baby boy
- baby girl
- the arba kosos
- 3 spills
- Kriyas Yam Suf
- 2 people who fell asleep
- a redhead
- someone pretending to know how to read
- Eliyahu Hanavi
- · 2 frogs
- 10 candies
- the child who's singing Mah Nishtanah this year
- The afikoman, of course!
- What do the letters on the poster stand for?

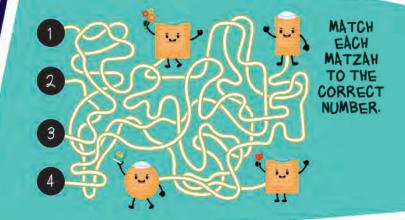


RIDDLE If someone buys: 17 pounds of matzah before Pesach and all but nine are used up, how many pounds of matzah are left?

> CAN YOU FIND THE PATH FROM THE WINE TO THE CUP?

CAN YOU FIND THE HIDDEN WORDS IN THE WORD SEARCH?

S	E	D	E	R	Α	P	M	В	G	٧	0	Н
Р	В	1	N	1	M	G	Α	М	N	Α	P	A
R	V	C	н	A	M	E	T	Z	1	Н	L	G
1	S	L	Α	٧	Ε	5	Z	N	Ε	Α	A	A
N	T	Q	Α	D	D	C	Α	В	T	F	G	D
G	Q	P	Ε	S	Α	С	Н	E	S	1	U	A
T	S	R	Α	F	E	G	L	G	N	K	E	Н
M	Α	R	0	R	F	D	Α	Υ	R	0	S	Н
٧	U	Α	Н	С	M	1	S	Р	E	М	D	1
F	N	1	5	S	Α	N	С	T	В	E	K	A
V	T	Α	٧	C	L	E	A	N	1	N	G	J



Crossword

Across

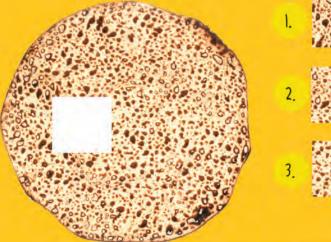
- 5 Reminds us of the bricks and mortar (8)
- 7 Round and hard (6)
- 8 Connected to Shabbos Hagadol (8)
- 10 Country of the Nile River (5)
- 11 We pour for someone else (4)
- 12 A vegetable we dip (6)

Down

- 1 Leafy vegetable (6)
- 2 Makkas Tzefardeia started here (4)
- 3 The answer to this is Avadim Hayinu (3, 8)
- 4 A mean ruler who was a midget (7)
- 6 10 punishments (7)
- 7 The main part of the Seder (6)
- 9 Rush to eat me (8)



Find the piece that is missing from the matzah.



Answers

what happened to the boy who jumped into the Red sea?

19W 10E 9H

COMPLETE THE SUDOKU USING THE FOUR PICTURES BELOW.



AFIKOMEN CHAMETZ CLEANING

EGYPT

MAROR

MATZAH

NISSAN

PESACH

SLAVES SPRING

PLAGUES SEDER

HAGADAH







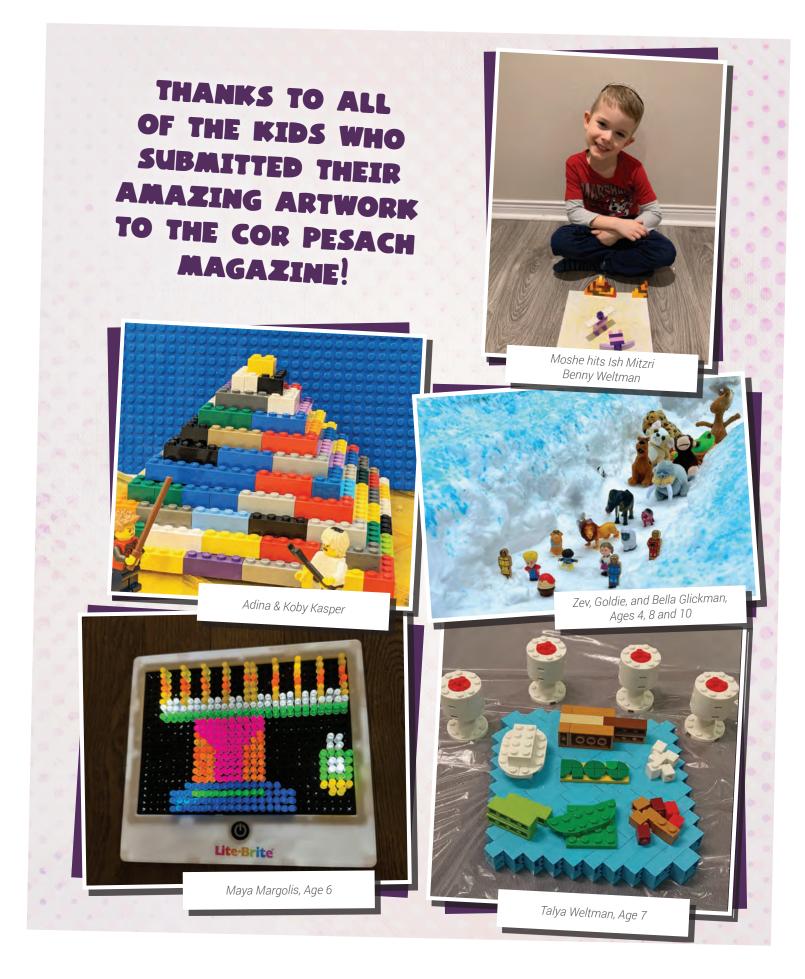
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PESACH IS ALL ABOUT MINHAGIM. NO TWO FAMILIES HAVE THE SAME MINHAGIM, AND YOU ALWAYS WANT TO MAKE SURE THAT YOUR KIDS CARRY ON WHICHEVER MINHAGIM YOU HAVE. MINHAGIM ARE SERIOUS BUSINESS. AND ARE NOT TO BE TREATED LIGHTLY.

But you also want to make sure your kids know which things you do because they're your *minhagim* and which things you do because that's just what you do. So if you don't want to talk to your kids on Pesach at least write it in your will.

In fact, here is a list of things that, as far as my kids know, are our Pesach minhagim. Unless I say something to my kids, my sons are going to get married and tell their wives this is what we do, and my daughters will specifically marry people who don't do some of these things.

"Do you have a minhag to eat way too many eggs?" they'll ask someone on a date.

We have a minhag to break something while Pesach cleaning Usually the oven, but sometimes just knick-knacks that can't stand up to once-a-year dusting.

After I clean my kids' rooms, I have a minhag to turn around to take one last look at the room, because when I come back, it won't look this neat.

I also have a *minhag* to hang little signs on each room that say, "Cleaned by Totty" that the kids have a minhag to ignore.

We have a minhag to buy one less fridge liner than we need.

I have a minhag, when I'm selling my chometz, to cooly slip the rabbi some money in a handshake, even though there's no one else in the room.

We have a minhag to get haircuts before Pesach. Really short. And when we get them, we have to say, "This is for Lag Ba'Omer."

We have a *minhag* to forget to cut paper towels until ten seconds before Yom Toy, and then cut an entire roll in a panic.

We have a minhag, handed down through the generations, to go to zoos on Chol Hamoed

I have a *minhag* to spill wine on my *kittel*.

We have a *minhag* to do a bad job breaking our matzah. One year I put my thumb through it.

Our official minhag is that for Mah Nishtanah the youngest kid goes first, except that the youngest kid has never in the history of our family actually gone first. The actual minhag is that the youngest child stands up on a chair, gets shy, shrugs his shoulders for ten minutes, and eventually agrees to do it after his siblings, but even then he doesn't always do it. And the older siblings have a *minhag* to speed through it as fast as they can, as if they're embarrassed that they have questions. On Pesach

My kids have a *minhag* to try to figure out which of the kids are which of the four sons.

We have a *minhag*, when a lot of family comes over, that between every paragraph of *Maggid*, someone goes to the bathroom (or checks on a baby or puts someone to bed or does something in the kitchen or pretends to go to the bathroom but actually looks for the *afikoman* so he can hide it somewhere else) and we all sit around and wait. And then someone says a D'var Torah.

Whoever makes haggados has a minhag to use ten whole pages for the *Makkos* even though they take us ten seconds to get through.

We have a minhag to measure our matzah up against that shiurim picture, and then break it so the shards fit into the corners of the picture. My brother-in-law is Sefardi, so his minhag is to measure it by weight. So he brings his own Pesachdikke scale. (Alternatively, you can use a bathroom scale. First you step onto the scale holding the matzah, then you step onto the scale NOT holding the matzah, all while taking great pains not to bring the matzah into the bathroom.)

We have a *minhag* to taste the matzah the first night of Pesach and say that this matzah isn't as good as last year's. This tradition dates back thousands of years. Apparently, matzah has been steadily getting worse. No matzah in history has ever been as good as the previous year, going all the way back to Mitzrayim, which had the best matzah ever. Maybe the secret is baking it on your back.

We all have a *minhag* to make faces while eating *marror*. I'm picturing my sons telling their wives to do this. "No, you have to make faces." And then everyone laughs.

My wife has a minhag to make way too much charoses. And then to remind me that the *minhag* is to dip the *marror* and then shake it off. How do you shake *charoses* off shreds of *marror* on a spoon without blinding everyone around you?

We have a minhag, at the beginning of Shulchan Aruch, to eat the egg with salt water and then grab the whole rest of the potato off the Seder plate and fight over it. One person has a minhag to then lose that potato in the salt water and use his bare hands

Possibly related, we have a minhag to throw out the salt water and make some fresh for the second night.

We have a minhag to start Shulchan Aruch by saying, "I'm not hungry. I hope there's not a lot of food."

We have a *minhag* to do whatever we can not to have leftovers on Chol Hamoed. Because leftovers can ruin a Chol Hamoed. By the end of Yom Tov, we're begging our guests to take our leftovers, but they're already out the door. They're sneaking upstairs right after *Maariv* so they can pack. "Yeah, we'll say Havdalah at home."

My kids had a *minhag* at some point to hide the *afikoman* on the highest shelf they could possibly reach, which was directly in my line of vision.

We have a minhag, the rest of Yom Tov, to bentch out of coffeethemed haggados from the supermarket.

Our kids have a *minhag* to insist that *Eliyahu Hanavi* drank from his cup. Then we pour it back so we can reuse it the next day.

We have a *minhag* to remind everyone to count *Sefirah* right before Echad Mi Yodea. (Do you know why people do it right before Echad Mi Yodea? Because we're scared to do Echad Mi Yodea first. Someone is going to say, "Who knows one? I know one! One is today's... Oops.")

We have a *minhag* for someone to announce, on the first night of Sefirah, that they didn't count the Omer the previous night. On some years, someone says, "Last night was zero!" and then someone else says, "No, last night was 354!" And then someone says, "Oh no! I haven't counted since Shavuos!"

We have a minhag to make animal noises for Chad Gadya. Until we get to the stick.

We have a minhag to look at the clock as we finish the Seder, like when we finish has any kind of significance. Like everyone's leaving Mitzrayim, and we don't want to miss it. Or like we're waiting for the year that we go, "Hey, it's z'man kriyas Shema! We made it!" ■





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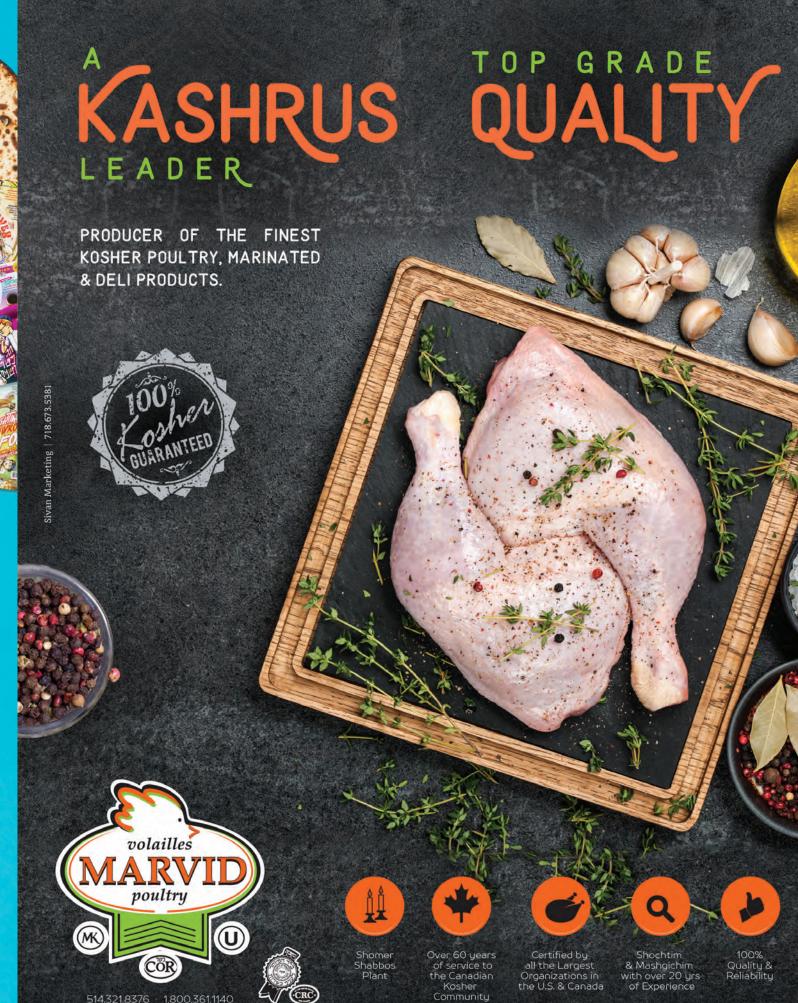


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Rabbi Dovid Laufer on an inspection visit of AGT Foods in North Dakota



Rabbi Dovid Rosen with Michael Litwack at First Spice upon his retirement



Senior mashgiach Rabbi Matis Stebben, executive chef of the Beanfield Centre Israel Moreto and mashgiach Tom Moos



Richard Rabkin at the Israeli Ministry of Agriculture during a Shechita Conference in Israel



Owners of Heartee Foods visiting the COR office



Rabbi Tsvi Heber Seperating Terumah in the COR Office



COR's Rabbi Norman together with Rabbi Gislason and his Tzafona team at a kosher ice wine production



The Jewish Security Network meeting with the COR's Board of Rabbis



Chaim Ribiat and Yehuda Clinton at the COR IT Office in Israel



Richard Rabkin on a visit to Pepsi QTG Headquarters



Rabbi Usher Anshel Eckstein of Belz Checking a Knife at Premier



Rabbi Dovid Rosen at career day at Ohr Haemet